## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1185

## **Introduced by Assembly Member McCarty**

February 21, 2019

An act to add Section 25303.7 to the Government Code, relating to counties.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1185, as introduced, McCarty. Officer oversight: sheriff oversight board.

Existing law establishes the office of the sheriff in each county to preserve peace, and authorizes the sheriff to sponsor, supervise, or participate in any project of crime prevention, rehabilitation of persons previously convicted of crime, or the suppression of delinquency. Existing law requires a board of supervisors to supervise the official conduct of all county officers and ensure that they faithfully perform their duties.

This bill would authorize a county to establish a sheriff oversight board, either by action of the board of supervisors or through a vote of county residents. The bill would authorize a sheriff oversight board to issue a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum when deemed necessary to investigate a matter within the jurisdiction of the board. The bill would authorize a county to establish an office of the inspector general to assist the board with its supervisorial duties, as provided.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (a) County sheriffs lead agencies of law enforcement officers that are vested with extraordinary authority, and the powers to 4 detain, search, arrest, and use deadly force. These officers are also 5 responsible for the safety and welfare of the more than 75,000 6 7 incarcerated individuals in California's jail system. Misuse of these 8 authorities can lead to grave constitutional violations, harms to 9 liberty and the inherent sanctity of human life, and significant 10 public unrest.

(b) While sheriffs are independently elected officials, boards
of supervisors have the authority to supervise these officials and
investigate the performance of their duties and have an obligation
to ensure sheriffs and their departments uphold and respect people's
constitutional rights.

(c) Meaningful independent oversight and monitoring of
sheriffs' departments increases government accountability and
transparency, enhances public safety, and builds community trust
in law enforcement. Such oversight must have the authority and
independence necessary to conduct credible and thorough
investigations.

(d) It is the intent of the Legislature in adding this section to the
Government Code to ensure that every county in the state may
adopt effective independent oversight of the sheriff of that county,
and this section is not intended to limit the powers of any
independent oversight entity.

27 SEC. 2. Section 25303.7 is added to the Government Code, to 28 read:

25303.7. (a) (1) A county may create a sheriff oversight
board, either by action of the board of supervisors or through a
vote of county residents, comprised of civilians to assist in the

32 board's supervisorial duties over the sheriff.

(2) The members of the sheriff oversight board shall be
appointed by the board of supervisors. The board of supervisors
shall designate one member to serve as the chairperson of the
board.

(b) (1) The chair of the sheriff oversight board shall issue asubpoena or subpoena duces tecum in accordance with Sections

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1 1985 to 1985.4, inclusive, of the Code of Civil Procedure whenever

the board deems it necessary or important to examine the following:
(A) Any person as a witness upon any subject matter within the

4 jurisdiction of the board.

5 (B) Any officer of the county in relation to the discharge of their 6 official duties on behalf of the sheriff's department.

7 (C) Any books, papers, or documents in the possession of or 8 under the control of a person or officer relating to the affairs of 9 the sheriff's department.

(2) A subpoena shall be served in accordance with Sections 1987and 1988 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(3) (A) If a witness fails to attend, or in the case of a subpoena
duces tecum, if an item is not produced as set forth therein, the
chair or the chair authorized deputy issuing the subpoena upon
proof of service thereof may certify the facts to the superior court
in the county of the board.

(B) The court shall thereupon issue an order directing the person
to appear before the court and show cause why they should not be
ordered to comply with the subpoena. The order and a copy of the
certified statement shall be served on the person and the court shall
have jurisdiction of the matter.

(C) The same proceedings shall be had, the same penalties
imposed, and the person charged may purge themself of the
contempt in the same way as in a case of a person who has
committed a contempt in the trial of a civil action before a superior
court.

(c) (1) A county, through action of the board of supervisors or
vote by county residents, may establish an office of the inspector
general, appointed by the board of supervisors, to assist the board
of supervisors with its supervisorial duties over the sheriff.

(2) The inspector general shall have the independent authority
to issue a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum subject to the
procedure provided in subdivision (b).

(d) The exercise of powers under this section or other
investigative functions performed by a board of supervisors, sheriff
oversight board, or inspector general vested with oversight
responsibility for the sheriff shall not be considered to obstruct the
investigative functions of the sheriff.

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