Sonoma County Tourism Bureau

Financial Statements

For the Year ended
June 30, 2018 and
Six Month Period ended
June 30, 2017



Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	3
Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2018	4
Statement of Activities for the six month period ended June 30, 2017	5
Statement of Functional Expenses for the year ended June 30, 2018	6
Statement of Functional Expenses for six month period ended June 30, 2017	7
Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9
Supplementary Information	
Statements of Activities by Source	17
Notes to Supplementary Information	19



3562 Round Barn Circle, Suite 300 Santa Rosa, CA 95403 (707) 542-3343 • Office (707) 527-5608 • Fax pbllp.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Sonoma County Tourism Bureau Santa Rosa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Sonoma County Tourism Bureau ("the Organization"), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2018, the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This responsibility includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Sonoma County Tourism Bureau as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

The financial statements of the Organization, as of and for the six month period ended June 30, 2017, were audited by other auditors, whose report, dated February 28, 2018, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements. The supplementary information as of and for the six month period then ended June 30, 2017, was audited by other auditors, whose report, dated February 28, 2018, expressed an unmodified opinion on such information in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information for the year ended June 30, 2018 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information for the year ended June 30, 2018, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information for the year ended June 30, 2018 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Santa Rosa, California

Perente a Brinku LLP

February 20, 2019

Sonoma County Tourism Bureau

Statements of Financial Position

June 30,		2018		2017
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,537,959	\$	1,179,919
Investments		3,618,318		3,691,166
Accounts receivable		54,907		29,830
Inventory		29,031		27,267
Prepaid expenses and other assets		81,254		207,926
Total current assets		5,321,469		5,136,108
Non-current assets				
Investments		428,177		428,177
Property, equipment and improvements, net		150,413		238,801
Deposits		26,122		26,122
Deposits		20,122		20,122
Total non-current assets		604,712		693,100
Total assets	\$	5,926,181	\$	5,829,208
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	204,182
Due to other organizations	4	250,000	4	
Accrued expenses		368,159		309,742
Total liabilities		618,159		513,924
Net assets				
Unrestricted		677.407		1 100 000
Undesignated		677,407		1,188,009
Board designated		4,630,615		4,127,275
Total net unrestricted net assets		5,308,022		5,315,284
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	5,926,181	\$	5,829,208

Statement of Activities

For the	Year	Ended	June	30.	2018
---------	------	-------	------	-----	------

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Support and other revenue				
Contract revenue				
BIA contract	\$ 5,300,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,300,032
TOT contract	3,117,576	-	-	3,117,576
Rental income and reimbursements	174,879	_	_	174,879
Investment income	44,975	-	-	44,975
CTA fees	34,520	-	-	34,520
	,			<u>, </u>
Total support and other revenue	8,671,982	-	-	8,671,982
Expenses Program services Management and general	7,055,493 1,612,356	- -	- -	7,055,493 1,612,356
Total expenses	8,667,849	-	-	8,667,849
Other operating expense Loss on sale of equipment	11,395	-	-	11,395
Changes in net assets	(7,262)	-	-	(7,262)
Net assets at beginning of year	5,315,284			5,315,284
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,308,022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,308,022

Statement of Activities

For the Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2017

		Tompowawily	Dowmonontly	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Support and other revenue				
Contract revenue	Ф. 2.044.627	Ф	Ф	Ф 2.044.627
BIA contract	\$ 2,044,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,044,637
TOT contract	1,617,850	-	-	1,617,850
Rental income and reimbursements	89,473	-	-	89,473
Investment income	23,042	-	-	23,042
CTA fees	21,104	-	-	21,104
Total support and revenue	3,796,106	-	-	3,796,106
_				
Expenses				
Program services	2,885,002	-	-	2,885,002
Management and general	828,209	-	-	828,209
Total expenses	3,713,211	_	-	3,713,211
	, ,			, , ,
Changes in net assets	82,895	-	-	82,895
Net assets at beginning of period	5,232,389	-	-	5,232,389
Net assets at end of period	\$ 5,315,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,315,284

Statement of Functional Expenses

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Management							
		Program		Program and		·		
		Services		General		Total		
Personnel								
Salaries and wages	\$	1,555,206	\$	468,478	\$	2,023,684		
Employee benefits		259,273		63,333		322,606		
Payroll taxes		128,903		43,559		172,462		
Recruiting		-		110,521		110,521		
Personnel subtotal		1,943,382		685,891		2,629,273		
Operating								
Advertising		1,161,253		-		1,161,253		
Administrative expenses		109,472		919,489		1,028,961		
Marketing materials and distribution		976,710		-		976,710		
Sales and marketing promotions		836,188		1,904		838,092		
Tradeshows and sales mission		641,466		-		641,466		
Destination development		604,172		1,205		605,377		
Research and development		446,289		3,867		450,156		
Public relations		274,318		-		274,318		
Sales and marketing tools		62,243		-		62,243		
Operating subtotal		5,112,111		926,465		6,038,576		
Total expenses	\$	7,055,493	\$	1,612,356	\$	8,667,849		

For the Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2017

	Management					
		Program		and		
		Services		General		Total
Personnel						
Salaries and wages	\$	888,621	\$	235,747	\$	1,124,368
Employee benefits		140,835		26,252		167,087
Payroll taxes		70,424		26,042		96,466
Recruiting		<u>-</u>		5,390		5,390
Personnel subtotal		1,099,880		293,431		1,393,311
Operating						
Administrative expenses		182,487		534,778		717,265
Marketing materials and distribution		431,832		-		431,832
Tradeshows and sales mission		305,294		-		305,294
Advertising		300,420		-		300,420
Sales and marketing promotions		210,508		-		210,508
Destination development		248,841		-		248,841
Sales and marketing tools		49,290		-		49,290
Research and development		34,245		-		34,245
Public relations		22,205		-		22,205
Operating subtotal		1,785,122		534,778		2,319,900
Total expenses	\$	2,885,002	\$	828,209	\$	3,713,211

Sonoma County Tourism Bureau

Statements of Cash Flows

		Year Ended une 30, 2018	Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2017
I	ncrease (de	crease) in cash an	d cash equivalents
Cash flows from operating activities	`	,	•
Change in net assets	\$	(7,262) \$	82,895
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		77,073	50,526
Unrealized loss on investments		4,855	132
Loss on disposal of equipment		11,395	-
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:			
Accounts receivable		(25,077)	1,160,024
Inventory		(1,764)	(22,173)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		126,672	(58,813)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Accounts payable		(204,182)	(141,837)
Due to other organizations		250,000	-
Accrued expenses		58,417	(24,850)
Net cash provided by operating activities		290,127	1,045,904
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments		(1,872,007)	(155,000)
Maturity of investments		1,940,000	-
Purchase of property, equipment and improvements		(35,259)	(8,658)
Proceeds from sale of property, equipment and improvement	ents	35,179	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		67,913	(163,658)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		358,040	882,246
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,179,919	297,673
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	1,537,959	1,179,919

Note A. Nature of the Organization

The Sonoma County Tourism Bureau ("the Organization") was formed in 2005. The Organization is a California not-for-profit mutual benefit corporation established for the purpose of promoting Sonoma County as a premier overnight destination with unique and diverse experiences.

The Organization has contracts with the County and receives funding from the Sonoma County Tourism Business Improvement Area ("BIA") and the County of Sonoma Transient Occupancy Tax ("TOT"). The Organization facilitates the services, activities, and programs funded by BIA revenue, which covers all unincorporated areas of Sonoma County, as well as the cities of Cloverdale, Cotati, Petaluma, Rohnert Park, Santa Rosa, Sebastopol, and Windsor. The Organization's revenue received from TOT must be spent to promote tourism throughout Sonoma County.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. These also may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Directors.

Temporarily Restricted – Net Assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met by actions of the Organization to meet the stipulations or that become unrestricted at the date specified by the donor.

Permanently Restricted – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that are maintained permanently by the Organization. The income from these assets is available for either general operations or specific programs as specified by the donor.

Net assets released from restriction – Temporarily restricted net assets are released to unrestricted net assets when the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, except when a restriction is imposed which limits the investment's use to long-term. Cash is held in demand accounts at banks, and cash balances may exceed the federally insured amounts during the year.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounts Receivable

Receivables are monies due from various sources for services performed prior to the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, management determined that no allowance was necessary.

Investments

The Organization invests in various negotiable and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. These certificates of deposit are classified as either current or noncurrent on the statement of financial position based on the contractual maturity date, with those in excess of 12 months classified as noncurrent. Certificates of deposit held at June 30, 2018 have various maturities through 2019.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability ("exit price") in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. GAAP requires the Organization to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to determine the exit price. The Organization categorizes its financial instruments, based on the priority of inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1	Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.
Level 2	Inputs are based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
Level 3	Inputs are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair values are therefore determined using model-based techniques that include option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The Organization has invested in certificates of deposit which are a level 1 investment with a fair value of \$4,046,495 and \$4,119,343 as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Property, Equipment and Improvements

Property, equipment and improvements are stated at cost or estimated fair market value at date of donation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the useful life of the asset, usually ranging from three to ten years. It is the Organization's policy to capitalize property and equipment over \$1,000.

Asset Impairment

The Organization routinely evaluates the carrying value of its long-lived assets for impairment. The evaluations address the estimated recoverability of the assets' carrying value, which is principally determined based on projected undiscounted net cash flows generated by the underlying tangible assets. When the carrying value of an asset exceeds estimated recoverability, an asset impairment loss is recognized. No asset impairment charges were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2018 or the six month period ended June 30, 2017.

Support and Other Revenue

Contract revenue represents funds received from the County of Sonoma to support the Organization's program. Revenues are recorded when earned based on the terms of the contracts.

Rental income and reimbursements represents monies received from sub-lease rental agreements. Rental income is recorded as it is earned and reimbursements are recorded when utilities and common area maintenance expenses have been incurred.

Contributions received and unconditional promises to give are measured at their fair values and are reported as an increase in net assets. The Organization reports gifts and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets as net assets released from restriction.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Due to Other Organizations

This represents contributions to be made to other nonprofit organizations that were approved by the Organization prior to year-end but not paid.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed when incurred. Advertising expenses amounted to \$1,161,253 and \$300,420 for the year ended June 30, 2018 and six month period ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Organization is a not-for-profit organization and is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) and California Franchise Tax Board Code Section 23701(d). However, the Organization is subject to income taxes on any net income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on, and not in furtherance of the purposes for which it was granted exemption, commonly referred to as unrelated business income. The Organization may be subject to taxes on this unrelated business income.

The Organization determines whether its tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority based on the technical merits of the positions. As of June 30, 2018, the Organization has reviewed its tax positions and has concluded no reserve for uncertain tax positions is required. The Organization's exempt organization information returns are subject to review through three years after the date of filing for federal and four years after the date of filing for state.

Functional Expense Allocation

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior periods presented have been reclassified to conform to the current period financial statement presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on previously reported changes in net assets.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions based on management's knowledge and experience. Those estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenue, support, and expenses. The use of management's estimates primarily relates to the collectability of accounts receivable, and depreciable lives of property, equipment, and improvements, and indirect functional expense allocations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities, which makes targeted changes to the not-for-profit financial reporting model. Under the new ASU, the existing three-category classification of net assets (i.e. unrestricted, temporarily restricted, and permanently restricted) will be replaced with a model that combines temporarily restricted and permanently restricted into a single category called "net assets with donor restrictions." Differences in the nature of donor restrictions will be disclosed in the notes, with an emphasis on how and when the resources can be used. The guidance for classifying deficiencies in endowment funds ("underwater endowments") and on accounting for the lapsing of restrictions on gifts to acquire property, plant, and equipment have also been clarified. New disclosures will highlight restrictions on the use of resources that make otherwise liquid assets unavailable for meeting near-term financial requirements. Entities will be required to disclose (on the face of the statement or in notes) the extent to which the balance sheet comprises financial assets, the extent to which those assets can be converted to cash within one year, and any limitations that would preclude their current use. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, with early application permitted. This ASU should be applied on a retrospective basis in the year that the ASU is first applied. The Organization is evaluating the impact of this standard on the financial statements.

Note C. Investments

The following schedule summarizes investment income in the statements of activities for the year and six month period ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	2018	2017	
Interest Unrealized loss	\$ 49,830 (4,855)	\$ 23,174 (132)	
	\$ 44,975	\$ 23,042	

Note D. Property, Equipment and Improvements

Property, equipment and improvements consist of the following as of June 30:

	2018			2017	
Furniture and fixtures	\$	163,450	\$	164,168	
IT hardware		166,518		164,650	
Office equipment		56,456		64,226	
Leasehold improvements		45,387		45,387	
Software		17,216		17,216	
Vehicles		_		58,466	
		449,027		514,113	
Accumulated depreciation		(298,614)		(275,312)	
	\$	150,413	\$	238,801	

Depreciation expense for the year and six month period ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$77,073 and \$50,526, respectively.

Note E. Accumulated Vacation

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the Organization. The value of accumulated vacation at June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$108,791 and \$136,678, respectively, and is reported within accrued expenses on the statements of financial position.

Note F. Net Asset Classification

Unrestricted Net Assets

All general operating revenues and expenses related to the program activities of the Organization are included in the change in unrestricted net assets. From time to time unrestricted net assets are designated by the Organization's board of directors as board designated net assets. The board designated funds consist of funds with no legal restrictions, but through board resolutions have been set aside for specific purposes. A vote of the board is required to make use of designated net assets.

Note F. Net Asset Classification (continued)

Board designated net assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	2018	2017
Strategic	\$ 2,189,823	\$ 2,189,823
Catastrophic	1,463,344	1,537,452
Brand launch	460,000	-
Airline attraction	300,000	300,000
IT, furniture and equipment	108,646	100,000
Targeted promotions	83,802	-
Research	25,000	
	\$ 4,630,615	\$ 4,127,275

The Organization had no temporarily or permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2018 or 2017.

Note G. Operating Leases

The Organization entered into a lease agreement for a new office space beginning in April 2016 and ending March 2021, with a five year option to extend. Base rent for the space totaled \$34,407. The lease was amended effective July 31, 2018 to reduce the base rent payment to \$27,783 as one of the Organization's sub lessors cancelled and the landlord allowed for the terms to be renegotiated. Under the agreement, the Organization is responsible for utilities expense and disposal costs of any leasehold improvements.

Future minimum rental payments are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2019	\$340,020
2020	333,396
2021	250,047
	\$923,463

The Organization had two sub-lease agreements with similar not-for-profit organizations which also expired in March 2021. One of the two sublease agreements was cancelled effective July 31, 2018. The Organization requests reimbursements from the Organizations for utilities and other common area maintenance expenses.

Note G. Operating Leases (continued)

Future minimum rental income payments are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2019	\$ 79,476
2020	79,476
2021	59,607

\$218,559

Note H. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The Organization provides a 401(k) defined contribution plan for all employees meeting certain age and service requirements. The Organization contributes a safe harbor match of 100% of the first 3% of compensation and 50% of compensation between 3% and 5%. Additional amounts may be contributed at the option of the Organization. The Organization's contributions to the plan for the year and six month period ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$89,874 and \$35,391, respectively.

Note I. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Organization maintains cash balances in several financial institutions. Funds are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per financial institution. From time to time throughout the year, the Organization had cash balances in excess of these limits.

Note J. Concentration of Income

The Organization is funded by an ordinance dated November 2, 2004, which created the Business Improvement Area (BIA) of Sonoma County. These revenues are a self-assessment of lodging properties within the BIA area. If the ordinance were discontinued the Organization would be significantly impacted.

The Organization also received funds from Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), which is assessed and collected by the County of Sonoma. Each year, the County Board of Supervisors decides how much of the total TOT to allocate to the Organization, to be specifically used to promote tourism within Sonoma County. Should the tax levy cease to exist, the Organization would be significantly impacted.

Note K. Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through February 20, 2019 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



	For the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2018
--	---------	------	-------	------	-----	------

	Transient	Business Improvement Area and Other	T 4 1
	Occupancy Tax	Sources	Total
Unrestricted revenue and support			
Contracts			
BIA contract	\$ -	\$ 5,300,032	\$ 5,300,032
TOT contract	3,117,576	-	3,117,576
Investment income	-	44,975	44,975
Rental income and reimbursements	-	174,879	174,879
CTA Fees	-	34,520	34,520
Total revenue and support	3,117,576	5,554,406	8,671,982
Expenses			
Advertising	-	1,161,253	1,161,253
Marketing Material and Dristribution	683,386	293,325	976,711
Tradeshows and Sales Missions	-	641,467	641,467
Sales and Marketing Promotions	191,473	646,618	838,091
Destination Development	605,257	120	605,377
Research and Develmpment	450,155	-	450,155
Public Relations	-	274,318	274,318
Sales and Marketing Tools	-	62,243	62,243
Labor	779,812	1,849,461	2,629,273
Administrative Expenses	1,028,546	415	1,028,961
			0.55=0.40
Total expenses	3,738,629	4,929,220	8,667,849
Changes in net assets prior to			
nonoperating income	(621,053)	625,186	4,133

For the Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2017

	Transient Occupancy Tax		Business Improvement Area and Other Sources			Total
		·				
Unrestricted revenue and support						
Contracts	_		_		_	
BIA contract	\$	-	\$	2,044,637	\$	2,044,637
TOT contract		1,617,850		-		1,617,850
Investment income		-		23,042		23,042
Rental income and reimbursements		-		89,473		89,473
CTA Fees		-		21,104		21,104
Total revenue and support		1,617,850		2,178,256		3,796,106
Expenses						
Advertising		283,383		17,037		300,420
Marketing Material and Dristribution		392,729		39,103		431,832
Tradeshows and Sales Missions		146,130		159,164		305,294
Sales and Marketing Promotions		111,218		99,290		210,508
Destination Development		134,860		113,981		248,841
Research and Development		31,895		2,350		34,245
Public Relations		20,171		2,034		22,205
Sales and Marketing Tools		9,261		40,029		49,290
Labor		385,145		1,008,166		1,393,311
Administrative Expenses		102,104		615,161		717,265
				,		,
Total expenses		1,616,896		2,096,315		3,713,211
Changes in net assets prior to						
nonoperating income	\$	954	\$	81,941	\$	82,895

Note A. Basis of Presentation

The schedules included in Supplementary Information have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Note B. Expenses Reported Under Transient Occupancy Tax

Sonoma County Tourism Bureau receives Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) revenues from the County of Sonoma. Such contract revenues are used to promote the County of Sonoma. Expenses reported under TOT activities on the Statements of Activities by Source reflect only direct expenses incurred. The excess of these direct expenses over the TOT revenue are funded by other revenue sources received by the Organization. All indirect expenses have been absorbed by the activities funded by Business Improvement Area contract revenue and other support.