LEASE

This Lease ("Lease") is made this day of	, 2023 ("Effective Date"), by
and between GATEHOUSE MRES SANTA ROSA LLC, a Delawar	e Limited Liability Corporation
(hereinafter called "Landlord"), and the COUNTY OF SONOMA,	a political subdivision of the State
of California (hereinafter called "Tenant"). Landlord and Tena	nt are sometimes collectively
referred to herein as the "parties" and singularly, as "party."	

ARTICLE 1

REAL PROPERTY, BUILDING, AND PREMISES

- 1.2 Appurtenant Rights. Tenant shall have the right to the non-exclusive use, in common with others, throughout the term of this Lease, of all common stairways, elevators, sidewalks, plazas and walkways, easements and service alleys surrounding the Building, delivery and loading areas and facilities of the Building, elevator lobbies, telephone equipment rooms and all other common facilities in or about the Building, and the appurtenances thereto, as the same may exist from time to time. Such use shall be for Tenant and its customers, agents, employees, assignees, subtenants, licensees and invitees, and shall be in common with the use of same by Landlord, its tenants, customers, agents, employees, licensees and invitees. Landlord covenants that all light and air now enjoyed by the Premises shall not be interrupted or disturbed by any act of Landlord during the term of this Lease.
- 1.3 <u>Preparation of Premises; Acceptance</u>. The rights and obligations of the parties regarding the construction and renovation of the Premises before the commencement of the Lease Term are stated in the Leasehold Improvement Agreement ("LIA") attached to this Lease as **Exhibit C**. If this Lease conflicts with the LIA, the LIA shall prevail. Landlord hereby represents

and warrants to Tenant that Landlord shall complete the Premises in accordance with the terms and conditions of the LIA, even in the event that Landlord fails to obtain financing for some or all of the improvements. The General Contractor (as defined in the LIA) shall comply with the applicable provisions of California Labor Code Sections 1720.2 and 1770 et seq., regarding prevailing wages. Landlord shall cause all work under the LIA to be performed in accordance with Tenant's sustainability practices, including any third-party rating system concerning the environmental compliance of the Building or the Premises, as the same may change from time to time. Landlord further agrees to engage a qualified third-party CalGreen or similarly qualified professional during the design phase through implementation of all work set forth in the LIA to review all plans, material procurement, demolition, construction and waste management procedures to ensure the leasehold improvement project is in full conformance with Tenant's sustainability practices, and to obtain and maintain compliance with CalGreen on or promptly after the date of Substantial Completion (as defined below).

1.3.1 <u>Tenant Improvements</u> Landlord shall construct all agreed upon tenant improvements listed in **Exhibit C** at Landlord's sole expense prior to commencement of this Lease and Tenant occupancy and shall deliver the Premises to the Tenant in a condition for Tenant's fixturing and equipment.

1.4 Rentable Area and Usable Area.

- 1.4.1 <u>Standard of Calculation</u>. For purposes of this Lease, "Rentable Area," "Rentable Square Feet," "Rentable Square Footage," "Usable Area," "Usable Square Feet," and "Usable Square Footage" shall be calculated under the American National Standard Method for Measuring Floor Area in Office Buildings, ANSI Z65.1-2010 or successor standard(s), adopted by the Building Owners and Managers Association International ("BOMA").
- 1.4.2 <u>Verification of Rentable Area and Usable Area</u>. Within thirty (30) days after execution of this Lease Landlord's architect shall calculate and certify in writing to Landlord and Tenant the Rentable Area and Usable Area of the Premises and the Rentable Area of the Building. If Tenant disagrees with the determination of the Rentable Area or Usable Area of the Premises or the Rentable Area of the Building as calculated by Landlord's architect, Tenant shall provide Landlord with written notice of Tenant's disagreement ("Tenant's Notice of Disapproval") within thirty (30) days after the date on which Tenant receives the calculation by Landlord's architect. The parties shall diligently attempt in good faith to resolve the disagreement over the Rentable Area or Usable Area of the Premises or the Rentable Area of the Building within thirty (30) days after the date on which Landlord receives Tenant's Notice of Disapproval. If the parties are unable to resolve the disagreement within that period of time, the dispute shall be resolved by arbitration under <u>Article 23</u>, except that the arbitrator must be a licensed architect with a minimum of five (5) years' experience in designing office buildings similar to the Building, and the arbitrator must render a final decision within forty-five (45) days after the date on which the arbitrator is selected.

Landlord shall provide written certification of the Rentable and Usable Area of the Premises and the Rentable Area of the Building at Landlord's sole cost and expense.

- 1.4.3 Adjustment of Rent. On the final determination of the Rentable Area of the Premises and the Building, if the Rentable Area of either is different from that stated in Section 1.1, Rent that is based on the Rentable Area shall be recalculated in accordance with that final determination. On the recalculation of Rent as provided in this Subsection 1.4.3, the parties shall execute an amendment to this Lease, stating the recalculated Rentable Area and the recalculated Rent. Execution of that amendment shall not be a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the recalculated Rent. If there is a dispute over the Rentable Area of the Premises or the Building that has not been settled as provided in Subsection 1.4.2 by the date on which Tenant is required to begin paying Rent under this Lease, Tenant shall pay to Landlord the Rent stated in Section 4 until final determination of the Rentable Area of the Premises. If the Rent after final determination of the Rentable Area of the Premises is more than the Rent specified in Section 4, the deficiency must be paid by Tenant to Landlord, without interest, within thirty (30) days after that final determination. If the Rent after final determination of the Rentable Area of the Premises is less than the Rent in Section 4, Landlord shall credit the overpayment made by Tenant to the next Rent due, without interest.
- 1.5 <u>First Right of Refusal</u>. Subject to any of Landlord's other leases at the Building whose terms as of the Effective Date of this Lease prohibit Landlord from offering certain spaces to Tenant pursuant to this Section 1.5, if, at any time during the Lease Term, Landlord wishes to lease space in the Building other than the Premises (the "Prospective Space"), Landlord shall first notify Tenant (via a written letter in compliance with the notice provisions of this Lease), of its intention to lease the Prospective Space, and for a period of fourteen (14) days after Tenant's receipt of said notice, Landlord shall, at the request of Tenant, negotiate in good faith with regard to Tenant's lease of the Prospective Space. Other than the foregoing requirement, Landlord shall have no further requirements and Tenant shall have no further rights with regard to the Prospective Space, and Landlord shall have no obligation to lease any Prospective Space to Tenant pursuant to the terms or under comparable terms to this Lease.

ARTICLE 2

TERM

2.1 <u>Term</u>. The term of this Lease ("Lease Term") shall commence on the Commencement Date provided for in <u>Section 2.2</u> below and shall end five years later ("Lease Expiration Date"), subject to any option, renewal or extension rights of Tenant as provided for in this Lease.

- 2.2 <u>Commencement Date</u>. The Lease Term shall commence on the later of the following dates (the "Commencement Date"): (a) September 1, 2023, or (b) the day that is the first Monday following the elapse of thirty (30) days from actual receipt by Tenant of written notice from Landlord that the work to be done in the Premises by Landlord pursuant to the provisions of **Exhibit C** is substantially completed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Tenant receives actual written notice from Landlord more than thirty (30) days prior to the date stated in subclause (a) of the preceding sentence that the work to be done in the Premises by Landlord is substantially completed and if Tenant commences operation of its business in the Premises prior to the date stated in said subclause (a), then this Lease shall commence on the date that Tenant commences operation of its business in the Premises. Upon the determination of the Commencement Date, Landlord and Tenant shall execute a written acknowledgment of the Commencement Date and shall attach it to this Lease as **Exhibit F**.
- Substantial Completion of Landlord's Work. Landlord shall perform 2.3 certain work at the Premises as set forth in **Exhibit C**. Landlord shall diligently pursue completion of any minor details or adjustments that have not been performed at the time Landlord gives notice of Substantial Completion to Tenant. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, if, after receiving the aforesaid notice from Landlord that the Landlord's work is substantially completed, Tenant shall be delayed in installing and completing or having installed and completed any finishing work necessary for the operation of Tenant's business in the Premises (including, without limitation, files, reproduction and other office equipment, and telephone communications facilities) or in completing the move or installation of substantially all of its furniture and other equipment into the Premises so as to be able to commence its business there, by reason of fire, casualty, acts of God, strikes, lockouts, or other labor troubles, inability to secure materials, governmental laws or regulations, or other causes of whatever kind beyond the reasonable control of Tenant, then the Commencement Date shall be deferred for a period of time equivalent to the period of such delay. Evidence of when the Landlord's work has been substantially performed shall be a certificate to that effect signed by Landlord's architect and Tenant's architect. Substantial Completion of Landlord's Work or "substantially completed" is defined in Section 5.1 of Exhibit **C**.) Landlord agrees to use its best efforts to provide Tenant with at least thirty (30) days' advance notice of the date on which the Premises are expected to be substantially completed. Tenant shall have the right of early access to the Premises for a fixturing period of fifteen (15) business days prior to the Commencement Date for installation of Tenant's furniture, fixtures and equipment. Tenant agrees to use its best efforts, but in no way guarantees or warrants, to expedite all required permits from the County of Sonoma.
- 2.4 Delay in Commencement. If Landlord, for any reason whatsoever, fails to give Tenant notice by November 1, 2023 that the Landlord's work in the Premises is substantially completed, as provided for above, then the Tenant may: (a) terminate this Lease by giving Landlord Thirty (30) days prior written notice of its intention to do so; or (b) extend Landlord's time for completion thereof and delivery of possession to Tenant, and withhold from the first rental

payment and subsequent rental payments as may be necessary, as liquidated damages, an amount equal to one and one-half times the Rent otherwise due for each day after said date during which Landlord has failed to give Tenant such notice of substantial completion. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Landlord, for any reason whatsoever, fails to give Tenant notice that the Landlord's work in the Premises is substantially completed by December 1, 2023, Tenant at its option shall have the right, by giving Landlord Thirty (30) days' prior written notice of its intention to do so, to immediately cancel this Lease, and recover the additional sum of three (3) months' rent from Landlord, as liquidated damages. This agreement for liquidated damages is entered into because the amount is manifestly reasonable under the circumstances at the time of this Lease, and it would be extremely difficult or impossible to determine, with any degree of accuracy, the actual damages caused by such delay. Landlord's obligation to complete the Premises within the time specified in this Section 2.4 shall not be extended for any reason except delays caused by Tenant, strikes, lockouts, fires, floods, war, civil disorder, government regulations and approvals, and pandemics..

- 2.5 Option To Extend Term. Landlord grants to Tenant one (1) option to extend the Lease Term ("Extension Option") for a period of Five (5) years ("Option Term"), subject to the conditions described in this <u>Section 2.5</u>.
- 2.5.1 <u>Conditions of Option</u>. The Extension Option may be exercised only by written notice delivered by Tenant to Landlord as provided in <u>Subsection 2.5.3</u> and only if, as of the date of delivery of the notice, Tenant is not in material default under this Lease after the expiration of any applicable cure periods. If Tenant properly exercises the Extension Option, the Lease Term, as it applies to the entire Premises then leased by Tenant, shall be extended for the respective Option Term.

2.5.2 Option Rent.

2.5.2.1 Rent During Option Term. The Rent payable by Tenant at commencement of the Option Term shall be equal to ninety-five percent (95%) Fair Market Value for comparable space as calculated in Section 2.5.2.2 below. Rent shall be increased by three percent (3%) annually on the anniversary of the Option Term commencement date.

2.5.2.2 Following Tenant's timely and valid exercise of its Option Term, Landlord and Tenant shall attempt to agree upon a Fair Market Value for the first twelve (12) months of such Option Term (and assuming three percent (3%) annual increases thereafter) using

their good-faith efforts, which if such efforts are successful shall be come the "Fair Market Value." If Landlord and Tenant are unable, sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the Lease Term ("Outside Agreement Date"), to agree on Fair Market Value as aforesaid, then within five (5) business days after the Outside Agreement Date, Tenant shall submit to Landlord and Landlord shall submit to Tenant its respective determination of Fair Market Value as aforesaid (and assuming three percent (3%) annual increases thereafter) and the parties' determinations shall be submitted to arbitration (as Tenant's and Landlord's "Submitted Fair Prevailing Market Rate," respectively) in accordance with Section 2.5.2.3, which shall become the "Fair Market Value."

- 2.5.2.3 Landlord and Tenant shall each appoint one arbitrator who shall by profession be a real estate broker or appraiser who shall have been active over the five (5) year period ending on the date of such appointment in the leasing (or appraisal, as the case may be) of similar buildings in Sonoma County, California (the "Area"). Each such arbitrator shall be appointed within fifteen (15) days after the Outside Agreement Date.
 - (a) The two arbitrators so appointed shall within fifteen (15) days of the date of the appointment of the last appointed arbitrator agree upon and appoint a third arbitrator who shall be qualified under the same criteria set forth hereinabove for qualification of the initial two arbitrators.
 - (b) The three arbitrators shall within thirty (30) days of the appointment of the third arbitrator reach a decision as to whether the parties shall use Landlord's or Tenant's Submitted Fair Prevailing Market Rate, as applicable, and shall notify Landlord and Tenant thereof. The determination of the arbitrators shall be limited solely to the issue as to whether Landlord's or Tenant's Submitted Fair Prevailing Market Rate is the closest to the actual Fair Market Value as determined by the arbitrators.
 - (c) If either Landlord or Tenant fails to appoint an arbitrator within fifteen (15) days after the Outside Agreement Date, the arbitrator appointed by one of them shall reach a decision, notify Landlord and Tenant thereof, and such arbitrator's decision shall be binding upon Landlord and Tenant.
 - (d) If the two arbitrators fail to agree upon and appoint a third arbitrator, or both parties fail to appoint an arbitrator, then the appointment of the third arbitrator or any arbitrator shall not occur and the matter to be decided shall be forthwith submitted to arbitration under the provisions of the American Arbitration Association.
 - (e) The cost of the arbitration shall be shared equally.
 - (f) Should the Market Value not be determined prior to the end of the Lease Term, Rent shall continue at the rate of the initial Lease Term and the reduction or increase in

Rent shall be paid by the appropriate party within thirty (30) days after the determination of the Fair Market Value.

- 2.5.3 <u>Exercise of Extension Option</u>. The Extension Option must be exercised by Tenant, if at all, only at the time and in the manner provided in this <u>Subsection 2.5.3</u>.
- 2.5.3.1 <u>Exercise of Extension Option</u>. If Tenant wishes to exercise its Extension Option with respect to the first Option Term, Tenant shall deliver written notice to Landlord no less than ninety (90) days before the expiration of the initial Lease Term. The ability to exercise the Extension Option shall be personal to Tenant only and if this Lease is assigned, such assignee tenant shall have no right to exercise the Extension Option unless agreed to by Landlord, in writing.
- 2.5.4 <u>Amendment to Lease</u>. If Tenant timely exercises its Extension Option, Landlord and Tenant shall execute an amendment to this Lease, extending the Lease Term for the Option Term on the terms and conditions set forth in this <u>Section 2.5</u>. Execution of that amendment shall not be a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the respective Option Term.

2.6 <u>Termination by Tenant</u>.

2.6.1 <u>Non-appropriation of Funds</u>. Tenant may terminate this Lease, in accordance with <u>Section 2.6.3</u> below, upon one hundred eighty (180) days' prior written notice to Landlord ("Termination Notice") on the happening of any one or more of the following events: (a) the County Board of Supervisors fails to appropriate sufficient funds for the rental of the property covered by this Lease; (b) the County Board of Supervisors discontinues, in whole or in part, the program or agency for which the Premises were leased; or (c) the funding, whether County, State or Federal, for the program or agency for which the Premises were leased is reduced or withdrawn (d) Tenant has approved and funded a new County Administration Center, whether on County owned or leased land, the construction of which shall be substantially completed no later than three hundred sixty-five (365) days after the date of the termination notice.

2.6.2 <u>Discretionary Termination</u>. N/A

2.6.3 <u>Termination Procedures</u>.

2.6.3.1 Exercise of Termination Right. The Premises subject to any Termination Notice shall be referred to as the "Canceled Premises." The termination shall be effective as of one hundred eighty (180) days after Tenant delivers the Termination Notice to Landlord ("Lease Termination Date"). If Tenant terminates the Lease pursuant to this Section 2.6, Tenant's delivery of the Termination Notice to Landlord shall_be accompanied by an amount equal to the Lease Termination Fee, as defined in this Subsection 2.6.3.2.

- 2.6.3.2 <u>Lease Termination Fee.</u> Before giving the Termination Notice, Tenant shall give Landlord a preliminary notice stating Tenant's intention to exercise the right to terminate and the proposed Lease Termination Date. Within thirty (30) days after receiving the preliminary notice from Tenant, Landlord shall notify Tenant of the amount of the Lease Termination Fee based on the appropriate Lease Termination Date set forth in Tenant's notice. The Lease Termination Fee shall be equal to the "Unamortized Value as of the Lease Termination Date" of the "Lease Concessions," as defined in this <u>Subsection 2.6.3.2</u>.
- 2.6.3.2.a <u>Lease Concessions</u>. For purposes of this <u>Subsection 2.6.3.2.a</u>, "Lease Concessions" shall be equal to the sum of (a) the amount of the tenant improvement allowance and any other improvement allowance granted by Landlord in connection with Landlord's delivery of the Canceled Premises to Tenant; (b) the amount of the real estate commissions paid to the brokers pursuant to the brokers' listing agreement with Landlord in connection with the consummation of the lease by Tenant of the Canceled Premises; and (c) the amount of attorney's fees paid to Landlord's attorney to initially review and negotiate this Lease.
- 2.6.3.2.b <u>Unamortized Value as of Lease Termination Date</u>. The "Unamortized Value as of the Lease Termination Date" of the Lease Concessions shall be equal to the product of:
- (a) The number of months of the Lease Term remaining after the Lease Termination Date until the original Lease Expiration Date;
- (b) The Monthly Amortization Amount, as determined in <u>Subsection 2.6.3.2.c</u>
- <u>2.6.3.2.c</u> <u>Monthly Amortization Amount</u>. The "Monthly Amortization Amount" shall be determined as if it were a component of an annuity, using:
- (a) The amount of the Lease Concessions, not including any concessions for Tenant's expansion options, as the present value of the annuity;
- (b) Seven percent (7%) per annum as the future value interest factor;
- (c) Eighty-four (84) as the number of monthly payments of the annuity, commencing on the Lease Commencement Date and ending on the Lease Expiration Date; and
- (d) The Monthly Amortization Amount (the missing component) as the monthly payment amount under the annuity.
- 2.7 <u>Holding Over</u>. Any holding over by Tenant shall not be nor be construed to be a renewal of the term of this Lease but shall constitute a month to month tenancy which may be

terminated by either party upon thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the other party, and shall otherwise be on the same terms and conditions herein set forth (the "Holdover Period"). During the Holdover Period, Rent shall be one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the Rent period at the end of the Lease Term.

ARTICLE 3

USE OF PREMISES

- 3.1 Tenant's Use. Tenant shall use and occupy the Premises for any lawful business use so long as such use continues to be for standard professional office space.
- 3.2 Landlord's Obligations. Landlord shall lease space in the Building only for purposes consistent with the maintenance of a first class office/commercial building of the kind and character of the Building as of the date hereof.

ARTICLE 4

<u>Definition of "Rent"--Limited Setoff</u>. Commencing on the Commencement Date, Tenant shall pay to Landlord rent ("Rent") in equal monthly installments of Sixteen Thousand Three Hundred Twenty Six (\$16,326), (\$1.80 per square foot of the Rentable Area per month) Full Service in arrears on or before the last day of every calendar month during the Lease Term, without any setoff or deduction except as provided in <u>Section 5.1</u> and <u>Section 20.2</u>. Payment shall be made at the address set forth in <u>Section 19.3</u> or at any other place that Landlord may from time to time designate in writing. Tenant shall not be obligated to recognize any agent for the collection of Rent until written notice of the appointment and the extent of the authority of such agent shall be provided to Tenant by Landlord. Tenant shall not be responsible for any operating expenses or operating expense pass-throughs during the Lease Term, except as provided in Section 4.3 hereof.

4.1. <u>Initial Payment; Proration</u>. The Rent for the first full calendar month of the Lease Term shall be paid on the Commencement Date. If any payment date (including the Commencement Date) for Rent, falls on a day other than the first day of that calendar month, or if any Rent payment is for a period shorter than one calendar month, the Rent for that fractional calendar month shall accrue on a daily basis for each day of that fractional month at a daily rate equal to 1/365 of the total annual Rent. All other payments or adjustments that are required to be made under the terms of this Lease and that require proration on a time basis shall be prorated on the same basis.

4.2. <u>Rental Adjustments</u>. Rent shall be adjusted as follows: Beginning on the first anniversary of the Commencement Date and on each successive anniversary thereafter during the Lease Term, Base Rent shall be increased by three percent (3%).

4.3. Expense Stop.

- 4.3.1. <u>Taxes</u>. Landlord agrees to pay all general and special taxes, assessments and government charges of any king and nature whatsoever (collectively, "Taxes") lawfully levied against the Building, and the grounds, parking areas, driveways, and alleys around the Building. If for any year applicable to the Lease Term or any extension of such Lease Term, Taxes levied for such tax year divided by the Rentable Area of the Building shall exceed the Tax Stop, Tenant shall pay to Landlord as additional rent upon demand at the time the bill for such tax year issues. Additionally, Tenant shall pay upon demand Tenant's proportionate share (based on the Rentable Area of the Premises and the Rentable Area of the Building), Landlord's expenses and costs incurred by Landlord in protesting any assessments, levies, or the tax rate. Any payment to be made pursuant to this Section 4.3.1. shall be prorated in the month this Lease commences or terminates. "Tax Stop" means and refers to the Taxes for the calendar year of 2023.
- 4.3.2. Operating Costs. If for any calendar year falling partly or wholly within the Lease Term, Operating Costs incurred by Landlord divided by the Rentable Area of the Building shall exceed the Operating Cost Stop, Tenant shall pay to Landlord as additional rent the product of such excess multiplied by the Rentable Area of the Premises. Any payment to be made pursuant to this Section 4.3.2. with respect to the year this Lease commences or terminates shall be prorated. "Operating Costs" shall mean any and all expenses, costs, and disbursements (other than Taxes) of any kind and nature whatsoever incurred by Landlord in connection with the ownership, leasing, management, maintenance, operation and repair of the Building or the Real Property or any improvements situated on the Real Property (including, without limitation, the cost of maintaining and repairing parking lots, parking structures, and easements, salaries, fringe benefits and related costs, for building staff, insurance costs of every kind and nature, heating and air conditioning costs, common area utility costs such as electricity, sewer and water charges, the costs of cleaning and removing snow from common areas, the cost of routine repairs, maintenance and decorating of common areas, except the following: (1) costs of alterations of tenants' premises; (2) deprecation; (3) interest and principal payments and other debt costs; (4) real estate brokers' leasing commissions or compensation; (5) any cost or expenditure for which Landlord is reimbursed, whether by insurance proceeds or otherwise; (6) cost of any service furnished to any other occupant of the Building which Landlord does not provide to Tenant.

"Operating Cost Stop" means and refers to the Operating Costs for the calendar year of 2023.

ARTICLE 5

MAINTENANCE

- Maintenance of Building and Premises. Except as otherwise provided in this 5.1. Lease, during the Lease Term, Landlord, at its expense, agrees to maintain the Building and the Premises, in first class condition appropriate for a building of this type and in this location. This obligation shall include, but not by way of limitation, the maintenance and repair of any air conditioning, heating, ventilating, elevator, sprinkler, sewage, electrical, gas, life safety, water supply or steam system, foundation, superstructure, structural roof, roofing membrane, exterior walls, and other structural members and parts of the Building, all ordinary maintenance of the exterior portions of the Building such as painting and/or washing the exterior walls and windows, maintaining the exterior portions of the Building, polishing or waxing any exterior components, cleaning and maintaining sidewalks adjacent to the Building, rubbish removal and all interior maintenance, repair and replacement, including, without limitation, the replacement of fluorescent and other lighting (e.g., light bulbs, ballasts) and furnishing of all restroom supplies. In addition, Landlord shall provide, for the use by Tenant and its customers, agents, employees, assignees, subtenants, licensees and invitees during Tenant's normal business hours (7:00 a.m. -8:00 p.m.) Monday through Saturday, excluding County holidays), building utility services and elevators and building maintenance personnel who shall, at the option of Landlord, be either on duty in the Building or reasonably available to the Tenant and capable of promptly performing the services or work required. Landlord shall have fifteen (15) days after notice from Tenant to perform its obligations under this Section 5.1, except that Landlord shall perform its obligations immediately if the nature of the problem presents a hazard or emergency or substantially interferes with Tenant's use of the Premises. If Landlord does not perform its obligations within the time limitations in this Section 5.1, Tenant may perform the obligations and shall have the right to be reimbursed for the sum Tenant actually expends in the performance of Landlord's obligations. If Landlord does not reimburse Tenant within forty-five (45) days after demand from Tenant, Tenant shall have the right to withhold from future Rent due the sum Tenant has expended until Tenant is reimbursed in full. Under no circumstances shall Tenant have the right to terminate this Lease.
- 5.2. <u>Maintenance by Tenant</u>. Tenant shall be responsible for the maintenance, including repair and/or replacement desired by Tenant, of its interior signs, furnishings, trade fixtures installed by or on behalf of Tenant, and other personal property used in connection with the Premises. Tenant shall not be responsible for any of the items that are Landlord's responsibilities under this Lease.

ARTICLE 6

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UTILITIES AND SERVICES

- 6.1 <u>Landlord to Provide Utilities</u>. Landlord shall provide and pay for electricity service for ordinary lighting and business machines (such as typewriters, adding machines, faxes, printers, and computer terminals), gas, water, sewer, and heat and air conditioning (in the customary periods of the year and during the customary hours (i.e., 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday, excluding County holidays)) all in reasonable amounts not to exceed the capacities of the utility systems serving the Premises making delivery to Tenant, such amounts not to be less than the amounts being used upon the commencement of this Lease plus Tenant's anticipated growth.
- Failure to Furnish Utilities. Except as hereinafter provided, Landlord shall not be 6.2 liable for any failure to furnish any of such services or utilities when such failure is caused by strikes, lockouts, other labor troubles or other conditions beyond Landlord's reasonable control (financial inability excepted), and Tenant shall not be entitled to any damages nor shall any such failure relieve Tenant of the obligation to pay Rent, or constitute or be construed as a constructive or other eviction of Tenant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Rent of any kind provided in this Lease shall be equitably abated in the event Landlord, for whatever reason, is unable to supply any of the Building's sanitary, electrical, heating, air conditioning, water or other systems serving the Premises for a period of twenty-four (24) hours or more, unless the damage or defective condition relating to failure of such systems is caused by: (a) Tenant, its employees, licensees or invitees; or (b) strike, lockout or other labor troubles; or (c) other conditions beyond Landlord's reasonable control (financial inability excepted). If the damage or defective condition is caused by one of the above three listed reasons, then the amount of such abatement shall be agreed upon by Landlord and Tenant or, in the event Landlord and Tenant are unable to agree on such abatement, the amount shall be determined in an arbitration proceeding (pursuant to the terms of Article 23) according to the extent to which such unavailability interferes with Tenant's normal business operations on the Premises. If Landlord's failure to furnish any such services or utilities to the Premises or to supply any of the Building's sanitary, electrical, heating, air conditioning, water or other systems serving the Premises for any period of time is caused by any negligence or willful act of Landlord, or Landlord's agents or contractors, there shall be an immediate abatement of Rent for the period of such failure or lack of supply. In the event of any stoppage or interruption of services, Landlord shall use commercially reasonable and diligent efforts to restore said services as soon as possible.
- 6.3 <u>Security Services</u>. Tenant shall have the right to install or have installed in the Premises, a card key access system or other security system.
- 6.4 <u>Janitorial Services</u>. Landlord agrees to provide reasonable bonded cleaning service consistent with first class buildings for the Premises and for all of the public and common areas in the Building and appurtenances thereto, including the elevators and stairways. Such services shall include those set forth in **Exhibit H** attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference. Landlord covenants and agrees, at its sole cost and expense: (a) to comply with all present and future laws, orders and regulations of the Federal, State, County, municipal or other governing

authorities, departments, commissions, agencies and boards regulating the collection, sorting, separation, and recycling of garbage, trash, rubbish and other effuse (collectively "trash"); (b) that Landlord shall pay all costs, expenses, fines, penalties or damages that may be imposed on Landlord or Tenant by reason of Landlord's failure to comply with the provisions of this <u>Section 6.4</u>.

6.5 <u>Excess Services</u>. To the extent that Tenant's usage of any of the services provided in this Article 6 materially exceed the usage of an ordinary office tenant occupying a similar amount of square footage, Landlord may equitably access Tenant, no frequently than on a monthly basis for such overage, and such overage shall constitute additional rent hereunder.

ARTICLE 7

ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

During the term of this Lease, Tenant shall make no alterations, installations, additions, or improvements to the Premises costing more than Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000) without submitting to Landlord plans and specifications therefor and obtaining Landlord's written consent, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Landlord, without any cost to itself, shall cooperate with Tenant in securing building and other permits and authority necessary from time to time for any work permitted under this Lease. Tenant may at any time remove any equipment and trade fixtures installed by or on behalf of Tenant in the Premises and shall repair all damage caused by the same. Improvements made by Tenant at any time to the Premises during the term of this Lease shall be and remain the property of Tenant.

ARTICLE 8

PARKING

Included in Tenant's rental herein is the right of Tenant's customers and invitees to use free of charge, the open, unassigned parking associated with the Real Property. Landlord reserves the right to designate parking areas for Tenant, so long as such designation does not materially interfere with Tenant's use of the Premises.

ARTICLE 9

INSURANCE AND INDEMNITY

- 9.1. <u>Fire and Extended Coverage Insurance</u>. Landlord and Tenant shall maintain insurance as described in **Exhibit "D"**, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
 - 9.2. Indemnity.

- 9.2.1. Indemnification of Landlord. Tenant agrees to indemnify Landlord against and save Landlord harmless from any and all loss, cost, liability, damage and expense, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs that may be asserted by any party and incurred in connection with or arising from: (a) any default by Tenant in the observance or performance of any of the terms, covenants or conditions of this Lease on Tenant's part to be observed or performed; (b) the use or occupancy or manner of use or occupancy of Tenant; (c) the condition of the Premises related to Tenant's duties under this Lease, or any occurrence on the Premises from any cause whatsoever, except to the extent caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of Landlord or related to the duties of Landlord under this Lease; or (d) any acts, omissions or negligence of Tenant or of the contractors, agents, employees, visitors or licensees of Tenant in, on or about the Premises or the Building. Tenant's obligations under this Section 9.2.1 shall survive the termination of the Lease.
- 9.2.2. <u>Indemnification of Tenant</u>. Landlord agrees to indemnify Tenant against and save Tenant harmless from any and all loss, cost, liability, damage and expense, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs that may be asserted by any party and incurred in connection with or arising from: (a) any default by Landlord in the observance or performance of any of the terms, covenants or conditions of this Lease on Landlord's part to be observed or performed; (b) the use or occupancy or manner of use or occupancy of the Building by Landlord or any person or entity claiming through or under Landlord, except Tenant; (c) the condition of the Building or any occurrence in the Building from any cause whatsoever except to the extent caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of Tenant; or (d) any acts, omissions or negligence of Landlord or of the contractors, agents, employees, visitors or licensees of Landlord in, on or about the Building or related to the design or construction of the Building or the Premises. Landlord's obligations under this <u>Section 9.2.2</u> shall survive the termination of the Lease.

ARTICLE 10

DESTRUCTION AND UNTENANTABILITY OF PREMISES

10.1. Loss -- Insured or Uninsured. Subject to the options to terminate hereinafter provided in this Article 10, if during the Lease Term, the Building or any portion thereof is damaged by fire, earthquake or other casualty or peril, Landlord shall with all due diligence (upon receipt of insurance proceeds) repair or rebuild the Building and the Premises to the condition at least equal to that existing immediately prior to said damage. In connection therewith, Landlord shall use any such insurance proceeds for such purpose, together with any insurance proceeds received by Tenant by reason of insurance on improvements made by it in excess of the actual amount needed to replace or restore Tenant's improvements, fixtures and equipment, provided that any such proceeds received by Tenant shall be used only for the replacement or restoration of Tenant's improvements, fixtures and equipment. If, by reason of

the provisions of any mortgage or deed of trust executed by Landlord encumbering the Building, insurance proceeds are required to be made payable to the lienholder and/or the policies of insurance placed in its custody, Tenant hereby consents thereto, provided that the lienholder in question shall first agree in writing with Landlord to make the proceeds of said insurance available for the repair and restoration of the Building.

- 10.2. <u>Major Damage</u>. For purposes of this <u>Article 10</u>, "major damage" to the Building resulting from fire, earthquake or any other casualty or peril is defined as damage to such extent that the estimated cost of full repair of such damage is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the then full replacement value of the Building as required for purposes of the then existing insurance policies provided for in <u>Article 9</u>. Any other damage to the Building from any such casualty or risks shall be deemed to be "non-major."
- 10.3. <u>Tenant's Option to Terminate in Certain Events</u>. If during the Lease Term the Building or any portion thereof receives damage to such an extent that the cost to repair the damage exceeds twenty percent (20%) of the then full replacement value of the Building and the effect of which is to render the Premises untenantable, in Tenant's opinion, for continued occupancy for a period of two hundred forty (240) days or more, then Tenant shall have the option to terminate this Lease upon thirty (30) days' notice to Landlord.
- 10.4. <u>Landlord's Option to Terminate in Event of Major Damage to Building</u>. If during the Lease Term the Building or any portion thereof receives major damage, Landlord shall have the option to terminate this Lease on sixty (60) days' written notice to Tenant, provided that Landlord also terminates the leases of all other tenants of the Building, in which event proration of Rent shall be made to be effective upon the date of such major damage, and Landlord shall have no further obligations to Tenant.
- 10.5. <u>Proration</u>. In the event of termination pursuant to the provisions of this <u>Article 10</u>, Tenant shall surrender to Landlord possession of the Premises and shall pay to Landlord any Rent hereunder accruing to the date of such damage.
- 10.6. <u>Abatement of Rent</u>. In the event that after any damage or destruction this Lease is not terminated in accordance with its provisions, Rent shall be equitably prorated and abated during the period commencing with the date of the casualty and continuing until such repairs are completed in the proportion that the Rent of the part usable by Tenant for the normal operation of Tenant's business on the Premises bears to the rental of the total space then leased by Tenant, taking into consideration the rental rate per Rentable Square Foot for the space for which the proration is made and any adverse effects and disruptions to Tenant's business caused during the period of such repairs.

ARTICLE 11

EMINENT DOMAIN

- 11.1. <u>Appropriation</u>. In the event of any taking of or damage to all or any part of the Building or Premises, including any interest therein or appurtenant thereto, by reason of any exercise of the power of eminent domain, whether by a condemnation proceeding, inverse condemnation or otherwise, or in the event of any transfer, conveyance, or sale of all or any part of the Building or Premises, including any interest therein, or appurtenant thereto made in lieu of an exercise of the power of eminent domain (all of the foregoing being hereinafter referred to as "appropriation") prior to or during the Lease Term, the rights and obligations of Landlord and Tenant with respect to such appropriation, each time there is an instance of such appropriation, shall be governed by the provisions of this <u>Article 11</u>.
- 11.2. <u>Date of Appropriation</u>. For the purposes of this <u>Article 11</u>, the date of appropriation shall be the date upon which the condemning authority takes possession of all or any part of the Building or any interest therein or appurtenant thereto, or the date upon which Tenant is required by the condemning authority to commence vacating the Premises or any portion thereof, or any interest therein or appurtenant thereto, as a result of such appropriation, whichever date shall first occur.
- 11.3. <u>Appropriation of All of the Building</u>. In the event of appropriation of all of the Building, this Lease, subject to all provisions of this <u>Article 11</u> pertaining to payments to be made, shall terminate as of the date of such appropriation.
 - 11.4. Appropriation of Less Than All of the Building or Premises.
- 11.4.1. <u>General Provisions</u>. Except as provided in this <u>Section 11.4</u>, in the event of appropriation of less than all of the Building or of the Premises, this Lease shall continue in full force and effect, except that, as to the portion of the Premises so appropriated, this Lease shall terminate as of the date of appropriation.

11.4.2. Right to Terminate.

- (i) If the appropriation shall render the Premises unavailable or unsuitable, in Tenant's sole opinion, to continue Tenant's normal use of the Premises, Tenant shall have the right to terminate this Lease. Exercise of such right by Tenant shall be made by written notice to Landlord on or before thirty (30) days after the date of Tenant's receipt of written notice of appropriation. Any such termination shall be effective as of the date of the appropriation.
- (ii) Subject to the provisions of <u>Section 11.4.5</u>, in the event that fifty percent (50%) or more of the rentable area of the Building (as it existed on the date of the appropriation) should become untenanted or unoccupied because the appropriation renders such space unavailable or untenantable, Landlord shall have the right to terminate this Lease, provided that Landlord also terminates the leases of all other tenants of the Building. Exercise of such right

shall be made by notice to Tenant on or before thirty (30) days after the date of receipt of notice of appropriation.

- 11.4.3. <u>Abatement of Rent</u>. The Rent for the remainder of the Lease Term shall be prorated in the same proportion that part of the Premises usable by Tenant for the normal operation of its business bears to the total Premises immediately prior to the appropriation, taking into consideration the Lease rental rate per Rentable Square Foot for the space for which the proration is made. Rent shall also be abated for any portion of the Premises that is not appropriated but is rendered temporarily unusable by virtue of repairs or restoration necessitated by the appropriation of other space.
- 11.4.4. Restoration of Premises by Landlord. If this Lease is not terminated pursuant to Section 11.4.2 and subject to Section 11.4.5, Landlord will make any restoration of the remainder of the Building and the Premises necessitated by reason of the appropriation of less than all of the Building as promptly as reasonably practicable to as close to the same condition (as circumstances permit) as existed immediately prior to such appropriation.
- 11.4.5. Restoration of Premises with Tenant Funds. If Landlord would otherwise have the right to terminate this Lease pursuant to Section 11.4.2(ii), Landlord shall not have the right to terminate this Lease if Tenant, within thirty (30) days after receipt of notice from Landlord that Landlord has elected to terminate this Lease pursuant to Section 11.4.2(ii), notifies Landlord that Tenant desires to have the Building, or so much thereof as may be necessary to constitute a complete architectural unit, restored to a condition which will provide Tenant with suitable facilities in Tenant's sole opinion for its continued use of the Premises and that Tenant will supply any additional funds, if any, that may be necessary, in addition to the net amount of the award paid to Landlord under the provisions of <u>Section 11.6</u>, including severance damages (without offset for special benefits) after first deducting any and all amounts which constitute Tenant's share of the award pursuant to Section 11.6. In such event, Tenant and Landlord shall each agree upon the plans and specifications for such rebuilding, the cost thereof, and the method by which Tenant shall supply to Landlord the additional funds necessary for such rebuilding, and the Rent payable by Tenant shall be equitably reduced in accordance with its contribution of additional funds toward such rebuilding by amortizing such contribution over the then remaining Lease Term. If Landlord and Tenant are unable to agree on any aspect of such rebuilding, the matter shall be submitted to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of Article 23.
- 11.5. Amounts Payable by Reason of Termination. If this Lease is terminated pursuant to Section 11.4.2, the entire award (less any amounts separately awarded to Tenant under subsections (1) through (6) below, and less the reasonable expenses of Landlord and Tenant incurred in such appropriation proceedings which shall be paid to Landlord or Tenant, as applicable) made with respect to the appropriation shall be paid to Landlord; provided, however,

Tenant and its representative shall have the right to participate in any negotiations with respect to the amount or allocation of such award. Payment from the award shall be made first to the senior mortgage holder on the Building in an amount necessary to repay its security interest and then Tenant shall have the right to make a separate claim in the condemnation proceedings and to share in the aggregate award which is paid by the condemner or awarded by the court specifically for: (1) the fair market value of the unexpired portion of the Lease Term (including the option to lease additional space pursuant to Section 1.4.2 and the options to extend the Lease Term pursuant to Section 2.5, as if all such options were fully exercised by Tenant and including Tenant's right to terminate as set forth in Section 2.6) in excess of the Rent provided for herein, exclusive of any immovable trade fixtures or improvements; plus (2) any severance damages attributable to the unexpired Lease Term; plus (3) the taking of the unamortized or undepreciated value of any leasehold improvements owned by Tenant that Tenant has the right to remove at the end of the Lease Term and that Tenant elects not to remove; plus (4) reasonable removal and relocation costs for any leasehold improvements that Tenant has the right to remove and elects to remove (if condemner approves the removal); plus (5) relocation costs under Government Code section 7262, the claim for which Tenant may pursue by separate action independent of this Lease; plus (6) any other amount in addition to the foregoing that does not reduce the amount of the award payable to the Landlord.

- 11.6. <u>Damages if Lease Not Terminated</u>. In the event of any appropriation of less than all of the Building or the Premises, if this Lease is not terminated pursuant to provisions of <u>Section 11.4.2</u>, the entire award made with respect to the appropriation shall be paid to Landlord; provided, however, Tenant and its representatives shall have the right to participate in any negotiations with respect to the amount or allocation of such award. All of such award shall be used first to reimburse Landlord and Tenant for costs incurred in such appropriation proceedings, then shall be used to repair or restore the Building as provided in this <u>Article 11</u>, and any remaining balance shall be allocated between Landlord and Tenant pro rata in accordance with <u>Section 11.5</u>.
- 11.7. <u>Interest</u>. Tenant shall be entitled to the share of any interest paid on any award to the extent the same is allocable to the amounts to which Tenant is entitled.
- 11.8. <u>Abatement of Monetary Obligations of Tenant</u>. In addition to any other abatement provided for in this Lease, all monetary obligations of Tenant hereunder shall be abated in an equitable amount based upon the interference with Tenant's normal business operations at the Premises commencing with the date of the appropriation and continuing during the period of any restoration and, in addition, for the remainder of the Lease Term to the extent that the Premises are not fully restored.
- 11.9. <u>Proration and Refund of Payments</u>. If this Lease is terminated pursuant to this Article 11, the Rent shall be prorated to the date of termination. Landlord shall repay to Tenant

any Rent paid by Tenant for any period beyond the date of termination to the extent same is in excess of amounts then owed by Tenant to Landlord.

11.10. <u>Date of Payments</u>. All payments due Tenant from Landlord by reason of an appropriation shall be paid to Tenant without prior notice or demand and on or before the expiration of a period of ten (10) days from the date on which the amount of the award is finally determined and Landlord obtains, or has the right to obtain, whichever shall first occur, such award. If Landlord shall fail to make any such payments to Tenant on or before the expiration of such ten (10) day period, in addition to any and all other remedies available to Tenant under this Lease or otherwise, Landlord shall be obligated to pay interest to Tenant on the unpaid amount of such payments at the maximum rate permitted by law.

ARTICLE 12

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS

- 12.1. <u>Definition of "Laws and Orders."</u> For purposes of this <u>Article 12</u>, the term "Laws and Orders" includes all Federal, State, county, city, or government agency laws, statutes, ordinances, standards, rules, requirements, or orders now in force or hereafter enacted, promulgated, or issued which are applicable to the Premises, the Building and the Real Property. The term also includes government measures regulating or enforcing public access or occupational or health or safety standards for employers, employees, landlords, or tenants (including, without limitation, tenants that are public entities).
- 12.2. <u>Compliance with Laws and Orders</u>. Throughout the term of this Lease, Landlord, at Landlord's sole expense, shall comply with all Laws and Orders with respect to the Building. Landlord shall promptly make all repairs, replacements, alterations, or improvements needed to comply with all Laws and Orders, with regard to the Building. Throughout the term of this Lease, Tenant, at Tenant's sole expense, shall comply with all Laws and Orders with respect to the Premises.
 - 12.3 <u>Rent Abatement</u>. Subject to <u>Subsection 20.2</u>, Tenant's Rent shall be abated while

Tenant's use and enjoyment of the Premises is disrupted by any work required by <u>Section 12.2</u>, provided Tenant is not actually using the space.

12.4 <u>Certified Access Specialist Disclosure</u>. Pursuant to California Civil Code Section 1938, the subject property has been inspected by a "Certified Access Specialist," Miyaki Access Specialist, as addressed in its report dated September 9, 2020.

ARTICLE 13

SURRENDER

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Tenant covenants that on the last day of the term or on the last day of a renewal or extension of this Lease, it will peaceably and quietly leave and surrender the Premises in as good condition as they now are, ordinary wear and tear, repairs and replacements required to be made by Landlord, loss by fire, casualty and causes beyond Tenant's control, and alterations, additions and improvements herein permitted, excepted.

ARTICLE 14

SUBORDINATION1

This Lease may, at the option of Landlord, be made subordinate to any first mortgage or first deed of trust now or hereafter placed upon or affecting the real property of which the Premises form a part, and to all renewals, modifications, replacements and extensions thereof; provided that as a condition of such subordination, and only if: (a) such mortgage or deed of trust shall contain a covenant which shall permit the proceeds of all insurance policies covering the Building, improvements, equipment and/or appurtenances thereto, whether such proceeds are to be held by Landlord or the first mortgagee or beneficiary, to be paid and/or made available for repair, replacement and rebuilding as provided in this Lease; and (b) a separate written agreement is entered into by the mortgagee named in any such mortgage, or by the trustee and the beneficiary named in any such deed of trust, and is recorded simultaneously with said mortgage or deed of trust, providing that notwithstanding any default in the mortgage or deed of trust and any foreclosure thereof, or the enforcement by the holder thereof of any rights or remedies, including sale thereunder, or otherwise, this Lease shall be recognized, remain in full force and effect, and the Tenant shall be permitted to remain in quiet and peaceful possession of the Premises throughout the term thereof, and any extension or renewal thereof, as long as Tenant shall not be in default under this Lease, or, if Tenant is in such default, as long as Tenant's time to cure such default shall not have expired. Such agreements shall be materially in the forms of **Exhibit J** attached hereto. If Tenant has received the nondisturbance agreement and estoppel certificate in the form(s) attached hereto as **Exhibit J**, Tenant shall, within thirty (30) days after Landlord's request, execute any further instruments or assurances in recordable form that Landlord reasonably considers necessary to evidence or confirm the subordination or superiority of this Lease to any such encumbrances or underlying leases. Such subordination instrument(s) shall be strictly limited to matters contained in the nondisturbance agreement and estoppel certificate, and no such instruments may increase any of Tenant's obligations or decrease any of Tenant's rights under this Lease. Tenant's failure to execute and deliver such instrument(s) shall constitute a default under this Lease only if Landlord has first delivered the nondisturbance agreement and estoppel certificate required hereunder to Tenant.

ARTICLE 15

TRANSFER OF TENANT'S INTEREST

Tenant shall have the right at any time and from time to time to assign or otherwise

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¹ NTD: This provision and the form of SNDA is subject to Landlord's lender's review and approval.

transfer all or any part of Tenant's interest in this Lease and to sublet the Premises, or any part thereof, provided that: (a) any assignment or subletting shall provide that the assignee or sublessee assumes and agrees to carry out and perform all of the terms and conditions of this Lease on the part of Tenant to be carried out and performed; (b) an executed copy of the assignment or subletting shall be delivered to Landlord; (c) the proposed use is consistent with the Permitted Use provisions of this Lease governing such matters; and (d) Landlord has provided its written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld in the reasonable opinion of Landlord, and the proposed new tenant has the financial strength to support the obligations imposed by the Lease. Upon any assignment of Tenant's entire interest in this Lease, Tenant shall be released from any further liability with respect thereto upon the written consent of Landlord, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. Landlord's consent shall be deemed to have been given if within thirty (30) days of notice of assignment to Landlord, Landlord fails to object to the new tenant by written notice to Tenant, stating in detail the reasons for such objection. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Tenant shall have the right at any time and from time to time without notice to Landlord to assign or otherwise transfer all or any part of Tenant's interest in this Lease to sublet the Premises, or any part thereof, to any entity that is affiliated with Tenant (which means another agency affiliated with the County of Sonoma, California).

ARTICLE 16

QUIET ENJOYMENT AND TITLE

Landlord covenants and represents that it has full right and power to execute and perform this Lease and to grant the estate demised herein, and covenants that Tenant on paying the Rent herein reserved and performing the covenants hereof shall peaceably and quietly have, hold and enjoy the Premises and all appurtenances during the full term of this Lease or any extension or renewal thereof, and further covenants and represents that Landlord has a fee simple interest in the Premises. Landlord further covenants and represents that it will stand so seized on the first day of the Lease Term and will then place Tenant in actual possession of the Premises with the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereto all in conformity with law and in a safe, clean and tenantable condition and in good order and repair.

ARTICLE 17

ENVIRONMENTAL REPRESENTATIONS

- 17.1 <u>Definition of "Hazardous Material."</u> As used in this <u>Article 17</u>, the term "Hazardous Material" shall mean any hazardous or toxic substance, material, or waste that is or becomes regulated by the United States, the State of California, or any local government authority having jurisdiction over the Building. Hazardous Material includes:
- (a) Any "hazardous substance," as that term is defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) (42 United States Code sections 9601-9675);

- (b) "Hazardous waste," as that term is defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA) (42 United States Code sections 6901-6992k);
- (c) Any pollutant, contaminant, or hazardous, dangerous, or toxic chemical, material, or substance, within the meaning of any other applicable Federal, State or local law, regulation, ordinance, or requirement (including consent decrees and administrative orders imposing liability or standards of conduct concerning any hazardous, dangerous, or toxic waste, substance, or material, now or hereafter in effect);
 - (c) Petroleum products;
- (d) Radioactive material, including any source, special nuclear, or byproduct material as defined in 42 United States Code sections 2011-2297q-4;
 - (e) Asbestos in any form or condition; and
- (f) Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and substances or compounds containing PCBs.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Hazardous Materials shall not include limited quantities of standard office, building and janitorial supplies reasonably necessary in connection with Tenant's use and operation of the Premises, provided that such materials are used, stored or disposed of in accordance with applicable Hazardous Substance Laws.

- 17.2 <u>Landlord's Compliance with Laws</u>. Landlord represents and warrants to Tenant that to the best of Landlord's actual knowledge, at the commencement of the Lease, the Premises, the Building and the Real Property are in compliance with all Federal, State and local laws, regulations and standards relating to the use, occupancy, production, storage, sale, disposal, or transportation of any Hazardous Materials ("Hazardous Substance Laws").
- 17.3 <u>Tenant's Compliance with Laws</u>. With respect to Tenant's use of the Premises, Tenant covenants and agrees that it will use the Premises in compliance with all Hazardous Substances Laws.
- 17.4 <u>Right of Offset.</u> With respect to Tenant's obligations to pay Rent under the Lease, Tenant may, upon fifteen (15) days' written notice to Landlord, offset payment of Rent to Landlord for costs and expenses incurred by Tenant for any breach of Landlord's representations and warranties set forth in this <u>Article 17</u>.
- 17.5 <u>Termination of Lease.</u> In the event that Hazardous Materials are found to be present on the Premises, the Building or the Real Property through no fault of Tenant and such that the Premises, the Building and/or the Real Property are not in compliance with Hazardous Substance Laws, Tenant may, upon thirty (30) days' written notice to Landlord, terminate this Lease.
- 17.6 <u>Landlord's Indemnification.</u> Landlord shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonable and acceptable to Tenant, and hold Tenant fully harmless from any and all liabilities, damages, claims, penalties, fines, settlements, causes of action, cost or expense, including

reasonable attorneys' fees, environmental consultant fees and laboratory fees and costs and expenses of investigating and defending any claims or proceedings resulting from or attributable to: (a) the presence, disposal, release or threatened release of any Hazardous Materials that are on, from or affecting the Premises, the Building or the Real Property, including, without limitation, the soil, water, vegetation, buildings, personal property, persons, animals, or otherwise; (b) any personal injury (including wrongful death), or property damage (real or personal) arising out of or relating to any Hazardous Materials; (c) any lawsuits or administrative action brought or threatened, settlement reached or governmental order relating to any Hazardous Materials; or (d) any violation of any laws applicable to any Hazardous Materials.

- 17.7 <u>Tenant's Indemnification.</u> Tenant shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonable and acceptable to Landlord, and hold Landlord fully harmless from any and all liabilities, damages, claims, penalties, fines, settlements, causes of action, cost or expense, including reasonable attorneys' fees, environmental consultant fees and laboratory fees and costs and expenses of investigating and defending any claims or proceedings to the extent resulting from or attributable to Tenant's use of the Premises in violation of Hazardous Substance Laws.
- 17.8 <u>Survival.</u> Landlord's and Tenant's indemnification obligations under <u>Section 17.6</u> and <u>17.7</u> above shall survive the expiration or sooner termination of this Lease.
- 17.9 Notices. The parties shall give each other written notice within three (3) calendar days after the date on which either party learns or first has reason to believe that: (a) there has or will come to be located on or about the Premises, the Building or the Real Property any Hazardous Materials; (b) any release, discharge or emission of any Hazardous Materials that has occurred on or about the Premises, the Building or the Real Property; (c) any (i) enforcement, cleanup, removal or other governmental or regulatory action has been threatened or commenced against Landlord or with respect to the Premises, the Building or the Real Property pursuant to any Hazardous Substances Laws; or (ii) any claim has been made or threatened by any person or entity against Landlord, Tenant, or the Premises, the Building or the Real Property on account of any alleged loss or injury claimed to result from the alleged presence or release on the Premises, the Building or the Real Property of any Hazardous Materials; or (iii) any report, notice, or complaint has been made to or filed with any governmental agency concerning the presence, use or disposal of any Hazardous Materials on the Premises, the Building or the Real Property. Any such notice shall be accompanied by copies of any such claim, report, complaint, notice, warning or other communications that is in the possession of or is reasonably available to such party.
- 17.10 <u>Clean-Up</u>. If Landlord is responsible for the clean-up of any contamination of the Premises, the Building or the Real Property, Landlord shall carry out and complete, at its own cost and expense, any repair, closure, detoxification, decontamination, or other cleanup of the Premises, the Building or the Real Property required by Hazardous Substance Laws. Should Landlord fail to implement and diligently pursue any such clean-up promptly upon receipt of notice thereof, then Tenant shall have the right, but not the obligation, to carry out such clean-up, and to recover all of the costs and expenses thereof from Landlord as a set-off against rental payments under the Lease if Tenant elects to cure.

ARTICLE 18

INSPECTION AND ENTRY BY OWNER

Landlord and its agents shall have the right at any reasonable time and upon at least twenty-four (24) hours' notice to Tenant, to enter upon the Premises so long as it does not interfere with the business activities of Tenant on the Premises, for the purpose of inspection, serving or posting notices, maintaining the Premises, making any necessary repairs, alterations or additions to any portion of the Premises to the extent required or permitted to Landlord under this Lease. Landlord may enter the Premises without notice during an emergency situation.

ARTICLE 19

NOTICE

- 19.1 <u>Notices</u>. All notices (including requests, demands, approvals, or other communications) unless otherwise set forth in this Lease, under this Lease shall be in writing.
 - 19.1.1 <u>Method of Delivery</u>. Notice shall be sufficiently given for all purposes as follows:
 - (a) When personally delivered to the recipient, notice is effective on delivery.
- (b) When mailed first class to the last address of the recipient known to the party giving notice, notice is effective on delivery.
- (c) When mailed by certified mail with return receipt requested, notice is effective two (2) days following mailing.
- (d) When delivered by overnight delivery with charges prepaid or charged to the sender's account, notice is effective on delivery.
- (e) When sent by telex or fax to the last telex or fax number of the recipient known to the party giving notice, notice is effective on transmission as long as (1) a duplicate copy of the notice is promptly given by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by overnight delivery or (2) the receiving party delivers a written confirmation of receipt. Subject to the foregoing requirements, any notice given by telex or fax shall be considered to have been received on the next business day if it is transmitted after 5 p.m. (recipient's time) or on a non-business day.
- 19.2 <u>Refused, Unclaimed, or Undeliverable Notices</u>. Any correctly addressed notice that is delivered pursuant to <u>Section 19.1.1(b) or (d)</u> is refused, unclaimed, or undeliverable because of an act or omission of the party to be notified shall be considered to be effective as of the first date that the notice was refused, unclaimed, or considered undeliverable by the postal authorities, messenger, or overnight delivery service.
 - 19.3 <u>Addresses</u>. Addresses for purposes of giving notice are set forth below:

"Tenant" COUNTY OF SONOMA

Facilities Development & Management Attn: Real Estate Manager 2300 County Center Drive, Suite A220 Santa Rosa, California 95403 Fax No. 707-565-3476

With a copy to:

COUNTY OF SONOMA Human Services Department Attn: Operations Manager 3600 Westwind Boulevard Santa Rosa, California 95403

"Landlord"

MRES SANTA ROSA LLC

70 South Lake Avenue, Suite 750

Pasadena, CA 91101

With a copy to:

UNION PROPERTY CAPITAL, INC. 235 Montgomery Street, Suite 620 San Francisco, CA 94104

ARTICLE 20

DEFAULTS; REMEDIES

- 20.1 <u>Landlord's Default</u>. Landlord shall be in default of this Lease if Landlord fails or refuses to perform any provisions of this Lease that Landlord is obligated to perform if the failure to perform is not cured within thirty (30) days after notice of default has been given by Tenant to Landlord, or such shorter period if specified in this Lease. If the default cannot reasonably be cured within thirty (30) days, Landlord shall not be in default of this Lease if Landlord commences to cure the default within the thirty (30) day period and diligently and in good faith prosecutes such cure to completion.
- 20.2 <u>Tenant's Remedies on Landlord's Default</u>. Tenant, at any time after Landlord commits a material default, may terminate this Lease or may cure the default at Landlord's cost. If Tenant at any time, by reason of Landlord's default, pays any sum or does any act that requires the payment of any sum, the sum paid by Tenant shall be due from Landlord to Tenant within thirty (30) days of written notice that the sum was paid, and if paid at a later date shall bear interest at the maximum rate the Tenant is permitted by law to charge from the date the sum is paid by Tenant until Tenant is reimbursed by Landlord. If Landlord fails to reimburse Tenant as required by this paragraph, Tenant shall have the right to withhold from future Rent due the sum Tenant has paid until Tenant is reimbursed in full for the sum and interest on it. The remedies set forth in this Section 20.2 are in addition to and do not in any manner limit other remedies set forth in particular paragraphs of this Lease. In the event Landlord disputes that it is in default, Landlord

shall have the right to initiate an arbitration proceeding in accordance with <u>Article 23</u> except that the arbitrator shall be appointed by the presiding judge of the Sonoma County Superior Court and once appointed each side shall have five (5) business days to submit written statements and supporting documents to the arbitrator.

- 20.3 <u>Tenant's Default</u>. The occurrence of any one or more of the following events shall constitute a default and breach of this Lease by Tenant:
- (a) The vacating for more than thirty (30) consecutive days or abandonment of the Premises by Tenant;
- (b) The failure by Tenant to observe any condition of this Lease related to the payment of Rent or other obligations hereunder, after Tenant has been provided notice and five (5) days in which to cure, provided that Landlord shall only be required to provide one (1) such notice and opportunity to cure during any twelve (12) month period.
- (c) The failure by Tenant to observe or perform any of the covenants, conditions or provisions of this Lease to be observed or performed by Tenant, not related to a payment of Rent or other obligations hereunder, where such failure shall continue for a period of thirty (30) days after written notice is given by Landlord to Tenant; provided, however, that if the nature of Tenant's default is such that more than thirty (30) days are reasonably required for its cure, then Tenant shall not be deemed to be in default if Tenant commences such cure within said thirty(30) day period and thereafter diligently prosecutes such cure to completion. The purpose of this notice requirement is to extend the notice requirements of the unlawful detainer statutes of California.
- 20.4 <u>Landlord's Remedies on Tenant's Default</u>. In the event of any default by Tenant which is not cured by Tenant, Landlord may terminate this Lease by giving Tenant thirty (30) days' notice of termination. The purpose of this notice requirement is to extend the notice requirement of the unlawful detainer statutes of California. On termination of the Lease for default pursuant to this <u>Section 20.4</u>, Landlord shall have the right to recover from Tenant only the following amounts for any and all damages which may be the direct or indirect result of such default:
- (a) The worth, at the time of the award, of the unpaid Rent that has been earned at the time of termination of this Lease;
- (b) The worth, at the time of the award, of the amount by which the unpaid Rent that would have been earned after the date of termination of this Lease until the time of award exceeds the amount of the loss of Rent that Landlord proves could not have been reasonably avoided;
- (c) The worth, at the time of the award, of the amount by which the unpaid Rent for the balance of the term after the time of award exceeds the amount of the loss of Rent that Landlord proves could not have been reasonably avoided; and
- (d) Any other amount, and court costs, necessary to compensate Landlord for all detriment proximately caused by Tenant's default which Landlord proves could not have been reasonably avoided;

(e) Landlord shall have the option provided in Civil Code section 1951.4, which provides that, when a tenant has the right to sublet or assign (subject to reasonable limitations), the landlord may continue the lease in effect after the tenant's breach and/or abandonment and recover rent as it becomes due. Accordingly, if Landlord does not elect to terminate the Lease on account of any default by Tenant, Landlord may enforce all of Landlord's rights and remedies under this Lease, including the right to recover all Rent as it becomes due.

"The worth, at the time of the award," as used in "(a)" and "(b)" of this $\underline{\text{Section 20.4}}$, is to be computed by allowing interest at the maximum rate an individual is permitted by law to charge. "The worth, at the time of the award," as referred to in "(c)" of this $\underline{\text{Section 20.4}}$, is to be computed by discounting the amount at the discount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco at the time of the award, plus one percent (1%).

ARTICLE 21

SIGNAGE

Upon the commencement of this Lease, Landlord shall provide: (a) signage consistent with the existing signage program for the Building reasonably acceptable to Tenant (in conformance with all Laws and Orders (as defined in Article 12) identifying Tenant as an occupant of the Building; and (b) main entry door signage. The cost of the signage and lettering shall be Landlord's responsibility.

ARTICLE 22

BROKERAGE

Neither party has had any contact or dealings regarding the Premises or any communication in connection with the subject matter of this transaction, through any licensed real estate broker or other person who can claim a right to a commission or finder's fee as a procuring cause of the Lease contemplated herein, except for Landlord's broker, Newmark, whose commission, if any is due, shall be the responsibility of Landlord. In the event that any other broker or finder perfects a claim for a commission or finder's fee based upon any such contract, dealing or communication, the party through whom the broker or finder makes his or her claim shall be responsible for said commission or fee and all costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred by the other party in defending against the same.

ARTICLE 23

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

23.1 <u>Arbitration of Disputes</u>. Any dispute that is required by the express terms of this Lease to be resolved by arbitration shall be resolved by neutral binding arbitration before a panel of three (3) arbitrators unless otherwise agreed, to be held in accordance with the commercial/real

estate arbitration rules of the American Arbitration Association. Judgment on the award rendered by the arbitrator(s) may be entered in any Court having jurisdiction over the dispute.

- 23.1.1 <u>Qualifications of Arbitrators</u>. The arbitrators shall be real estate appraisers, licensed in the State of California, familiar with handling commercial lease matters.
- 23.2 <u>Venue</u>. Hearings shall be held in Santa Rosa, California, or another venue determined by mutual agreement of the parties.
- 23.3 <u>Demand and Limitation on Claims</u>. Any demand for arbitration must be made in writing to the other party and to the American Arbitration Association. No demand for arbitration may be made after the date on which the institution of legal proceedings based on the claim, dispute, or other matter is barred by the applicable statute of limitations.
- 23.4 <u>Provisional Remedies</u>. The parties shall each have the right to file with a court of competent jurisdiction an application for temporary or preliminary injunctive relief, writ of attachment, writ of possession, temporary protective order, or appointment of a receiver if the arbitration award to which the applicant may be entitled may be rendered ineffectual in the absence of such relief or if there is no other adequate remedy. This application shall not waive a party's arbitration rights under this Lease.
- 23.5 <u>Powers and Duties of Arbitrators</u>. The arbitrators shall have the power to grant legal and equitable remedies, and award damages, that may be granted or awarded by a judge of the Superior Court of the State of California. The arbitrators shall prepare and provide to the parties a written decision on all matters subject to the arbitration, including factual findings and the reasons that form the basis of the arbitrators' decision. The award of the arbitrators shall be mailed to the parties no later than thirty (30) days after the close of the arbitration hearing. The arbitration proceedings shall be reported by a certified shorthand court reporter. Written transcripts of the proceedings shall be prepared and made available to the parties.
- 23.6 <u>Discovery</u>. The parties shall have the right to discovery in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1283.05 and 1283.1 as long as the arbitrators' permission shall not be required to take a discovery deposition and neither party may take more than three depositions nor more than one set of interrogatories or requests for admissions without the approval of the other party or the arbitrators. All discovery disputes shall be resolved by the arbitrators.
- 23.7 <u>Application of California Evidence Code</u>. The provisions of the California Evidence Code shall apply to the arbitration hearing.
- 23.8 <u>Costs and Fees of Arbitrators</u>. Costs and fees of the arbitrators shall be borne by the non-prevailing party unless the arbitrators for good cause determine otherwise.
- 23.9 <u>Attorney Fees</u>. The prevailing party shall be awarded reasonable attorney fees, expert and non-expert witness expenses, and other costs and expenses incurred in connection with the arbitration, in accordance with <u>Article 24</u>.

ARTICLE 24

ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS

If either party undertakes litigation or arbitration against the other party arising out of or in connection with this Lease, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover from the other party reasonable attorney fees, arbitration costs, and court costs incurred. The prevailing party shall be determined under Civil Code Section 1717(b)(1) or any successor statute.

ARTICLE 25

MISCELLANEOUS

- 25.1 <u>Word Usage</u>. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise: (a) the plural and singular numbers shall each be considered to include the other; (b) the masculine, feminine, and neuter genders shall each be considered to include the others; (c) "shall," "will," "must," "agrees," and "covenants" are each mandatory; (d) "may" is permissive; (e) "or" is not exclusive; and (f) "includes" and "including" are not limiting.
- 25.2 <u>Counting Days</u>. Days shall be counted by excluding the first day and including the last day. If the last day is a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday as described in Government Code Sections 6700-6701, it shall be excluded. Any act required by this Lease to be performed by a certain day shall be timely performed if completed before 5 p.m. local time on that date. If the day for performance of any obligation under this Lease is a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the time for performance of that obligation shall be extended to 5 p.m. local time on the first following date that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday.
- 25.3 <u>Waiver</u>. The waiver by either party of any breach of any term, covenant, or condition herein contained shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any subsequent breach of the same or any other term, covenant or condition herein contained.
- 25.4 <u>Force Majeure-Specific Exceptions</u>. Unless otherwise specified (including, without limitation <u>Section 2.4</u>), the time for performance of an obligation other than the payment of money under this Lease shall be extended for the period during which a party is prevented from performing by acts of God, government, or other force or event beyond the reasonable control of that party.
- 25.5 <u>Binding on Successors</u>. This Lease and all of the covenants, agreements, conditions and undertakings contained herein, shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.
- 25.6 <u>Headings</u>. The headings of the Articles and Sections hereof are for convenience only and shall not affect or be deemed to affect the meaning of any provisions hereof.
- 25.7 <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Lease, including all exhibits, contains all of the terms, covenants, conditions and agreements between Landlord and Tenant relating in any manner to the rental, use and occupancy of the Premises. No prior agreement or understanding pertaining to the same shall be valid or of any force or effect, and the terms, covenants, conditions and

provisions of this Lease cannot be altered, changed, modified or added to, except in writing and signed by Landlord and Tenant. All references herein, directly or indirectly, to the term of this Lease shall also be deemed to include any extensions or renewals thereof provided Tenant herein, unless expressly provided to the contrary.

- 25.8 <u>Governing Law</u>. This Lease shall be governed exclusively by its express provisions and by the laws of the State of California, and any action to enforce the terms of the Lease or breach thereof shall be brought in Santa Rosa, California.
- 25.9 <u>No Joint Venture</u>. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed in any way or have any purpose whatsoever to constitute Landlord or Tenant a partner of the other in its business or otherwise, or a joint venturer or a member of a joint enterprise with the other.
- 25.10 <u>Invalidity</u>. If any term or provision of this Lease, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Lease or the application of such term or provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected thereby, and each term and provision of this Lease shall be valid and shall be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- 25.11 <u>Construction of Lease</u>. This Lease shall be strictly construed neither against Landlord nor Tenant, but shall be construed according to the fair meaning of its terms. No remedy or election given by any provision in this Lease shall be deemed exclusive unless so indicated, but each shall, wherever possible, be cumulative with all other remedies in law or equity as otherwise specifically provided. Whenever the context of any provision shall require it, the singular number shall be held to include the plural number, and vice versa, and the words "he", "his" or "him" if used with reference to Landlord shall be deemed to include the neuter or feminine gender of such pronoun. "Landlord" whenever used includes all grantors of the term, who shall be held bound jointly and severally hereby.
- 25.12 <u>Signatures</u>. This Lease may be executed in counterparts. All executed counterparts shall constitute one agreement, and each counterpart shall be deemed an original. The parties hereby agree and acknowledge and agree that facsimile signatures or signatures transmitted by electronic mail in so-called "pdf" format shall be legal and binding and shall have the same full force and effect as if an original of this Lease had been delivered.

ARTICLE 26

TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

<u>Installation of Telecommunications Equipment</u>. Tenant shall have the right to install, at Tenant's cost, a satellite dish or similar antennae on the roof of the Building as set forth in this <u>Article 26</u>. Tenant shall have the right to install, operate and maintain telecommunications equipment on or about the Premises, the Building and the roof of the Building. In installing the telecommunications equipment, Tenant shall adhere to industry standards for installation and workmanship, all work to be completed to Landlord's reasonable satisfaction. Landlord reserves the right to have its roofing inspector supervise and review installation(s) to ensure the integrity of the roof structure is maintained. In addition, the installation of such equipment shall not cause damage to the

Building and the use shall not result in excessive electrical use or diminish the rentable square footage of the Building. Tenant shall be responsible for procuring whatever consents, approvals, licenses or permits that may be required for the installation, use, operation and removal of Tenant's system. Tenant shall at all times and at Tenant's sole cost and expense be responsible for proper maintenance of the Telecommunications Equipment and all governmental permits and approvals required in connection therewith.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Lease as of the Effective Date.

"LANDLORD"	E:_GATEHOUSE MRES SANTA ROSA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company By: Time till Timothy A. Hill, Authorized Signer
"TENANT":	COUNTY OF SONOMA, a political subdivision of the State of California
	By: Johannes Hoevertz, Director Sonoma County Public Infrastructure
	Director, or his Deputy, is authorized to execute this es' Action dated
APPROVED AS TO FORM FOR TENANT:	
Deputy County Counsel	
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL FOR TENA	ANT:
Angela Struckmann, Director Human Services_Department	
Warren Sattler, Real Estate Manager Sonoma County Public Infrastructure	
CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE ON FILE WI	TH DEPARTMENT:
Reviewed by:	Date:

Exhibit A

Premises



Exhibit B

Site Plan

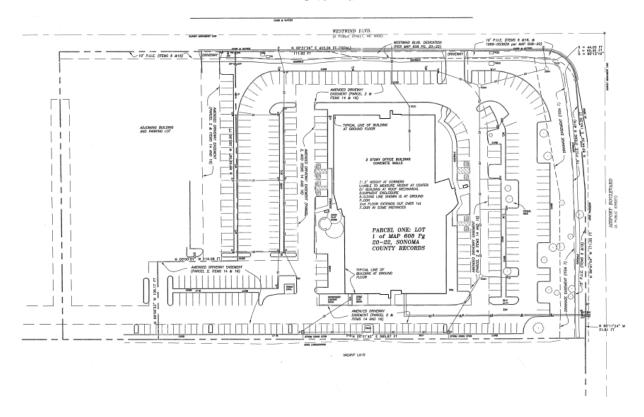


Exhibit C

Leasehold Improvement Agreement

This Leasehold Improvement Agreement ("LIA") is dated for reference purposes only as ______, 2023 ("Effective Date"), and is made by and between **GATEHOUSE MRES SANTA ROSA LLC**, a Limited Liability Corporation ("Landlord"), and the **COUNTY OF SONOMA**, a political subdivision of the State of California ("Tenant"), as part of that certain Lease dated as of the same date as this LIA between them, affecting the real property located at 3750 Westwind Boulevard, Suite 200B, Santa Rosa, California. Capitalized terms used, but not otherwise defined, in this LIA shall have meanings ascribed to those terms in the Lease. The following provisions are added to the Lease and, in the event of conflict between this LIA and the Lease, this LIA shall prevail.

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

1.1 Definitions. Wherever used in this LIA, the following terms are defined as follows:

Architect means DevCon Construction or designee.

Contractors means the General Contractor and all other general contractors, design-build contractors, subcontractors, and material suppliers who provide labor and materials for construction of the Leasehold Improvements. Each Contractor shall be duly licensed by the State of California and in good professional standing.

Construction Costs means all costs incurred to complete the Leasehold Improvements, including, without limitation, the following:

- a. Payments to Contractors for labor, material, equipment, and fixture supplied pursuant to any construction contract entered into in accordance with this LIA;
 - b. Fees paid to Designers for services required by this LIA;
- c. Taxes, fees, charges, and levies by governmental and quasigovernmental agencies for Permits or for inspections of the work;
 - d. Utilities incurred in the course of the construction;
 - e. Premiums for builder's risk insurance and other insurance required by
- f. Costs incurred for the management and administration of the construction, including without limitation, wages, labor burden, and expediting, procurement, and administrative expenses; and
- g. Any and all other costs incurred to complete the Leasehold Improvements.

Construction Documents means this LIA and the Final Plans.

Design and Construction Schedule means the schedule for preparation, approval, disapproval, modification, and completion of the Final Plans and for obtaining Permits required for the

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this LIA;

Leasehold Improvements and for the commencement, prosecution, and Substantial Completion of all Leasehold Improvements, which schedule is attached to this LIA as **Attachment A**, and incorporated into the LIA by this reference.

Design Process means the process for creation of the Final Plans as set forth in **Attachment B**.

Designers means the Architect and all other architects, structural engineers, mechanical engineers, and the other design professionals that are needed to design the Leasehold Improvements, each of whom shall be duly licensed by the State of California and in good professional standing.

Engineered Plans means the heating, ventilating and air conditioning system engineering plans, specifications and calculations prepared by an independent, licensed mechanical engineer acceptable to and approved in writing by Tenant and engaged by the Architect (and not any mechanical or other subcontractor). Such engineer is hereinafter referred to as the "HVAC Engineer". It is the specific intention of the parties that the heating, ventilating and air conditioning system will not be designed under a so-called 'design-build' arrangement.

Final Plans are those working drawings, plans, specifications, elevations, finishes and other documents, including, without limitation, the Engineered Plans, prepared by the Designers and approved by the parties in accordance with this LIA.

General Contractor means the general contractor selected by Landlord.

Landlord's Representative means Jose McNeill or such other person as Landlord shall designate in writing to Tenant as its authorized representative for the purposes of administering this LIA. Landlord's Representative shall have no right to modify any term or conditions of this LIA or the Lease.

Laws and Orders shall have the meaning set forth in Section 12.1 of the Lease.

Leasehold Improvements means the improvements, modifications, and alterations to be constructed in or about the Premises in accordance with this LIA.

Permits means the permits, approvals, and consents of governmental authorities and third parties having jurisdiction over the Leasehold Improvements that are required for commencement and completion of the Leasehold Improvements, including without limitation, conditional use permits, building permits, sign permits and other permits.

Punchlist is defined in <u>Section 5.2</u> of this LIA.

Substantial Completion or Substantially Completed or Substantially Complete is defined in <u>Section 5.1</u> below.

Scheduled Completion Date means the scheduled date for Substantial Completion of the Leasehold Improvements as specified in <u>Section 2.3</u> of the Lease.

Tenant Delay means any actual delay in the Substantial Completion of the Leasehold Improvements as a consequence of:

a. Tenant's failure to fulfill its obligation as set forth in the Design and Construction Schedule, or this LIA which is not cured within twenty-four (24) hours following written notice to Tenant of the default;

b. the amount of delay specified in	Change Orders requested by Tenant, part the Change Order;	provided the delay will not exceed
Representative, Tenant's agents	A willful or negligent act or omes, or employees that interferes with the our (24) hours after delivery of notice finterference.	e progress of the work and which
	resentative means riting to Landlord as its authorized re	
Tenant's Wor	$m{k}$ means furniture, fixtures and equip	oment not shown or described in

Tenant's Work means furniture, fixtures and equipment not shown or described in Tenant's Design Requirements or the Final Plans, telephone cable from the Building's point-of-demarcation to and within the Premises, computer cable within the Premises, interior signs not shown or described in Tenant's Design Requirements, Tenant's security system if one is to be installed, and Tenant's personal and business property.

ARTICLE II

DESIGNATION OF REPRESENTATIVES

2.1 <u>Designation of Representatives</u>. Landlord and Tenant respectively appoint Landlord's Representative and Tenant's Representative as their sole representatives for the purposes of administering this LIA. Until replaced upon written notice, Landlord's Representative and Tenant's Representative will have the full authority and responsibility to act on behalf of Landlord and Tenant, respectively, as required in this LIA, but shall have no right to modify this LIA or the Lease or to waive any materials right of his or her principal under this LIA.

ARTICLE III

CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND PERMITS

- 3.1 <u>Retention of Architect, Design Process and Delivery of Tenant's Design Requirements.</u>
 Landlord shall retain the Architect to prepare the plans and specifications for the Leasehold Improvements in accordance with the Design Process and Tenant's Design Requirements. Landlord shall also retain the HVAC Engineer to prepare the Engineered Plans in accordance with the Design Process and Tenant's Design Requirements.
- 3.2 <u>Preparation and Approval of Final Plans</u>. Landlord shall cause the Architect to prepare proposed Final Plans (which Final Plans shall include, but not by way of limitation, the Engineered Plans) which shall conform to Tenant's Design Requirements, on or before the last date specified in the Design Schedule for completion of such items. Tenant shall review the Final Plans and deliver to Landlord Tenant's written approval or disapproval of the Final Plans within the time limits stated in the Design Schedule. If Tenant disapproves in any respect the Final Plans, the parties shall confer and negotiate in good faith to reach written agreement on such item(s), using all reasonable efforts to achieve final agreement on such item(s) by the last date for agreement specified in the Design Schedule. Tenant agrees to work closely with the Architect to value engineer the proposed Final Plans, provided, however, that, such value engineering shall not compromise Tenant's Design Requirements.
- 3.3 <u>Standards for Consent</u>. Tenant shall not unreasonably withhold its approval of the Final Plans, unless the Final Plans do not conform to the Tenant's Design Requirements or unless the Leasehold Improvements are unsuitable for the conduct of Tenant's business. Any disapproval by Tenant

shall be accompanied by a written statement of the disapproved item, the reasons for disapproval, and the specific changes required to make the Final Plans acceptable. If Tenant's written notice of disapproval is not delivered in accordance with the time limits and standards set forth in this section, approval shall be deemed given.

- 3.4 <u>Application for Approvals</u>. When Tenant approves the Final Plans, Landlord shall submit them to all appropriate governmental agencies and third parties for issuance of the Permits required for the construction of the Leasehold Improvements and occupancy by Tenant of the Premises for its intended use. Landlord shall use all reasonable efforts to obtain the Permits within the time permitted by the Design Schedule.
- 3.5 <u>Changes to Construction Documents</u>. After being approved by Tenant in accordance with the foregoing, the Final Plans established in accordance with Article III, may be modified only by a written "Change Order" executed by Landlord and Tenant, which clearly describes: (a) the change; (b) the party required to perform the change; (c) any modification of the Final Plans necessitated by the Change Order; and (d) the cost or credit to Tenant, if any, of the Change Order. Neither Landlord nor Tenant shall unreasonably withhold or delay its approval of any Change Order (whether requested by a party or required by Law and Orders).

ARTICLE IV

PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK

- 4.1 <u>Selection of Contractors</u>. When Tenant has approved the Final Plans and Landlord has obtained the Permits required for construction of the Leasehold Improvements, Landlord shall cause the General Contractor to prepare and circulate an appropriate bid package for bidding by the various subcontractors (the "Contractors"). When the bids are received and approved by Landlord and Tenant, Landlord shall enter into a guaranteed maximum cost construction contract with the General Contractor based on the lowest qualified subcontract bids selected by Landlord, and approved by Tenant and General Contractor. No Contractor shall have any direct right or remedy against Tenant for payment of any sum or performance of any obligation with respect to the Leasehold Improvements.
- 4.2 <u>Commencement and Completion of Leasehold Improvements</u>. When all Permits for construction of the Leasehold Improvements have been obtained and Landlord and the General Contractor have entered into a construction contract in accordance with <u>Section 4.1</u> above, Landlord shall cause the General Contractor to commence and to thereafter diligently prosecute the construction of the Leasehold Improvements in accordance with the Permits and the Final Plans, so that the Leasehold Improvements will be Substantially Completed on or before the Scheduled Completion Date. Landlord shall comply with the applicable provisions of California Labor Code Sections 1720.2 and 1770 et seq., regarding general prevailing wages.
- 4.3 <u>Tenant's Entry</u>. Landlord shall notify Tenant when the Leasehold Improvements are Substantially Completed and shall permit Tenant's contractors to enter into the Premises for the purpose of conducting Tenant's Work. Tenant and Landlord shall cooperate in good faith to schedule, coordinate, and perform their respective construction activities in an orderly manner and Tenant shall comply, and shall cause its contractors to comply, with all reasonable rules and regulations promulgated in writing by Landlord and provided to Tenant for the performance of Tenant's Work in the Premises.
- 4.4 <u>Standards for Performance of the Work</u>. Landlord shall cause the Leasehold Improvements to be constructed by well-trained, adequately supervised workers, in a good and workmanlike manner, free from design, material and workmanship defects in accordance with all Construction Documents and all Laws and Orders. Notwithstanding anything stated to the contrary in the Lease or this LIA, Tenant's acceptance of possession of the Leasehold Improvements shall not waive

this warranty and Landlord shall promptly remedy all violations of the warranty at its sole cost and expense.

ARTICLE V

COMPLETION OF THE WORK

- 5.1 <u>Substantial Completion</u>. Landlord's Work shall be deemed "Substantially Complete" when: (a) construction of the Leasehold Improvements has been substantially completed in accordance with the Final Plans, the Permits, and Laws and Orders; (b) the Architect has certified that the Leasehold Improvements have been constructed in accordance with the Final Plans; (c) Landlord's Representative and Tenant's Representative agree that all work has been substantially performed, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld; (d) there is no incomplete or defective work that unreasonably interferes with Tenant's use of the Premises; (e) the Leasehold Improvements are ready for occupancy by Tenant (including a Certificate of Occupancy) except for the completion of Tenant's Work; and (f) all utilities are hooked up and available for use by Tenant in the Premises. The Substantial Completion Date shall not occur until the Leasehold Improvements are Substantially Completed and Tenant has had at least thirty (30) calendar days to complete Tenant's Work.
- 5.2 <u>Inspection and Punchlist</u>. Tenant's Representative and Designers shall have the right to enter the Premises at all reasonable times for the purpose of inspecting the progress of construction of the Leasehold Improvements. Landlord shall notify Tenant's Representative when the Leasehold Improvements are Substantially Completed. On receipt of such notice, Tenant's Representative, Landlord's Representative, and the Architect shall inspect the Leasehold Improvements and prepare a written list of any items that are defective, incomplete, or do not conform to the Final Plans or the Permits and Laws and Orders (the "Punchlist"). Tenant may augment the Punchlist at any time on or before sixty (60) days following the Substantial Completion Date. Tenant's failure to specify any item on the Punchlist, however, shall not waive Landlord's obligation to construct the Leasehold Improvements in accordance with this LIA. Landlord shall cause all Punchlist items to be remedied within sixty (60) days after the Substantial Completion Date.
- 5.3 <u>Delay in Substantial Completion</u>. If the Substantial Completion of the Leasehold Improvements is delayed, the provisions of <u>Sections 2.3 and 2.4</u> of the Lease shall govern.

ARTICLE VI

PAYMENT OF CONSTRUCTION COSTS

- 6.1 <u>Duty to Pay Construction Costs</u>. The Leasehold Improvements shall be completed at the sole expense of Landlord, without reimbursement by Tenant, except as Tenant and Landlord may otherwise agree in writing after the date of this LIA. Tenant shall bear all costs of performing Tenant's Work..
- 6.2 <u>Notice of Non-responsibility</u>. Landlord shall provide Tenant with at least ten (10) days' prior written notice of the date of commencement of construction of the Leasehold Improvements, in order to permit Tenant to post, file, and record such Notices of Non-Responsibility and other instruments as may be necessary to protect Tenant and its property from claims by Contractors for Construction Costs that are to be paid by Landlord pursuant to this LIA.

ARTICLE VII

RISK OF LOSS

- 7.1 <u>Builder's Risk Insurance</u>. At all times prior to the Substantial Completion Date, Landlord shall maintain, or cause the General Contractor to maintain, so-called contingent liability and broad form "builder's risk" insurance with coverage in an amount equal to the replacement cost of the Premises and the Leasehold Improvements to be constructed pursuant to this LIA.
- 7.2 <u>Casualty</u>. If the Premises or any portion of the Leasehold Improvements are damaged or destroyed prior to the Substantial Completion Date, the parties shall have the following rights to terminate the Lease:
- a. Tenant may terminate the Lease, if (in the reasonable opinion of the Architect) the building cannot be restored and the Leasehold Improvements Substantially Completed prior to one hundred twenty (120) days after the Scheduled Completion Date.
- b. If the Lease is so terminated, Landlord shall be entitled to the proceeds of the builder's risk insurance specified in <u>Section 7.1</u>.
- c. If the Premises or the Leasehold Improvements are damaged or destroyed prior to the Substantial Completion Date and the Lease is not terminated pursuant to this section, Landlord shall promptly and diligently cause the General Contractor to restore the Premises and complete the construction of the Leasehold Improvements. Landlord shall be entitled to the proceeds of the builder's risk insurance specified in <u>Section 7.1</u>.

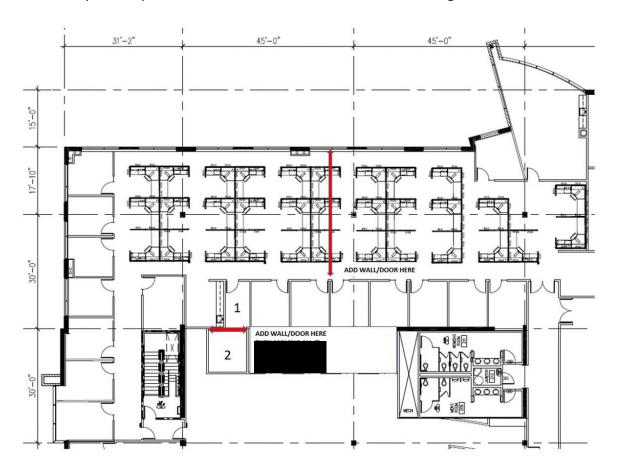
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Landlord and Tenant have executed this LIA, intending to be bound by it as of the Effective Date.

LANDLORD:	GATEHOUSE MRES SANTA ROSA LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Corporation By: Docusigned by:
TENANT:	COUNTY OF SONOMA , a political subdivision of the State of California
	By:
APPROVED AS TO FORM FOR TENANT:	
Deputy County Counsel	
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL FOR TENANT:	
Angela Struckmann, Director Human Services Department	_
Warren Sattler, Real Estate Manager Sonoma County Public Infrastructure	_

Attachment A

TENANT IMPROVEMENTS

- 1. Add one divider wall and door across the space as shown below
- 2. Add wall and door between location 1 and 2 as shown below²
- 3. Paint and install new carpet (tiles) throughout the Premises, including the Geyser conference room
- 4. Make any necessary repairs and adjustments to existing Building systems serving the Premises
- 5. Install electrical outlets (and corresponding connection wiring therefor) as needed by County
- 6. Provide County with report from an airflow assessment of units serving the Premises



88295850.8

 $^{^2}$ NTD: The above diagram should be updated to remove the reference to "Then moving all IT equipment from Location 1 into Location 2."

Exhibit D

Insurance Requirements

- A. <u>Insurance Premiums</u>. The cost of the premiums for insurance policies maintained by Landlord pursuant to this Exhibit shall be included as Operating Costs.
- B. <u>Liability Insurance Carried by Tenant</u>. Tenant shall obtain and keep in force a commercial general liability policy of insurance (or a combination of self-insurance and insurance through a public entity risk sharing pool) protecting Tenant and Landlord as an additional insured against claims for bodily injury, personal injury and property damage based upon or arising out of the ownership, use, occupancy or maintenance of the Premises and all areas appurtenant thereto. Such insurance shall be on an occurrence basis providing single limit coverage in an amount not less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of not less than \$4,000,000.
- C. <u>Liability Insurance Carried by Landlord</u>. Landlord shall maintain liability insurance as described in Section B above, in addition to, and not in lieu of, the insurance required to be maintained by Tenant. . Such insurance shall be on an occurrence basis providing single limit coverage in an amount not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of not less than \$2,000,000. Tenant shall not be named as an additional insured therein.
- D. <u>Property Insurance</u>. Landlord shall obtain and keep in force a policy or policies of insurance in the name of Landlord, with loss payable to Landlord and to any lender insuring loss or damage to the Building. The amount of such insurance shall be equal to the full insurable replacement cost of the Building, as the same shall exist from time to time, or the amount required by any lender, but in no event more than the commercially reasonable and available insurable value thereof. Tenant owned alterations, trade fixtures and personal property shall be insured by Tenant and not Landlord, with such insurance to be full replacement cost coverage. The proceeds from any such insurance shall be used by Tenant for the replacement of such alterations, trade fixtures, and personal property of Tenant.
- E. <u>Worker's Compensation Insurance</u>. Tenant shall obtain and maintain Worker's Compensation Insurance in such amount as may be required under applicable law.
- F. <u>Insurance Policies</u>. Insurance required herein shall be by companies maintaining during the policy term a "General Policyholders Rating" of at least A- VII, as set forth in the most current issue of "Best Insurance Guide," or such other rating as may be required by a Lender. No such policy shall be cancelable or subject to modification except after 30 days prior written notice to the other party.
- G. <u>Waiver of Subrogation</u>. Without affecting any other rights or remedies, Landlord and Tenant each hereby release and relieve the other, and waiver their entire right to recover damages against the other, for loss of or damage to its property arising out of or incident to the perils required to be insured against herein. The effect of such releases and waivers is not limited by the amount of insurance carried or required, or by any deductibles applicable hereto. Landlord and Tenant agree to have their respective property damage insurance carriers waive any right to subrogation that such companies may have against Landlord or Tenant, as the case may be, so long as the insurance is not invalidated thereby.