CONSUMER PRICE INDICES, UNITED STATES AND CALIFORNIA CALENDAR YEAR AVERAGES, (1982-84=100)

Year	CPI-U (All Urban Consumers)	CPI-U (All Urban Consumers)	CPI-U (All Urban Consumers)	CPI-U (All Urban Consumers)
	United States Index	United States % Change	California Index	California % Change
2018	251.107	2.4	272.510	3.7
2019	255.657	1.8	280.638	3.0
2020	258.811	1.2	285.315	1.7
2021	270.970	4.7	297.371	4.2
2022 f/	293.027	8.1	320.235	7.7

f/ Governor's Budget Forecast, November 2022

All Urban Consumers: Include, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees, and others not in the labor force.

California CPI:

From 1965 to 1986: Population-weighted average of the CPI for Los Angeles, San Diego, and San Francisco MSAs.

From 1987 to 2017: Population-weighted average of the CPI for Los Angeles and San Francisco MSAs.

From 2018 onward: Population-weighted average of the CPI for Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego, and San Francisco MSAs.

Los Angeles MSA: Includes the counties of Los Angeles and Orange.

Riverside MSA: Includes the counties of Riverside and San Bernardino.

San Diego MSA: San Diego county.

San Francisco MSA: Includes the counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo.

Source:

United States, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Diego, and San Francisco MSAs -- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)

California -- Calculated by the CA Department of Finance using a formula developed by the CA Dept. of Industrial Relations (DIR)

Forecast -- CA Department of Finance, (percent changes calculated from unrounded data)

Annual percent change from 2022 onward are based on forecast.

Beginning with the January 2007 data, indices published by the BLS will be rounded to three decimal places.

Updated: January 2023.