

EXHIBIT 1  
ERRATA DOCUMENT

Chapter 4 of the Response to Comments Document dated June 2022 (“Response to Comments”) included revisions to the Draft EIR made in response to public comments. This Errata Document dated August 2022 reflects additional revisions to the text of the Draft EIR that are being made in response to additional comments received. In no case do these revisions result in a greater number of impacts or impacts of a substantially greater severity than those set forth in the Draft EIR. Where revisions to the main text are called for, the page and paragraph are set forth, followed by the appropriate revision. Added text is indicated with underline and deleted text is indicated with ~~strikeout~~. Page numbers correspond to the page numbers of the Draft EIR.

This Errata Document dated August 2022 incorporates revisions made in the Response to Comments. Revisions to pages ES-26, ES-26, 4.5-20, and 4.5-20 are in addition to those revisions made in the Response to Comments. Revisions to pages ES-44, ES-45, 4.17-4, and 4.17-5 replace the revisions made to these pages in the Response to Comments.

Page ES-26 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows:

CUL-5 Phase III Data Recovery

Should the results of the Phase II site evaluation (Mitigation Measure CUL-4) yield resources that meet CRHR/ NRHP significance standards and if the resource cannot be avoided by project construction in accordance with Mitigation Measure CUL-4, the Sonoma County DTPW shall ensure that all feasible recommendations (as defined in CEQA Guidelines Section 15364) for mitigation of archaeological impacts are incorporated into the final design prior to construction. Any necessary Phase III data recovery excavation, conducted to exhaust the data potential of significant archaeological sites, shall be carried out by a qualified archaeologist meeting the SOI standards for archaeology according to a research design approved by the County, in consultation with the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria, and Caltrans Local Assistance prepared in advance of fieldwork and using appropriate archaeological field and laboratory methods consistent with the California Office of Historic Preservation Planning Bulletin 5 (1991), Guidelines for Archaeological Research Design, or the latest edition thereof. If the archaeological resource(s) of concern are Native American in origin, the qualified archaeologist shall confer with ~~local California Native American tribe(s)~~ the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria, and any Phase III work plans may be combined with a tribal cultural resources plan prepared under Mitigation Measure TCR-3. If determined applicable by the tribes, a Native American monitor shall be present in accordance with Mitigation Measure TCR-4.

As applicable, the final Phase III Data Recovery reports shall be

submitted to Sonoma County prior to starting project construction. Recommendations contained therein shall be implemented throughout all ground disturbance activities.

Page ES-26 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows:

#### CUL-7 Unanticipated Discovery of Archaeological Resources

If archaeological resources are encountered during ground-disturbing activities, work within 50 feet shall be halted and the project applicant shall retain an archaeologist meeting the SOI's PQS for archaeology (National Park Service 1983) immediately to evaluate the find. The Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria shall be notified and work with the archaeologist to determine significance. If necessary, the evaluation may require preparation of a treatment plan and archaeological testing for CRHR and NRHP eligibility. If the discovery proves to be significant under CEQA and cannot be avoided by the project, additional work may be warranted, such as data recovery excavation, to mitigate any significant impacts to historical resources. If the resource is of Native American origin, implementation of Mitigation Measures TCR-1 through TCR-4 ~~may~~ shall be required. Any reports required to document and/or evaluate unanticipated discoveries shall be submitted to the County, ~~and~~ Caltrans Local Assistance, and Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria for review and approval. If determined necessary, recommendations contained therein shall be implemented throughout the remainder of ground disturbance activities.

Page ES-44 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows and replaces the revisions made to this page in the Response to Comments:

#### TCR-1 Tribal Cultural Resources Coordination and Consultation

Archival research has identified the site to be sensitive with regard to possible presence of unknown TCR. Throughout the implementation of Mitigation Measures CUL-2 through CUL-7 (see pages 4.5- 19-20, Cultural Resources), the qualified archaeologist retained to implement the measures shall confer with local California Native American tribe(s) on the identification and treatment of tribal cultural resources and/or resources of Native American origin not yet determined to be tribal cultural resources through AB 52 consultation. If, during the implementation of Mitigation Measures CUL-2 through CUL-7, a

resource of Native American origin is identified, the County shall be notified immediately in order to open consultation with the appropriate local California Native American tribe(s) to discuss whether the resource meets the definition of a tribal cultural resource as defined in AB 52. The local Native American Tribes to be consulted are the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria.

#### TCR-2 Avoidance of Tribal Cultural Resources

~~When feasible, the Project shall be designed to avoid known tribal cultural resources. The feasibility of avoidance of tribal cultural resources shall be determined by the County, FHWA, and in consultation with local California Native American tribe(s).~~

#### TCR-2 Inadvertent Discovery of Historical or Archaeological Resources and Worker Awareness Training

The project specifications shall require the contractor to comply with the following measures regarding the discovery of cultural resources, including Native American Tribal Cultural Resources and items of historical and archaeological interest. The County's Construction Inspector and construction personnel will be notified of the possibility of encountering cultural resources during project construction.

The County shall notify the Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs) of the appropriate local Native American tribe(s) in writing at least two weeks prior to the start of the project's ground-disturbing activities that work will commence. The local Native American Tribes to be notified and consulted are the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria.

Prior to initiation of ground-disturbing activities, the County shall arrange for construction personnel to receive training about the kinds of cultural materials that could be present at the project sites and protocols to be followed should any such materials be uncovered during construction. An archaeologist who meets the U.S. Secretary of Interior's professional standards (48 CFR Parts 44738-44739 and Appendix A to 36 CFR 61) shall provide appropriate archaeological training, including the purpose of the training to increase awareness and appropriate protocols in the event of an inadvertent discovery. Tribal Cultural Monitor(s), from the consulting tribe(s), may provide appropriate tribal cultural resources training as determined by the Native American Tribe(s). Training may be required during different phases of construction to educate new construction personnel.

The project specifications will provide that if discovery is made of

items of historical, archaeological, or cultural interest, the contractor will immediately cease all work activities in the area of discovery. Historical, archaeological, and cultural indicators may include, but are not limited to, dwelling sites, locally darkened soils, stone implements or other artifacts, fragments of glass or ceramics, animal bones, and human bones. After cessation of excavation, the contractor will immediately contact the County's Construction Resident Engineer or construction inspector and the THPOs. The contractor will not resume work until authorization is received from the Project Resident Engineer.

In the event of unanticipated discovery of historical or archaeological materials occurs during construction, the County shall retain the services of a qualified professional archaeologist who meets the U.S. Secretary of Interior's professional standards (48 CFR Parts 44738-44739 and Appendix A to 36 CFR 61) to evaluate the significance of the items prior to resuming any activities that could impact the site. In the case of an inadvertent historical or archaeological discovery, if it is determined that the find is potentially eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources and/or National Register of Historic Places, and the site cannot be avoided, additional mitigation measures shall be implemented. Mitigation measures may include (but are not limited to): avoidance; capping the site; deeding the site into a permanent conservation easement; or data recovery excavation. Mitigation measures for historical resources shall be developed in consultation with responsible agencies, and the Native American Tribes. If data recovery excavation is necessary, the County shall provide an Archaeological Resource Management and Data Recovery Plan, prepared by a qualified archaeologist, outlining recovery of the resource, analysis, and reporting of the find in consultation with the Native American Tribes. The local Native American Tribes to be consulted are Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria. The Archaeological Resource Management and Data Recovery Plan shall be approved by the County and the Tribes. Implementation of the Archaeological Resource Management and Data Recovery Plan shall be conducted prior to work being resumed.

#### TCR-3 Tribal Cultural Resource Plan

A Tribal Cultural Resources Plan shall be required for work in areas identified as high to moderate sensitivity for tribal cultural resources during consultation with local Native American tribes during the implementation of TCR-1 and/or by the qualified archaeologist during the implementation of CUL-2 through CUL-7. Prior to starting construction, the County or its consultant, shall prepare a tribal cultural resources treatment plan to be implemented in the event an unanticipated archaeological resource that may be considered a tribal

~~cultural resource is identified during construction. The plan shall include any necessary monitoring requirements, suspension of all earth-disturbing work in the vicinity of the find, avoidance of the resource or, if avoidance of the resource is infeasible, the plan shall outline the appropriate treatment of the resource in coordination with local Native American tribes and, if applicable, a qualified archaeologist. Examples of appropriate treatment for tribal cultural resources include, but are not limited to, protecting the cultural character and integrity of the resource, protecting traditional use of the resource, protecting the confidentiality of the resource, or heritage recovery. As appropriate, the tribal cultural resources treatment plan may be combined with any Extended Phase I, Phase II, and/or Phase III work plans or archaeological monitoring plans prepared for work carried out during the implementation of Mitigation Measures CUL-4, CUL-6, CUL-7, or CUL-8. The plan shall be reviewed and approved by the County and the appropriate local California Native American tribe(s) to confirm compliance with these measures prior to construction.~~

#### TCR-3 Inadvertent Discovery of Human Remains

The project specifications will require the contractor to comply with Public Resources Code section 5097.98 and Health and Safety Code section 7050.5, as they pertain to the discovery of human remains. If human remains are encountered, the contractor shall halt work within 50 feet of the find, and contact the County's construction inspector and the Sonoma County Coroner in accordance with Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 and Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5. If the coroner determines the remains are Native American, the coroner will contact the Native American Heritage Commission. As provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98, the Native American Heritage Commission will identify the person or persons believed to be most likely descended (MLD) from the deceased Native American. The MLD makes recommendations for means of treating the human remains and any associated grave goods as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. Work shall cease in the immediate area until the recommendations of the appropriate MLD are concluded.

Page ES 45 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows and replaces the revisions made to this page in the Response to Comments:

#### TCR-4 Native American Monitoring

~~For work in areas identified as high to moderate sensitivity for tribal cultural resources, consultation with local California Native American tribe(s) during the implementation of TCR-1 and/or areas identified as sensitive for cultural resources of Native American origin by the qualified archaeologist during the~~

~~implementation of CUL-2 through CUL-7, Sonoma County DTPW, in conjunction with interested tribes, shall retain Native American monitor(s) representing tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the project site to observe ground disturbance, including archaeological excavation, associated with the Project. Monitoring methods and requirements shall be outlined in a tribal cultural resources treatment plan prepared under Mitigation Measure TCR-3. In the event of a discovery of tribal cultural resources, the steps identified in the tribal cultural resources plan prepared under Mitigation Measure TCR-3 shall be implemented~~

For all ground disturbing activities Sonoma County DTPW, shall retain Native American monitor(s) representing tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the project site to observe ground disturbance, associated with the Project. The local Native American Tribes to be consulted and provide monitoring for the Project are the Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria and the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria. In the event of a discovery of tribal cultural resources, mitigations TRC-2 and/or TRC-3 shall be adhered to.

Page 4.5-20 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows

#### CUL-5 Phase III Data Recovery

Should the results of the Phase II site evaluation (Mitigation Measure CUL-4) yield resources that meet CRHR/ NRHP significance standards and if the resource cannot be avoided by project construction in accordance with Mitigation Measure CUL-4, the Sonoma County DTPW shall ensure that all feasible recommendations (as defined in CEQA Guidelines Section 15364) for mitigation of archaeological impacts are incorporated into the final design prior to construction. Any necessary Phase III data recovery excavation, conducted to exhaust the data potential of significant archaeological sites, shall be carried out by a qualified archaeologist meeting the SOI standards for archaeology according to a research design approved by the County, in consultation with the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria, and Caltrans Local Assistance prepared in advance of fieldwork and using appropriate archaeological field and laboratory methods consistent with the California Office of Historic Preservation Planning Bulletin 5 (1991), Guidelines for Archaeological Research Design, or the latest edition thereof. If the archaeological resource(s) of concern are Native American in origin, the qualified archaeologist shall confer with ~~local California Native American tribe(s)~~ the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria, and any Phase III work plans may be combined with a tribal cultural resources plan prepared under Mitigation Measure TCR-3. If determined applicable by the tribes, a Native American monitor shall

be present in accordance with Mitigation Measure TCR-4.

Page 4.5-20 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows

#### CUL-7 Unanticipated Discovery of Archaeological Resources

If archaeological resources are encountered during ground-disturbing activities, work within 50 feet shall be halted and the project applicant shall retain an archaeologist meeting the SOI's PQS for archaeology (National Park Service 1983) immediately to evaluate the find. The Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria shall be notified and work with the archaeologist to determine significance. If necessary, the evaluation may require preparation of a treatment plan and archaeological testing for CRHR and NRHP eligibility. If the discovery proves to be significant under CEQA and cannot be avoided by the project, additional work may be warranted, such as data recovery excavation, to mitigate any significant impacts to historical resources. If the resource is of Native American origin, implementation of Mitigation Measures TCR-1 through TCR-4 ~~may~~ shall be required. Any reports required to document and/or evaluate unanticipated discoveries shall be submitted to the County and Caltrans Local Assistance , and Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria for review and approval. If determined necessary, recommendations contained therein shall be implemented throughout the remainder of ground disturbance activities.

Page 4.17-4 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows and replaces the revisions made to this page in the Response to Comments:

#### TCR-1 Tribal Cultural Resources Coordination and Consultation

Archival research has identified the site to be sensitive with regard to possible presence of unknown TCR. Throughout the implementation of Mitigation Measures CUL-2 through CUL-7 (see pages 4.5-19-20, *Cultural Resources*), the qualified archaeologist retained to implement the measures shall confer with local California Native American tribe(s) on the identification and treatment of tribal cultural resources and/or resources of Native American origin not yet determined to be tribal cultural resources through AB 52 consultation. If, during the implementation of Mitigation Measures CUL-2 through CUL-7, a resource of Native American origin is identified, the County shall be notified immediately in order to open consultation with the appropriate local California Native American tribe(s) to discuss whether the resource meets the definition of a tribal cultural resource as defined in AB 52. The local Native American Tribes to be consulted are the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria.

#### ~~TCR-2 Avoidance of Tribal Cultural Resources~~

~~When feasible, the Project shall be designed to avoid known tribal cultural resources. The feasibility of avoidance of tribal cultural resources shall be~~

determined by the County, FHWA, and in consultation with local California Native American tribe(s).

#### TCR-2 Inadvertent Discovery of Historical or Archaeological Resources and Worker Awareness Training

The project specifications shall require the contractor to comply with the following measures regarding the discovery of cultural resources, including Native American Tribal Cultural Resources and items of historical and archaeological interest. The County's Construction Inspector and construction personnel will be notified of the possibility of encountering cultural resources during project construction.

The County shall notify the Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs) of the appropriate local Native American tribe(s) in writing at least five days two weeks prior to the start of the project's ground-disturbing activities that work will commence. The local Native American Tribes to be notified and consulted are the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria.

Prior to initiation of ground-disturbing activities, the County shall arrange for construction personnel to receive training about the kinds of cultural materials that could be present at the project sites and protocols to be followed should any such materials be uncovered during construction. An archaeologist who meets the U.S. Secretary of Interior's professional standards (48 CFR Parts 44738-44739 and Appendix A to 36 CFR 61) shall provide appropriate archaeological training, including the purpose of the training to increase awareness and appropriate protocols in the event of an inadvertent discovery. Tribal Cultural Monitors (s), from the consulting tribe(s), may provide appropriate tribal cultural resources training as determined by the Native American Tribe(s). Training may be required during different phases of construction to educate new construction personnel.

The project specifications will provide that if discovery is made of items of historical, archaeological, or cultural interest, the contractor will immediately cease all work activities in the area of discovery. Historical, archaeological, and cultural indicators may include, but are not limited to, dwelling sites, locally darkened soils, stone implements or other artifacts, fragments of glass or ceramics, animal bones, and human bones. After cessation of excavation, the contractor will immediately contact the County's Construction Resident Engineer or construction inspector and the THPOs. The contractor will not resume work until authorization is received from the Project Resident Engineer.

In the event of unanticipated discovery of historical or archaeological materials occurs during construction, the County shall retain the services of a qualified professional archaeologist who meets the U.S. Secretary of Interior's professional standards (48 CFR Parts 44738-44739 and Appendix A to 36 CFR 61) to evaluate the significance of the items prior to resuming any activities that could impact the site. In the case of an inadvertent historical or archaeological discovery, if it is determined that the find is potentially eligible



for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources and/or National Register of Historic Places, and the site cannot be avoided, additional mitigation measures shall be implemented. Mitigation measures may include (but are not limited to): avoidance; capping the site; deeding the site into a permanent conservation easement; or data recovery excavation. Mitigation measures for historical resources shall be developed in consultation with responsible agencies, and the Native American Tribes. If data recovery excavation is necessary, the County shall provide an Archaeological Resource Management and Data Recovery Plan, prepared by a qualified archaeologist, outlining recovery of the resource, analysis, and reporting of the find in consultation with the Native American Tribes. The local Native American Tribes to be consulted are Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria and Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria. The Archaeological Resource Management and Data Recovery Plan shall be approved by the County and the Tribes. Implementation of the Archaeological Resource Management and Data Recovery Plan shall be conducted prior to work being resumed.

### *TCR-3 — Tribal Cultural Resource Plan*

~~A Tribal Cultural Resources Plan shall be required for work in areas identified as high to moderate sensitivity for tribal cultural resources during consultation with local Native American tribes during the implementation of TCR-1 and/or by the qualified archaeologist during the implementation of CUL-2 through CUL-7. Prior to starting construction, the County or its consultant, shall prepare a tribal cultural resources treatment plan to be implemented in the event an unanticipated archaeological resource that may be considered a tribal cultural resource is identified during construction. The plan shall include any necessary monitoring requirements, suspension of all earth-disturbing work in the vicinity of the find, avoidance of the resource or, if avoidance of the resource is infeasible, the plan shall outline the appropriate treatment of the resource in coordination with local Native American tribes and, if applicable, a qualified archaeologist. Examples of appropriate treatment for tribal cultural resources include, but are not limited to, protecting the cultural character and integrity of the resource, protecting traditional use of the resource, protecting the confidentiality of the resource, or heritage recovery. As appropriate, the tribal cultural resources treatment plan may be combined with any Extended Phase I, Phase II, and/or Phase III work plans or archaeological monitoring plans prepared for work carried out during the implementation of Mitigation Measures CUL-4, CUL-6, CUL-7, or CUL-8. The plan shall be reviewed and approved by the County and the appropriate local California Native American tribe(s) to confirm compliance with these measures prior to construction.~~

### TCR-3 Inadvertent Discovery of Human Remains

The project specifications will require the contractor to comply with Public Resources Code section 5097.98 and Health and Safety Code section 7050.5, as they pertain to the discovery of human remains. If human remains are encountered, the contractor shall halt work within 50 feet of the find, and

contact the County's construction inspector and the Sonoma County Coroner in accordance with Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 and Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5. If the coroner determines the remains are Native American, the coroner will contact the Native American Heritage Commission. As provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98, the Native American Heritage Commission will identify the person or persons believed to be most likely descended (MLD) from the deceased Native American. The MLD makes recommendations for means of treating the human remains and any associated grave goods as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. Work shall cease in the immediate area until the recommendations of the appropriate MLD are concluded.

Page 4.17-5 of the Draft EIR is revised as follows and replaces the revisions made to this page in the Response to Comments:

TCR-4 Native American Monitoring

For work in areas identified as high to moderate sensitivity for tribal cultural resources, consultation with local California Native American tribe(s) will occur per TCR-1 above. during the implementation of TCR-1 and/or areas For areas identified as sensitive for cultural resources of Native American origin by the qualified archaeologist during the implementation of CUL-2 through CUL-7, Sonoma County DTPW, in conjunction with interested tribes, shall retain Native American monitor(s) representing tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the project site to observe ground disturbance, including archaeological excavation, associated with the Project. Monitoring methods and requirements shall be outlined in a tribal cultural resources treatment plan prepared under Mitigation Measure TCR-3. In the event of a discovery of tribal cultural resources, the steps identified in the tribal cultural resources plan prepared under Mitigation Measure TCR-3 shall be implemented. In the event of a discovery of tribal cultural resources, mitigations TRC-2 and/or TRC-3 shall be adhered to.

For all ground disturbing activities Sonoma County DTPW, shall retain Native American monitor(s) representing tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the project site to observe ground disturbance, associated with the Project. The local Native American Tribes to be consulted and provide monitoring for the Project are the Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of Stewarts Point Rancheria and the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria. In the event of a discovery of tribal cultural resources, mitigations TRC-2 and/or TRC-3 shall be adhered to.