Prescription Opioid Settlement Funds –Workshop

September 24, 2024



Background

- Multi-District Prescription Opioid Litigation (MDL) filed in 2018largest litigation in U.S. history
- County of Sonoma, an early filed Plaintiff
- Goal is to hold opioid pharmaceutical related businesses financially responsible for the harms caused by the national opioid epidemic
- Considered by most States, Counties, Cities, and Tribes to be successful litigation.

Prescription Opioid Litigation Settlement Funding -History

- Pharmaceutical distributors McKesson, Cardinal Health and AmerisourceBergen, and with manufacturer Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. reached a settlement in the MDL in 2022
- Pharmaceutical giants Teva and Allergan reached a settlement in the MDL in 2023
- Pharmacies Walmart, Walgreens, and CVS reached a settlement in the MDL in early 2024
- Pharmacy Kroger reached an MDL settlement in August 2024
- Management/Consultant McKinsey and Company, Inc. reached a class action settlement outside of the MDL in early September 2024

Funding

- \$12 million currently in fund balance
- \$31 million additional expected to be received
- \$43 million in total expected
- Amounts and term of payments vary by company
- 3 cities reallocated funds to the County
- Allowable uses primarily for prevention and intervention
- Oversight of expenditures by the State

Numerous litigations still pending | Funding stream may continue to grow

Allowable Uses

Core Strategies

- 1. Naloxone or other FDA-approved drug to reverse opioid overdoses
- 2. Medication-Assisted Treatment ("MAT") distribution and other opioid-related treatment
- 3. Services for pregnant & postpartum women
- 4. Expanding treatment for neonatal abstinence syndrome ("Nas")
- 5. Expansion of warm hand-off programs and recovery services
- 6. Treatment for incarcerated population
- 7. Prevention programs
- 8. Syringe service programs
- 9. Evidence-based data collection and research analyzing the effectiveness of the abatement strategies

Other Approved Uses

- 1. Treatment & Recovery Opioid Use Disorder, Support, Connect to care, Aiding those in the criminal justice system, Aiding parents
- 2. Preventions Appropriate prescribing efforts, Prevent misuse, Harm Reduction
- 3. 1st Responders, Training, and Research
- 4. Administrative and indirect costs up to 10%

Allowable Uses - Continued

Must spend no less than 50% on High Abatement Activities:

- 1. Matching funds or operation costs for SUD facilities with an approved project within the Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program (BHCIP).
- 2. Creating new or expanded SUD treatment infrastructure.
- 3. Addressing the needs of communities of color and vulnerable populations (including sheltered and unsheltered homeless populations) that are disproportionately impacted by SUD.
- 4. Diversion of people with SUD from the justice system into treatment, including by providing training and resources to first and early responders (sworn and non-sworn) and implementing best practices for outreach, diversion and deflection, employability, restorative justice, and harm reduction.
- 5. Interventions to prevent drug addiction in vulnerable youth.
- 6. The purchase of naloxone for distribution and efforts to expand access to naloxone for opioid overdose reversals.

Unallowable Uses

- 1. Salaries and benefits for work not related to opioid remediation activities
- 2. Law enforcement activities related to interdiction or criminal processing
- 3. Non-FDA-approved medications
- 4. Medication, services or equipment, infrastructure, and other costs not related to SUD treatment

Potential Use Considerations

• Substance Use Treatment and Recovery Services:

- Additional SUD residential treatment beds and/or facility
- Additional residential treatment beds for clients currently in jail needing placement
- Adolescent Residential, Outpatient, and Office Based Opioid (OBOT) Treatment
- Funding for Recovery Housing and aftercare services
- Dual Diagnosis Substance Use Disorder continuum of treatment programs, including the implementation of SB 43 requirements for treatment and continuum/transition support programs
- Establish an Opioid Prevention and Community Crisis Grant Program for local communitybased and non-profit organizations
- Allowable support for the Sheriff's Office Opioid Prevention, Education, Research and Abatement Team
- Behavioral Health Continuum Infrastructure Program (BHCIP) source of match funds for future SUD-related State grant submissions
- SUDS-related large-scale projects, such as Behavioral Health Housing Unit (BHHU) and SB 43 implementation

Potential Uses - Continued

- Outreach and Marketing for Prevention:
 - Sonoma County podcast focusing on prevention
 - Mental Health workshops for local schools
 - Outreach to wineries: DUI prevention training, Responsible Beverage Service
 - Prevention outreach, advertising materials
 - Sonoma County Community Alcohol and Drug Education Nights
 - Expand contractor(s) for opioid/meth education/workshops
 - Equity and inclusion focused cultural art such as murals, paintings, décor, etc.
- Consider development of a stakeholder input group
- Consider a regional collaborative approach to use
- Consider development of a funding allocation policy to apply to future settlement distributions

Board Deliberation and Uses Input