

LIFE OPENS UP®

SONOMA COUNTY TOURISM

Sonoma County Tourism Bureau, Inc.

Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Sonoma County Tourism Bureau, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sonoma County Tourism Bureau, Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



Pisenti & Brinker LLP has joined practices with Kosmatka, Donnelly & Co., LLP (dba, KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP). The former Pisenti & Brinker LLP Partners are now Partners of KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP (KDP). KDP Certified Public accountants, LLP is a licensed CPA firm that provides attest services to its clients. Pisenti & Brinker Management LLC provides professional tax and business consulting services to its clients. Pisenti & Brinker Management, LLC and KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP practice as an alternative practice structure in accordance with the AICPA Code of Professional Conduct and applicable laws, regulations, and professional standards.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Santa Rosa, California February 26, 2025

Kosmatka, Donnelly 🗧 Co., 🖽

June 30,		2024		2023
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,361,665	\$	3,068,938
Accounts receivable, net	*	3,132,305	,	2,674,579
Inventory		25,394		25,936
Prepaid expenses and other assets		322,111		370,483
Total current assets		5,841,475		6,139,936
Property, equipment, and improvements, net		257,958		268,107
Right-of-use operating lease assets, net		932,141		1,226,266
Deposits		26,122		26,122
Total assets	\$	7,057,696	\$	7,660,431
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	362,878	\$	673,214
Accrued expenses	*	465,884	,	423,770
Operating lease liability		289,865		251,685
Total current liabilities		1,118,627		1,348,669
Operating lease liability		690,868		1,010,470
Total liabilities		1,809,495		2,359,139
Net assets without donor restrictions		5,248,201		5,301,292
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	7,057,696	\$	7,660,431

		Year End	led June 30, 2024
	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	Total
Support and other revenue			
Contract revenue			
BIA contract	\$ 5,828,294	\$ -	\$ 5,828,294
TOT contract	3,398,179	ψ - -	3,398,179
Rental income and reimbursements	152,359	_	152,359
Investment income	16,304	_	16,304
AHP fees	1,535	-	1,535
Total support and other revenue	9,396,671	-	9,396,671
Expenses			
Program services	7,546,331	-	7,546,331
Management and general	1,903,431	-	1,903,431
Total expenses	9,449,762		9,449,762
Change in net assets	(53,091)	-	(53,091)
Net assets at beginning of year	5,301,292		5,301,292
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,248,201	\$ -	\$ 5,248,201

		Year End	led June 30, 2023
	Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	Total
Support and other revenue			
Support and other revenue Contract revenue			
BIA contract	\$ 5,659,720	\$ -	\$ 5,659,720
TOT contract	. , ,	5 -	. , ,
Rental income and reimbursements	3,213,148 146,533	-	3,213,148 146,533
Investment income	15,044	-	15,044
AHP fees	1,485	-	· ·
Anrices	1,463		1,485
Total support and other revenue	9,035,930	-	9,035,930
Expenses			
Program services	8,901,361	-	8,901,361
Management and general	1,920,530	-	1,920,530
Total expenses	10,821,891	-	10,821,891
Change in net assets	(1,785,961)	-	(1,785,961)
Net assets at beginning of year	7,087,253		7,087,253
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,301,292	\$ -	\$ 5,301,292

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	Duo ouone	N	Ianagement	
	Program Services		and General	Total
Personnel				
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,807,536	\$	759,414	\$ 2,566,950
Employee benefits	311,540		109,838	421,378
Payroll taxes	134,070		51,024	185,094
Recruiting	-		1,112	1,112
	2,253,146		921,388	3,174,534
Operating				
Advertising	1,610,230		-	1,610,230
Destination programming	888,346		-	888,346
Contract services	775,231		33,926	809,157
Digital engagement	523,894		650	524,544
Event and organization sponsorship	438,985		7,262	446,247
Facilities expense	-		375,598	375,598
Travel and tradeshows	373,633		-	373,633
Client events and entertainment	272,630		12,116	284,746
Research and development	192,772		30,000	222,772
Professional development and training	99,930		111,395	211,325
Technology	-		158,361	158,361
Fees and licenses	-		133,086	133,086
Organization tools	56,052		35,900	91,952
Memberships	34,287		32,442	66,729
Office supplies and equipment	27,195		22,086	49,281
Depreciation	-		44,221	44,221
Bad debt expense (recovery)	-		(15,000)	(15,000)
	5,293,185		982,043	6,275,228
Total expenses	\$ 7,546,331	\$	1,903,431	\$ 9,449,762

Year	Ended	June	30,	2023
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	Program Services	M	lanagement and General	Total
Personnel				
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,750,979	\$	720,810	\$ 2,471,789
Employee benefits	274,766		92,646	367,412
Payroll taxes	70,134		18,422	88,556
Recruiting	-		596	596
	2,095,879		832,474	2,928,353
Operating				
Advertising	2,260,154		-	2,260,154
Digital engagement	2,044,902		1,694	2,046,596
Contract services	734,534		36,683	771,217
Event and organization sponsorship	447,707		7,500	455,207
Client events and entertainment	359,774		23,631	383,405
Facilities expense	-		354,557	354,557
Professional development and training	173,602		145,220	318,822
Travel and tradeshows	307,285		30	307,315
Research and development	254,726		-	254,726
Fees and licenses	-		175,995	175,995
Technology	-		155,859	155,859
Destination programming	79,515		69,538	149,053
Organization tools	74,212		45,973	120,185
Memberships	35,616		39,978	75,594
Office supplies and equipment	33,455		24,773	58,228
Depreciation	-		18,631	18,631
Bad debt expense (recovery)	-		(12,006)	(12,006)
	6,805,482		1,088,056	7,893,538
Total expenses	\$ 8,901,361	\$	1,920,530	\$ 10,821,891

Year Ended June 30,		2024	2023
Increase (decrease) i	n cash and cash	equivalents
Cash flows from operating activities			
Changes in net assets	\$	(53,091) \$	(1,785,961)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets			
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation		44,221	18,631
Right-of-use asset operating lease amortization		294,125	251,254
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:			
Accounts receivable		(457,726)	695,086
Inventory		542	(1,609)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		48,372	65,336
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Accounts payable		(310,336)	358,961
Accrued expenses		42,114	129,682
Operating lease liability		(281,422)	(215,365)
Net cash used in operating activities		(673,201)	(483,985)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, equipment, and improvements		(34,072)	(235,842)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(707,273)	(719,827)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,068,938	3,788,765
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,361,665 \$	3,068,938

Year Ended June 30,	2024	2023
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liability	\$ 294,124	\$ 253,761
Noncash investing and financing transactions		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations	\$ -	\$ 1,477,520

Note A. Nature of the Organization

The Sonoma County Tourism Bureau, Inc. (the "Organization") was formed in 2005. The Organization is a California not-for-profit mutual benefit corporation established to promote and encourage tourism within Sonoma County.

The Organization has contracts with Sonoma County and receives funding from the Sonoma County Tourism Business Improvement Area ("BIA") and the County of Sonoma Transient Occupancy Tax ("TOT"). The Organization facilitates the services, activities, and programs funded by BIA revenue, which covers all unincorporated areas of Sonoma County, as well as the cities of Cloverdale, Cotati, Petaluma, Rohnert Park, Santa Rosa, Sebastopol, and Windsor. The Organization's revenue received from TOT must be spent to promote tourism throughout Sonoma County.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The only limits on net assets without donor restrictions are those resulting from the nature of the Organization and its purposes.

With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, when the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Net Assets Released from Restriction – Net assets with donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resourced was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, except when a restriction is imposed which limits the investment's use to long-term.

Accounts Receivable

Receivables are monies due from various sources for services performed prior to the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates the need for an allowance for doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, management has recognized an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$67,561 and \$82,561, respectively.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, Equipment, and Improvements

Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost or estimated fair market value at date of donation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the useful life of the asset, or in the case of leasehold improvements, the lessor of the term of the lease or life of the asset, usually ranging from three to ten years. It is the Organization's policy to capitalize property, equipment, and leasehold improvements over \$1,000.

Asset Impairment

The Organization routinely evaluates the carrying value of its long-lived assets for impairment. The evaluations address the estimated recoverability of the assets' carrying values, which is principally determined based on projected undiscounted net cash flows generated by the underlying tangible assets. When the carrying value of an asset exceeds estimated recoverability, an asset impairment loss is recognized. No asset impairment charges were recorded during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Support and Other Revenue

Contract revenue represents funds received from the County of Sonoma to support the Organization's program. The Organization has determined that contract revenue received is within the scope of the ASC - 958 - 605 *Contributions Received*. As such, contract revenue is recognized as non-exchange contribution revenue in the period the commitment is received.

Rental income and reimbursements represent monies received from sub-lease rental agreements. Rental income is recorded as it is earned, and reimbursements are recorded when utilities and common area maintenance expenses have been incurred.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs relate to the Organization's mission of promoting tourism within Sonoma County. Advertising costs are expensed when incurred. Advertising expenses amounted to \$1,610,230 and \$2,260,154 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Organization is a not-for-profit organization and is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) and California Franchise Tax Board Code Section 23701(d). However, the Organization is subject to income taxes on any net income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on, and not in furtherance of the purposes for which it was granted exemption, commonly referred to as unrelated business income. The Organization may be subject to taxes on this unrelated business income.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes (continued)

The Organization determines whether its tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority based on the technical merits of the positions. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Organization has reviewed its tax positions and has concluded no reserve for uncertain tax positions is required, respectively. The Organization's exempt organization information returns are subject to review through three years after the date of filing for federal and four years after the date of filing for state.

Functional Expense Allocation

Expenses that can be identified with a program are charged directly to that program as direct costs. Expenses related to more than one function are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort. Administration expenses include those costs that are not directly identifiable with any program but provide for the overall support and direction of the Organization. The allocation is reflected in the statement of functional expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions based on management's knowledge and experience. Those estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenue, support, and expenses. The use of management's estimates primarily relates to the collectability of accounts receivable, and depreciable lives of property, equipment, and improvements, and indirect functional expense allocations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Leases

The Organization accounts for leases in accordance with Topic 842, Leases, which requires lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets as a right-of-use ("ROU") asset representing the right to use an underlying asset and a lease liability representing the obligation to make lease payments over the lease term, measured on a discounted basis.

The Organization determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception, which is the date on which the terms of the contract are agreed to, and the agreement creates enforceable rights and obligations. A contract is or contains a lease when (i) explicitly or implicitly identified assets have been deployed in the contract and (ii) the Organization obtains substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of that underlying asset and directs how and for what purpose the asset is used during the term of the contract. The Organization also considers whether its service arrangements include the right to control the use of an asset.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Organization made an accounting policy election available under Topic 842 not to recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases with a term of 12 months or less. For all other leases, ROU assets and lease liabilities are measured based on the present value of future lease payments over the lease term at the commencement date of the lease. The ROU assets also include any initial direct costs incurred and lease payments made at or before the commencement date and are reduced by any lease incentives. To determine the present value of lease payments, the Organization made an accounting policy election available to non-public companies to utilize a risk-free borrowing rate, which is aligned with the lease term at the lease commencement date.

Future lease payments may include fixed rent escalation clauses or payments that depend on an index (such as the consumer price index), which is initially measured using the index or rate at lease commencement. Subsequent changes of an index and other periodic market-rate adjustments to base rent are recorded in variable lease expense in the period incurred. Residual value guarantees or payments for terminating the lease are included in the lease payments only when it is probable they will be incurred.

The Organization has made an accounting policy election to account for lease and non-lease components in its contracts as a single lease component for its real estate, vehicle, and equipment asset classes. The non-lease components typically represent additional services transferred to the Organization, such as common area maintenance for real estate, which are variable in nature and recorded in variable lease expense in the period incurred.

Note C. Property, Equipment, and Improvements

Property, equipment, and improvements consist of the following as of June 30:

	2024	2023
IT hardware	\$ 215,671	\$ 206,586
Work in progress	-	222,500
Furniture and fixtures	114,038	114,038
Office equipment	77,604	58,311
Leasehold improvements	45,387	45,387
Software	245,410	17,216
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	698,110	664,038
Accumulated depreciation	 (440,152)	(395,931)
	\$ 257,958	\$ 268,107

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$44,221 and \$18,631, respectively.

Note D. Accumulated Vacation

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the Organization. The carrying value of accumulated vacation at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$140,949 and \$113,581, respectively, and is reported within accrued expenses on the statements of financial position.

Note E. Net Asset Classification

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

All general operating revenues and expenses related to the program activities of the Organization are included in the change in net assets without donor restrictions. From time-to-time portions of net assets are designated by the Organization's board of directors as board designated net assets. The board designated funds consist of funds with no legal restrictions, but through board resolutions have been set aside for specific purposes. A vote of the board is required to make use of the board designated net assets.

Board designated net assets consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2024	2023
		A. A. 100.000
Strategic	\$ 2,189,823	\$ 2,189,823
Catastrophic	1,735,981	1,734,431
Branch Launch	60,000	60,000
Airline Attraction	58,843	58,843
30 60 90 Day Plan	76,252	76,252
IT, Furniture & equipment	108,646	108,646
Targeted Promotions	83,802	83,802
Research	25,000	25,000
Total board designated net assets	4,338,347	4,336,797
Undesignated net assets	909,854	964,495
Net assets	\$ 5,248,201	\$ 5,301,292

The Organization had no net assets with donor restrictions as of June 30, 2024 or 2023.

Note F. Leases

The Organization leases an office space under non-cancelable operating lease agreements that end December 31, 2027. The lease includes an option to renew, generally at the Organization's discretion, with renewal terms. In addition, the lease contains termination options, where the rights to terminate are held by either the Organization, the lessor or both parties. These options to extend or terminate the lease are included in the lease terms when it is reasonably certain that the Organization will exercise the option. The Organization's operating lease does not generally contain any material restrictive covenants or residual value guarantees.

Note F. Leases (continued)

Future undiscounted cash flows and a reconciliation to the lease liability recognized on the statement of financial position are as follows as June 30, 2024:

Year Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 293,434
2026	302,237
2027	311,304
2028	126,295
Total lease payments	1,033,270
Less imputed interest	 (52,537)
Total present value of lease liability	980,733
Less current maturities	(289,865)
Operating lease liability, net of current maturities	\$ 690,868

The Organization's discount rate applied to the lease liability is 2.95%. The rate was determined in reference to the zero-coupon U.S. Treasury instrument for the same period of time as the lease term.

Future minimum lease commitments, as determined under Topic 840, for all non-cancelable leases are as follows as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 281,422
2025	289,865
2026	298,561
2027	307,517
2028	156,031
Total	\$ 1,333,396

The Organization is a lessor in a sub-lease agreement with a similar not-for-profit organization which expires December 2027. The Organization requests reimbursements from the sub-lessee for utilities and other common area maintenance expenses.

Note F. Leases (continued)

Future minimum rental income payments from the sub-lessee as of June 30, 2024 are:

Year Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 87,847
2026	90,831
2027	93,879
2028	47,710
Total	\$ 320,267

Note G. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The Organization sponsors a 401(k) defined contribution plan for all employees meeting certain age and service requirements. The Organization contributes a safe harbor match of 100% of the first 3% of compensation and 50% of compensation between 3% and 5%. Additional amounts may be contributed at the option of the Organization. The Organization's contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$91,447 and \$88,774, respectively.

Note H. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Organization maintains cash balances in several financial institutions. Funds are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per financial institution. At June 30, 2024 the uninsured amount was approximately \$830,000 in multiple financial institutions. To date, the Organization has not experienced any losses in these accounts. Management believes that the Organization is not exposed to significant deposit risk with respect to its cash deposits.

Note I. Concentration of Income

The Organization is funded by an ordinance dated November 2, 2004, which created the BIA of Sonoma County. These revenues are a self-assessment of lodging properties within the BIA area. If the ordinance were discontinued the Organization would be significantly impacted.

The Organization also receives funds from the TOT, which is assessed and collected by the County of Sonoma. Each year, the County Board of Supervisors decides how much of the total TOT collected will be allocated to the Organization for the promotion of tourism within Sonoma County. Should the tax levy cease to exist, the Organization would be significantly impacted.

Note J. Liquidity

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets, reduced by amounts not available for general use within one year. Financial assets are considered unavailable due to donor-imposed restrictions or governing board use-designations.

June 30,	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,361,665	\$ \$ 3,068,938
Accounts receivable	3,132,305	2,674,579
Total financial assets	5,493,970	5,743,517
Less funds unavailable to management without Board approval	(4,338,347	(4,336,797)
Funds available to meet expenditures within one year	\$ 1,155,623	\$ 1,406,720

Note K. Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through February 26, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



Year	End	ed 1	lune	30	2024
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	Business Transient Improvement Occupancy Area and Other Tax Sources			Total	
Devenue without denon restriction and support					
Revenue without donor restriction and support Contracts					
BIA contract	\$ -	\$	5,828,294	\$	5,828,294
TOT contract	3,398,179	Φ	3,828,294	Ψ	3,398,179
Rental income and reimbursements	3,390,179		152,359		152,359
Investment income	-		16,304		16,304
AHP fees	_		1,535		1,535
Alli iccs			1,333		1,333
Total support and other revenue	3,398,179		5,998,492		9,396,671
Expenses					
Salaries and benefits	1,436,562		1,737,972		3,174,534
Advertising	44,584		1,565,646		1,610,230
Destination programming	627,012		261,334		888,346
Contract services	42,068		767,089		809,157
Digital engagement	19,010		505,534		524,544
Event and organization sponsorship	183,646		262,601		446,247
Facilities	375,598		-		375,598
Travel and tradeshows	-		373,633		373,633
Client events and entertainment	20,539		264,207		284,746
Research and development	30,000		192,772		222,772
Professional development and training	178,643		32,682		211,325
Technology	158,361		_		158,361
Fees and licenses	133,086		-		133,086
Organization tools	35,900		56,052		91,952
Memberships	47,693		19,036		66,729
Office supplies and equipment	24,734		24,547		49,281
Depreciation	44,221		-		44,221
Bad debt expense (recovery)	(15,000))	-		(15,000)
Total expenses	3,386,657		6,063,105		9,449,762
Change in net assets	\$ 11,522	\$	(64,613)	\$	(53,091)

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		Business Transient Improvement Occupancy Area and Othe Tax Sources		nprovement ea and Other		Total
Revenue without donor restriction and support						
Contracts	¢		Φ	5 (50 720	ф	5 (50 720
BIA contract	\$	2 212 149	\$	5,659,720	\$	5,659,720
TOT contract		3,213,148		146 522		3,213,148
Rental income and reimbursements		-		146,533		146,533
AHP fees		-		15,044		15,044
Investment income		-		1,485		1,485
Total support and other revenue		3,213,148		5,822,782		9,035,930
Expenses						
Salaries and benefits		1,268,500		1,659,853		2,928,353
Advertising		71,436		2,188,718		2,260,154
Digital engagement		1,539,738		506,858		2,046,596
Contract services		48,164		723,053		771,217
Event and organization sponsorship		152,414		302,793		455,207
Client events and entertainment		155,947		227,458		383,405
Facilities		354,557		-		354,557
Professional development and training		218,966		99,856		318,822
Travel and tradeshows		(1,488)		308,803		307,315
Research and development		110,340		144,386		254,726
Fees and licenses		171,945		4,050		175,995
Technology		149,427		6,432		155,859
Destination programming		149,053		-		149,053
Organization tools		45,973		74,212		120,185
Memberships		56,311		19,283		75,594
Office supplies and equipment		23,303		34,925		58,228
Depreciation		18,631		-		18,631
Bad debt expense (recovery)		<u>-</u>		(12,006)		(12,006)
Total expenses		4,533,217		6,288,674		10,821,891
Change in net assets	\$	(1,320,069)	\$	(465,892)	\$	(1,785,961)

Note A. Basis of Presentation

The schedules included in the Supplementary Information have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Note B. Expenses Reported Under Transient Occupancy Tax

Sonoma County Tourism Bureau receives Transient Occupancy Tax ("TOT") revenues from the County of Sonoma. Such contract revenues are used to fund projects, programs, and activities to promote tourism in Sonoma County. Expenses reported under TOT activities on the Statements of Activities by Source reflect only direct expenses incurred. The excess of these direct expenses over the TOT revenue are funded by other revenue sources received by the Organization. All indirect expenses have been absorbed by the activities funded by Business Improvement Area contract revenue and other support.