HYDROGEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT REPORT

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA 94952 APN 020-130-037

Prepared For:

Villa Vanto Farm 4485 D Street Petaluma, California 94952

July 28, 2022

Revised March 15, 2023 Revised January 10, 2025

Prepared By:

HURVITZ ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INC.

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Lee S. Hurvitz, PG #7573 CHG #1015 Certified Hydrogeologist

Project No. 5170.01



January 10, 2025

Villa Vanto Farm Mario and Katherine Ghilotti 4485 D Street Petaluma, California 94952

RE: Hydrogeologic Assessment Report - Revised

Villa Vanto Farm, 4485 D Street, Petaluma, CA 94952

APN: 020-130-037: Hurvitz Environmental Project No. 5170.01

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Ghilotti:

Hurvitz Environmental Services, Inc. (HES) is pleased to submit this Hydrogeologic Assessment Report (HAR) for the above referenced property. This report is a revision to the HES March 15, 2023 Revised HAR and was prepared to address subtle changes to the applicants plans that have resulted in updated water use demands.

This HAR report was prepared in accordance with the Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department (Permit Sonoma) Policy and Procedure Number 8-1-14 and General Plan Policy WR-2e. The purpose of this HAR was to evaluate the aquifer conditions at the site, which is located within a Zone 4 groundwater availability area, and to determine if the proposed groundwater usage will cause overdraft conditions, well interference or impact nearby streamflow.

The quantity of groundwater to be used for the project and within the Cumulative Impact Area compared to the quantity of available groundwater indicates that pumping for the Project is unlikely to result in significant declines in groundwater resources over time. Based on the findings of this report, pumping and groundwater extraction at the Project wells will not significantly impact neighboring wells or near-site stream flow conditions. In addition, based on the relative distance to the coastal areas, the depth of the site well and the proposed water usage rates, salt water intrusion is not considered to be a concern to this Assessment.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide you with these services. Please do not hesitate to contact us at your convenience, should have any questions or comments regarding this report or our recommendations.

Sincerely,

HURVITZ ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC

Lee S. Hurvitz, PG# 7573 CHG #1015 Certified Hydrogeologist

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1.0 INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF SERVICES

Villa Vanto Farm is applying to Sonoma County for approval to develop a small-scale lavender farm and processing facility at the property identified as 4485 D Street, Petaluma, California (the site). We understand the property will also host periodic events that support the agricultural business operations. The site is located within Sonoma County Groundwater Availability Class 4 (Areas with low or highly variable water yield¹). According to Sonoma County General Plan Policy WR-2e, development of property intending to use groundwater within Groundwater Availability Class 4 requires completion of a Hydrogeologic Assessment through the Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department (now referred to as Permit Sonoma).

On behalf of the property owner, Hurvitz Environmental Services (HES) conducted a Hydrogeologic Assessment for the site in accordance with the Permit Sonoma Procedures for Groundwater Analysis and Hydrogeologic Reports (Policy No. 8-1-14).

Policy WR-2e states that procedures for proving adequate groundwater should consider groundwater overdraft, land subsidence, saltwater intrusion, and potential impacts to neighboring wells and nearby creeks. Therefore, this groundwater report includes the following elements:

- Delineation of a Cumulative Impact Area.
- Estimates of existing and future potential water uses within the Cumulative Impact Area.
- Characterization of local hydrogeologic conditions within the site watershed and subbasin.
- Compilation and assessment of Well Completion Reports (drillers' logs) from the area.
- Review of recent Spring Yield Tests performed at one of the on-site horizontal wells.
- Estimates of annual groundwater storage and recharge relative to existing and proposed groundwater uses.
- Assess potential for the project to create salt water intrusion.
- Assess potential for well interference between the project well and neighboring wells and between the project well and nearby streams.

¹ Groundwater Availability Map, Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Division, April 1, 2004

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Site is located at 4485 D Street, in an unincorporated, rural agricultural area of Sonoma County, approximately 2.5 miles southwest of downtown Petaluma, California. (**PLATE 1** – **SITE LOCATION MAP**). The Sonoma County Assessor's Office identified the site as Assessor's Parcel No. (APN) 020-130-037 (**PLATE 2** – **ASSESSORS PARCEL MAP**). The 56.76-acre parcel is zoned as Land Extensive Agriculture (LEA-60). The property is also located in Sonoma County Groundwater Availability Class 4 - Areas with low or highly variable water yield, within the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board. The Site is located outside of the Petaluma Valley Groundwater Basin, a State defined Priority Groundwater Management Basin. The Site is located within the Sonoma County Petaluma Dairy Belt Area, where residential development is mostly associated with agricultural land use.²

The Site features a 950 square foot existing single-family residence, built in 1913, and an existing barn located proximate to D Street near the entrance to the Site as shown on **PLATE 3** – **SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA**. A new 5,020 square foot, 2 story agricultural building is located at the south portion of the Site and immediately south of an existing retention pond. A portion of the Site around the new building is proposed to be farmed for layender.

Most of the Site is pastureland with rolling hills and a northerly flowing creek originating from the pond's spillway. One horizontal domestic water well (Well #1) was recently drilled and completed under Well Permit #WEL22-0063 and a second horizontal well was also installed to replace a former spring onsite under Well Permit #WEL22-0141 (Well #2) as shown on PLATE 3 – SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA. Site photographs are presented in APPENDIX A.

2.1 USGS 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE MAP

HES reviewed the most recent United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute Quadrangle Map, Petaluma, 2018 (**PLATE 4 – TOPOGRAPHIC MAP**)³. The site is a roughly rectangular, 56.76-acre parcel elongated 2,640 feet north to south and approximately 1,320 feet east to west. The site has a high elevation of approximately 510 feet near the southeast corner and a low elevation of approximately 200 feet along the onsite ephemeral drainage as it leaves the site at its northwest corner.

Topography, the site generally slopes from the southeast to northwest however the pond is situated in a saddle between two peaks with runoff flowing to the pond from both the east and west.

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² The Petaluma Dairy Belt Area Plan priorities are to 1) Preserve and enhance the agricultural resources and protect the agricultural industry in this area, 2) Preserve the area's scenic beauty, 3) Accommodate a variety of rural life styles, and 4) Encourage the development of an adequate transportation network which will accommodate proposed development and projected travel needs, and which will facilitate movement of agricultural products to the market place.

³ USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, National Elevation Dataset, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; U.S. Census Bureau | USGS The National Map: 3D Elevation Program. Data refreshed January 2018. | USGS TNM – National Hydrography Dataset. Data refreshed January 2018.

The \sim 1.6-acre pond onsite overflows on its northwest corner and into an ephemeral drainage that flows northerly across the Site before leaving the Site near the northwest corner. Water from the small creek crosses D Street before coalescing with an unnamed tributary to San Antonio Creek shortly thereafter. The unnamed tributary creek flows southwesterly for approximately 0.8 miles before merging with San Antonio Creek just south of the intersection of San Antonio Road and D Street. San Antonio Creek continues easterly before discharging into the Petaluma River just north of Burdell Island. Several properties near the Site utilize retention ponds for livestock and irrigation and roughly $\frac{1}{2}$ are connected to the San Antonio Creek tributary system.

2.2 HISTORICAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY

HES reviewed aerial photographs from years 1993-2021 depicting the site and vicinity to obtain information about historical development and other surficial features. In 1993, the Site appears to be developed with the same residence and associated outbuildings proximate to D Street, however the new Ag Barn was not constructed until 2021. The pond is present in all photos dating back to 1993. Most of the land in the immediate vicinity of the site is undeveloped grassland. Aside from the 2021 development, the site and site vicinity appear relatively unchanged since 1993.

2.3 NEIGHBORING PROPERTIES

The surrounding land uses are predominantly pasture land, dairy farms and rural residential developments. Tomales Bay and the Pacific Ocean are approximately 18 miles west and the mouth of the Petaluma River at San Pablo Bay is approximately 8.5 miles southeast of the Site. The developed properties are serviced by private septic systems and groundwater wells. The closest retention pond is located several hundred feet north of the Site. Access to neighboring properties is provided from D Street.

2.4 SITE DEVELOPMENT AND WATER USE

The Permit Sonoma records show a 2002 Agricultural Preserve establishment (Type II Williamson Act Contract) for the property. On February 25, 2022, the County issued a well permit (Well22-0063) to install a horizontal well onsite, and currently the Site is in plan check review for a small-scale lavender farm, processing facility and event center (UPE21-0064). An Ag exempt Horse Barn and Ag Barn were also developed in 2021 under permits AEX21-0046 and 0039.

Currently, Villa Vanto Farm is planning to develop the Site for use as a lavender farm, with a small-scale lavender processing facility, farm stand, and for periodic events. The Site will also be developed with 4.58-acres of olive trees. We understand that the barn will be used principally for small scale agricultural processing. The building houses processing equipment, a shipping and storage area, a small farm retail sales area, and a business office. The farm plans to begin cultivation of crop plants in the Spring/summer of 2025, with small scale processing of the harvest to occur in the Fall of 2025. The building and outdoor areas developed around the structure, are proposed to be used for periodic restricted non-agricultural promotional events. Up to 28 events annually are proposed.

An existing gravel road provides emergency vehicle access from a driveway at D Street to the

project. Site parking, including 5 standard stalls and 1 accessible stall, is provided at the project site. A new road, under separate Grading Permit, will provide paved access from a new driveway at D Street to the new agricultural building.

The Applicant currently obtains water for the residence from the new horizontal well (Well#2). Water for the proposed farming, processing, and events will come from the new horizontal well identified as Well #1 which was installed proximate to the processing barn as shown on **PLATE 3 – SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA**. The applicant also plans to install 75,000 gallons in water storage onsite to serve as the primary water storage and distribution system for the commercial operations proposed onsite.

2.4.1 Water Use for Lavender Farming

The Applicant plans to grow approximately 9.72-acres of lavender plants for the purpose of harvesting and processing oils. We understand that established lavender plants rarely need watering but that some irrigation is required during the first two years after planting. Water use for lavender farming varies based on soil types and climates and it is estimated that for the west Petaluma region the watering frequency will only be once a week during the summer months. The applicant plans to use drip irrigation to irrigate the lavender and irrigation water will come from the new horizontal well (Well#1) and proposed water storage tanks. Estimates for water use for the first two years of farm operation are presented below.

15,000 (estimated lavender plants on 9.72-acres) x 8 (weeks of summer irrigation) x 1/2-gallon/plant/week (irrigation rate) =

60,000 gallons/year = Annual Lavender Farming Water Use during First 2-years

In addition, the project may require an average of five (5) farm workers for 6-months a year. The established Napa County Water Availability Analysis methods specify annual domestic water use for workers at 15 gallons per day per worker.⁴ So, for this assessment we used the Napa County water use criteria to estimate the annual domestic water use at the Site as follows:

5 (average employees) x 15 gallons/day (employee water usage) x 180 days/year = 13,500 gallons/year = Annual Onsite Farm Worker Water Use

So, 80,000-gallons/year (Irrigation Water Use) + 13,500 gallons/year (Worker Water Use) = 73,500 gallons/year = Annual Water Use for Lavender Farming and Farm Workers

The Applicant is also developing plans to implement water conservation methods including rainwater catchment. Details on the sites proposed water conservation practices are presented in **Section 2.4.8** of this HAR. Based on the relatively low quantity of groundwater usage anticipated for the Project, there is the potential to significantly offset the Projects groundwater usage with captured rainwater.

⁴ Water Availability Analysis (WAA) Guidance Document, Napa County, Adopted May 12, 2015.

2.4.2 Water Use for Lavender Processing

The applicant plans to harvest and process the lavender plants twice each year. According to the applicant, the lavender processing equipment will require 12,000 gallons/harvest. Therefore, based on these estimates we can calculate the annual water use associated with lavender processing onsite.

2 (lavender harvest/year) x 12,000 gallons (water use per lavender harvest) = **24,000 gallons year** = **Annual Lavender Processing Water Use**

2.4.3 Water Use for Olive Orchard

The applicant plans to plant olive trees on 4.58-acres of the Site. The olive tree orchard will be located near the center of the property on a north facing slope. This olive orchard will be low density, hand harvested trees, planted at a rate of approximately 100-trees/acre. For the first 2-years it is estimated that the olive trees will require 1-gallon a week for irrigation during the dry season. After the first 2-years the irrigation rate is expected to increase to 2-gallons/week. Therefore, using the average watering rate for the first 4-years we calculated the water use associated with the proposed 4.58-acre orchard.

4.58 acres (Orchard size) x 100 trees/acre (planting density) x 1.5 gallons/week (irrigation rate) x 25 week (dry season) =

17,175 gallons/year = Annual Water Demand for Olive Tree Orchard

2.4.4 Events Water Use

So,

We understand that the applicant plans on periodically hosting events at the Site (28 events/year). The following types of promotional events are proposed annually:

- 15 Private Parties, Reunions, Weddings (80-200 attendees)
- 10 Customer, Educational, Marketing, Farm to Table Events (40 -120 attendees)
- 2 Charity Fundraising Events (50-150 attendees)
- 1 Industry related event (40-120 attendees)

Adobe and Associates Inc., of Santa Rosa, CA has been designing the site's septic system for the project Applicant and has therefore already calculated a water use rate for the events planned at the Site. We have reviewed the estimates which were based on the Sonoma County's Onsite Wastewater Treatment Manual and we found them to be reliable. Therefore, based on the Applicants' planned event schedule above, and the Adobe and Associates estimates, the following annual water use is anticipated for the proposed events onsite.

200 people (guests per event) x 7.05 gallons/guest + 10 (full-time employees) x 15 gallons/day + 10 (part-time employees) x 7.5 gallons/day = $\underline{1,635}$ Gallons per Event

1,635 gallons/event x 28 events/year = **45,780 gallons** = **Annual Water Use for Events**

2.4.5 Landscaping

As part of the site development the Applicant will plant and irrigate grass on either aside of the existing agricultural building totaling approximately 0.1 acres. In addition to the irrigated lawns, the Applicant will have other landscaping placed around the agricultural building including ornamental grasses, shrubs, trees and Crape myrtles. A landscape irrigation plan for the proposed project was prepared by Totem Landscaping Servies of Sonoma, Ca and it was determined that a total **246,324 gallons/year** will be required for landscape irrigation (**Appendix B**). A general breakdown of the landscape irrigation is presented below.

```
So,
168,792 gallons/year (irrigated lawns) + 67,548 gallons/year (shrubs, ornamentals, etc.) +
9,984 gallons/year (trees) =
246,324 gallons/year or 0.76 acre-feet/year = Total Water Use for Landscaping
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2.4.6 Livestock Water Use

Historically this property has been used to run beef and dairy cattle. Water for the cattle has historically come from either the pond onsite or the former residential spring which has since been converted into a horizontal well (Well #2). The farm has averaged 50 head of cattle, with water consumption of 1,300 gallons/day or 26 gallons/head of cattle. Beef and dairy products have been consistently phasing out of business in Sonoma County and California for the last 20 years. Therefore, Villa Vanto has decided to remove all the cattle from the Site and utilize the onsite pasture for sheep grazing. Villa Vanto has estimated that 76 sheep will now graze the Site.

Villa Vanta is working with a livestock consultant who has indicated that the sheep's total water use will be less than 20,000-gallons/year. This is based on 34 adult Ewes onsite for 365 days/year and consuming 1.25 gallons/day and 42 lambs of 4-months or less onsite for 120 days/year and consuming 0.84 gallons/day. Based on these livestock water use rates, we have calculated the Sites annual livestock water demand below.

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34 (adult sheep) x 1.25 gallons/day (water demand) x 365 days/year = 15,513 gallons/year for Adult Sheep and,
42 (lambs) x 0.84 gallons/day (water demand) x 120 days/year = 4,234 gallons/year for Lambs so,
15,513 gallons/year (adult sheep) + 4,234 gallons/year (lambs) = 19,747 gallons/year = Total Annual Livestock Water Demand
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While the Applicant plans to use 19,747 gallons/year for sheep grazing, it should be noted that the reduction of 50-cows onsite will result in a net decrease in water use of approximately 454,000 gallons/year (50 cattle x 26 gallons/day x 365 days/year – 19,747 gallons for sheep).

2.4.7 On-site Domestic Water Use

Current domestic water use at the site consists of one residential dwelling. Future domestic water use will include a secondary residence or farm worker housing. According to the USGS, the average person within the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed uses 0.19 acre-feet/year for domestic purposes⁵. In addition, the United States Census Bureau reported in 2010 that the average household in Sonoma County has 2.55 residents⁶. Therefore, for this assessment we used a number of five (5) residents combined for the two (2) households (3 residents in the primary and 2 residents in the accessory dwelling) and assumed that each person will use 0.19 acre-feet of groundwater per year. With this data we calculated the following domestic water usage.

5 (residents at site) x 0.19 acre-feet/year (annual water use/resident) = **0.9 acre-feet/year or 293,266 gallons/year = Annual Residential Water Demand**

All residential water is supplied from groundwater obtained from Sites horizontal Well #2.

2.4.8 Total Site Water Use

Therefore, the Annual Total Site Water Use is estimated by combining annual Site project water use from Well #1, with the livestock water use and the domestic water use from Well #2. In addition, we can apply the reduction in cattle water use to the overall project to further evaluate the potential impact.

93,500 gallons/year (Lavender Farming) + 24,000 gallons/year (Lavender Processing) + 45,780 gallons/year (Events) + 246,324 gallons/year (Landscaping) + 19,747 gallons/year (olive orchard) + 146,633 gallons/year (secondary housing) =

575,984 gallons or 1.77 acre-feet/year = Total Annual Project Water Use (Well #1)

19,747 gallons/year (Sheep) + 146,633 gallons/year (Existing Domestic Water Use) = **166,380 gallons/year or 0.51 acre-feet/yr = Additional Site Water Use (Well #2)**

575,984 gallons (project water use) + 166,380 gallons/year (additional Site water use) = 742,364 gallons year or 2.28 acre-feet/year = Total Site Water Use (Well #1 & #2)

The anticipated monthly Site Water Use is summarized below in **TABLE 1**.

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⁵ Santa Rosa Plain Groundwater Management Plan, Sonoma County Water Agency and USGS, 2014.

⁶ http://www.bayareacensus.ca.gov/counties/SonomaCounty.html

TABLE 1 – ESTIMATED ANNUAL SITE WATER USAGE

G	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Source	Gallons												acre- ft	
Lavender Farming/ Employees	0	0	0	0	0	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	17,500	0	0	93,500	0.29
Lavender Processing	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,000	0	0	12,000	0	0	24,000	0.07
Event Center /Employees	1,500	1,500	4,000	4,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	3,000	1,780	45,780	0.14
Olive Orchard	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	747	0	19,747	0.06
Landscape Irrigation	0	0	0	0	38,000	42,000	44,000	44,000	42,000	36,324	0	0	246,324	0.76
Livestock	1,500	1,500	2,000	1,500	1,500	2,000	1,500	1,500	2,000	1,500	1,500	1,747	19,747	0.15
Residential	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	23,266	14,735	293,266	0.90
TOTAL USAGE	27,000	27,000	30,000	29,500	69,500	96,000	110,500	98,500	97,000	101,324	28,513	18,262	742,364	2.28

The peak water usage for the project including farming, processing, events, employees, secondary housing, and landscaping is expected to occur in July each year with an estimated daily demand of 3,113 gallons/day. Average water use for the project during the entire year is expected to be 1,176 gallons/day.

The applicants plan to switch from cattle to sheep will result in decrease in Site water usage of approximately 454,753 gallons/year. The addition of another residential dwelling will add 146,633 gallons/year, and the estimated water use for the proposed lavender farm, processing, event center, employees, olive orchard, and landscaping will add 429,351 gallons/year which brings the estimated net increase to the Sites water use to 121,231 gallons/year or 0.37 acrefeet/year.

146,633 gallons/year (increase in residential water use) + 429,351 gallons/year (project water use) – 454,753 gallons/year (former cattle water use) =

121,231 gallons/year or 0.37 acre-ft/yr = Net Increase in Groundwater Use Onsite

2.4.9 Water Conservation Methods

The applicant is designing the project facility to utilize a combination of rainwater and groundwater to meet project demands. When available, rainwater will be the primary irrigation water source and groundwater will only be used when rainwater resources are depleted. The proposed rainwater system will capture water from the 5,020 ft² Ag building. The captured rainwater will be collected from the roof of the Ag building and transferred into approximately

onsite storage tanks designated for irrigation. A total of 75,000 gallons in water storage is proposed onsite and will be used in conjunction with rainwater to offset dry season water usage.

Mean seasonal precipitation maps from Sonoma County Water Agency⁷ indicate the mean annual rainfall in the Site vicinity is about 30 inches or 2.5-feet/year, (**PLATE 5- Precipitation Map**). Based on the average annual rainfall and the rainwater capture area we have estimated the rainwater capture potential at the site.

2.5 feet (rainfall average) x 0.115-acre (rainfall capture area) x 0.6 (efficiency factor) = 0.173 acre-feet/year or 56,209 gallons/year = Rainwater Capture Potential

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⁷ Sonoma County Mean Seasonal Precipitation in Flood Control Design Criteria manual: Plate No. B-3, Sonoma County Water Agency, Revised January 2005.

3.0 CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA

HES reviewed available water well records obtained from Permit Sonoma and California Department of Water Resources (DWR) and assessed information obtained from peer-reviewed scientific publications as referenced in this report to determine an appropriate Cumulative Impact Area (CIA) for the site. HES delineated the Cumulative Impact Area based on known geologic, hydrologic and groundwater characteristics in consultation with Robert Pennington with Permit Sonoma. The total area of the CIA is approximately 300-acres.

HES identified 7 properties in the Cumulative Impact Area including the Site (**TABLE 2**). The CIA includes the entire Site and all or portions of the other 6 properties (**PLATE 4 - SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA**). The property sizes in this CIA are large and range from 12.38 to 172.21 acres with an average size of approximately 61.5 acres. A total of 6 of the 7 CIA properties are developed with residences. There are 6 properties with single family residences, one property with a permitted accessory dwelling unit (ADU), one parcel is permitted for 2 or more residences and one parcel also contains a commercial dairy. One parcel is a large (30.30-acre) undeveloped pasture (APN 020-130-005).

All of the properties in the Cumulative Impact Area properties are zoned as Land Extensive Agriculture (LEA) with 60-acre density. Zoning in this area is unlikely to change significantly so future development is anticipated to be consistent with currently allowed conditions.

All of the 7 properties in the Cumulative Impact Area are listed as in the groundwater availability Class 4 (areas with low or highly variable water yield).

TABLE 2 CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA PROPERTIES

Item Number	APN	Address(s)	Acres	Zoning Code	Assessor Use Code
1	020-130-037	4485 D St, Petaluma	56.76	LEA 60	Pasture w/ Residence
2	020-130-005	No Address	30.30	LEA 60	Pasture
3	020-130-038	2000 Longhorn Ln, Petaluma	21.51	LEA 60	Rural Res/Single Residence
4	020-130-034	1250 San Antonio Rd, Petaluma	172.21	LEA 60	Rural Res/Single Residence
5	020-130-023	4001 and 4275 D St, Petaluma	122.36	LEA 60	Dairy w/Residence
6	020-130-039	1000 Longhorn Ln Petaluma,	12.38	LEA 60	Rural Residential SFD w/Granny Unit
7	020-130-026	1500 and 1525 Longhorn Ln Petaluma	14.96	LEA 60	Rural Res/2 or More Residence

3.1 GROUNDWATER USAGE IN CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA

Based on available information including a Google Earth May 2021 aerial photograph⁸, HES estimated the land use acreage within the 300-acre Cumulative Impact Area as follows:

40 acres Oak and riparian woodlands

14 acres Residential use including houses and landscaping (~ 2 acres per residence)

246 acres Livestock grazing pasturelands

The woodlands within the Cumulative Impact Area are situated primarily along the ridges and associated drainages, providing limited but valued privacy between properties so further reduction of existing wooded land may not be feasible or pursued.

3.1.1 Current Domestic Water Demand

According to the USGS, the average person within the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed uses 0.19 acrefeet/year for domestic purposes. In addition, the United States Census Bureau reported in 2010 that the average household in Sonoma County has 2.55 residents⁹. Therefore, for this assessment we used a conservative number of three (3) people at each primary residence and two (2) people at each permitted accessory dwelling units (ADUs) within the CIA with each person using 0.19 acre-feet of water annually.

Therefore, we estimate that 23 residents currently live within the Cumulative Impact Area. With this data we calculated the following domestic water usage.

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(7 residences x 3 people/residence) + (1 ADU x 2 people/ADU) = 23 people in CIA 23 people x 0.19 acre-feet/year =
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4.37 acre-feet/year = Annual Residential Groundwater Demand in CIA

This estimate assumes that all residential dwelling water is supplied from groundwater; other sources of water (recycled water, reservoirs or surface water) were not included. This estimate does not include domestic water use for workers.

3.1.2 Future Domestic Water Demand

For future potential groundwater demand we first assume that all properties over 2 acres (5 parcels) that do not currently have ADU's will develop an ADU at some point. We assume that those ADU's will be occupied by two (2) residents each. Accordingly, future potential groundwater demand for domestic purposes is as follows;

5 (additional ADUs) x 2 (residents per dwelling) x 0.19 acre-feet/year = 1.9 acre-feet/year = Future Potential Annual Residential Groundwater Demand in CIA

So, 4.37 (Current Water Demand) + 1.9 (Future Potential Water Demand) =

⁸ Details derived from Google Earth aerial photograph, dated May 2018.

⁹ http://www.bayareacensus.ca.gov/counties/SonomaCounty.html

3.1.3 Current Pasture Land Livestock Water Use

In order to estimate the amount of land that is used for livestock we assumed that all pasture land is either currently used for grazing, or will be used be used for grazing in the future. With an estimated 246-acres of pasture/livestock grazing land within the CIA we can estimate grazing water use using Sonoma County established water usage rates. Sonoma County estimates that the livestock (sheep or cows) water usage rate is 0.05 acre-feet/year/acre¹⁰. Therefore, pasture land annual water usage can be calculated as follows:

246-acres (pastureland acres) x 0.05 acre-feet/acre/year (water usage) = 12.3 acre-feet/year = Current/Future Pasture Grazing Water Demand

Pasture land water use is not expected to change due to zoning as most parcels are part of the Petaluma Dairy Belt Area Plan and many have Williamson Act Contracts¹¹.

It is likely that some of the water for livestock is obtained from ponds on and near the Site. However, for the purpose of this assessment we will assume that all water for livestock is obtained from groundwater.

3.1.4 Total Water Demand in Cumulative Impact Area

Based on the conservative assumptions discussed above, HES estimated Current Annual Groundwater Demand (in acre-feet/year) for the Cumulative Impact Area (excluding the Project):

4.37 acre-feet/year (Current Domestic in CIA, including site) +12.3 acre-feet/year (Pasture Livestock) = 16.67 acre-feet/year = Current Groundwater Demand in CIA

Based on the conservative assumptions discussed above, HES estimated Future Potential Annual Groundwater Demand for the Cumulative Impact Area as follows:

16.67 acre-feet/year_(existing domestic and pasture) + 1.9 acre-feet/year (Potential Increase in Domestic) = 18.57 acre-feet/year = Future Potential Groundwater Demand in Cumulative Impact Area

The Project's total groundwater demand is 1.26 acre-feet/year; however, it only increases the water demand for the property by 0.31 acre-feet/year_(discussed in Section 2.4.7) due to the decrease in cattle grazing. Therefore, the increased water demand of 0.31 acre-feet/year increases the current total water demand within the CIA (16.67 acre-ft/year) by 1.9% and increases the future potential groundwater demand (18.57 acre-ft/year) by 1.7%.

A breakdown of water usage within the Cumulative Impact Area is presented below on **TABLE 3**.

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¹⁰ Permit Sonoma 8-2-1 Water Supply, Use and Conservation Assessment Guidelines version 1/7/2020

¹¹ Permit Sonoma GIS Online Service Map Gallery, Williamson Act Land Contracts Data 2017

TABLE 3 – ESTIMATED WATER USAGE IN CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA

Groundwater Uses	Number of uses	Rate of Use	Annual Water Use (acre-feet)/year
Current Water Use			
7 Residences	3 people/residence = 21 residents	0.19 acre-ft/ resident	3.99
1 ADU	2 people/ADU = 2 residents	0.19 acre-ft/ resident	0.38
Pasture/Livestock	246 acres of pastures	0.05 acre-ft/ acre	12.3
Total Estimated Curren	t Water Usage		16.67
Future Potential Water	Uses		
5 Potential New ADUs within CIA	2 people/ADU = 10 new residents	0.19 acre-ft/resident	1.9
Additional Annual Project Water Usages	Irrigation, Processing, Events, landscaping Employees	0.27 acre-ft	0.27
Future Potential Water	Usage	Existing Without Project	18.57
	_	Future With Project	18.84

Note: Projected water usage for lavender farming provided by the property owner and estimates on household domestic water use are based on 2014 USGS study of the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed and 2020 Census Data for Sonoma County.

4.0 HYDROGEOLOGICAL CONDITIONS

The site is located outside and west of the Petaluma Valley and within the northwest trending structural province of the Coast Ranges of northern California. The regional structure consists primarily of northwest-trending folds and a few major faults, the most prominent of which is the San Andreas fault, a right-lateral fault, about 12 miles west of the site. The Petaluma Valley occupies a northwest-trending structural depression in the southern part of the Coast Ranges of northern California. This depression divides the Mendocino Range on the west from the Mayacamas and Sonoma Mountains on the east. West of the southern end of Petaluma Valley are the Marin Mountains, in which Burdell Mountain, immediately adjacent to the Valley, rises to an altitude of 1,560 feet.

The 2002 Geologic Map of the Petaluma 7.5 Quadrangle¹², shows the site underlain by the Franciscan Assemblage (Jurassic-Cretaceous), a tectonic mixture consisting predominantly of a matrix of sheared greywacke and shale and to a lesser extent serpentinite enclosing blocks of less sheared greywacke and greywacke interbedded with shale. The unit is characterized by hard, resistant tectonic blocks of chert, greenstone, and exotic high grade metamorphic rocks. Native sediment and rock underlying the site consist light brown sandstone, and dark serpentinite **PLATE 6 – GEOLOGIC MAP**

4.1 PROJECT WATERSHED

According to www.ecoatlas.com¹³ the project site is located within the San Pablo Bay Hydrologic Region Cataloging Unit (HUC-8), the Petaluma River-Frontal San Pablo Bay Estuaries Watershed Region (HUC-10), and the San Antonio Creek Sub-Watershed (HUC-12 180500020602). Most of the land in the area is open grass land with wooded areas primarily along the ridge tops and the surface water drainages. Drainage at the site moves from the uplands on the southwest and southeast sides of the site north toward unnamed tributaries to San Antonio Creek as shown on **PLATE 4 – TOPOGRAPHIC MAP**. San Antonio Creek is the primary drainage of the area, flowing east to the Petaluma River, which drains into the north end of San Pablo Bay.

4.2 DOMESTIC WELL INFORMATION

HES performed a domestic well search through the Department of Water Resources and Permit Sonoma to identify Well Completion Reports proximate the Site. Through this research, HES identified domestic well log information for six (6) properties within or near the Cumulative Impact Area, (TABLE 4). Available well logs are included in **APPENDIX C**.

¹² Geologic Map of Petaluma 7.5' Quadrangle Sonoma and Marin Counties, California: A digital Database Version 1.0, California Department of Conservation California Geological Survey, 2002.

¹³ www.ecoatlas.org, EcoAtlas has been developed through funding from the US Environmental Protection Agency and the California State Water Resources Control Board.

TABLE 4 WELL INVENTORY

APN or Address/ Well Number	Date Installed	Distance to Site Well (Feet)	Surface Elevation (Feet- MSL)	Total Well Depth (Feet)	Screen Interval (Feet)	Elevation of top of screen (Feet) MSL	Total Screen Thickness (Feet)	Well Yield (GPM)	Draw- down (Feet)	Specific Capacity	Map ID
020-130-037 / 003391	2022	0	315	170 horizontal	20-170	315	150	2.5	NA	NA	Site well#1
020-130-037 / 003399	2022	0	345	400 horizontal	20-400	345	380	2.5	NA	NA	Site well#2
020-130-038 (25)/ 468271	1996	1,111	580	340	208-328	372	120	45	NA	NA	1
020-130-039 (24)/ 704187	1998	1,300	530	380	130-330	400	200	6.09	1.5	4.06	2
020-130-026/ 815269	2002	1,517	500	420	160-420	340	260	2	380	0.005	3
020-130-023/ 79226	2002	2,000	265	535	235-535	30	300	27	178	0.15	4
020-130-021/ 235121	1982	2,700	180	41	0-41	180	41	1	40	0.025	5A
020-130-021/ 14978	1954	2,700	180	54	29-49	151	20	40	NA	NA	5B
020-130-019	2006	~3,000	165	640	130-435	35	565	4	530	0.007	6
	A	verage Well	TD = 344				ge Screen ess = 218	Avei	rage Speci	ific Capacity	= 0.84

Feet-MSL = elevation in feet relative to mean sea level

Review of the Well Completion Reports for 7 wells near the Site indicates that water is either encountered very shallow (<50 feet below grade) or relatively deep (>460 feet below grade) depending on location. This type of setting is typical for Bedrock aquifers where both perched conditions and deep fracture zone aquifers exist. Rock types encountered in the boring logs consisted of greenstone, shale and chert which is consistent with the rock units in the Franciscan Formation. Well yields for the seven wells surrounding the site ranged from 1 to 45 gallons per minute (gpm).

4.2.1 Site Well Yield Test

HES performed a certified dry season spring yield test on the new horizontal well slated for use on the project (Site Well #1). The results of the well yield testing indicated that the sustained dry season yield from the project well (Site Well #1) is approximately 1.5 gpm. The results of the spring yield test were presented to Permit Sonoma's Well and Septic Department and are also attached to this Report in **Appendix D – Spring Yield Test.** The initial yield testing performed by HES in April of 2022 reported that the projects primary horizontal well (Well #1) produced ~5 gpm.

Based on the site water usage rates presented in Section 2.4 of this Assessment Report, the Site will require approximately 3,113 gallons/day to meet peak demands. This water usage rate is equivalent to ~2.16 gpm. Based on initial yield test results from April 2022, and the dry season

yield test results from July 2022, it is anticipated that water from Site Well #1, in conjunction with captured rainwater, and stored groundwater, will be sufficient to meet the minimum flow rate necessary to provide for the Projects anticipated peak water use. The Project applicant plans to install approximately 75,000-gallons in water storage tanks at the Site which will be used as needed to supplement the dry season water demands, as necessary.

4.2.2 Potential Impacts to Streams and Neighboring Wells

Three (3) groundwater wells were identified within approximately 1,500 feet from the Site (identified as off-site wells #1, #2 and #3 on **Plate 3 and Table 4**). These wells are all located between approximately 500 to 580 feet above MSL and the top of the well screens range from 340 to 400 feet above MSL. Site Well #1 is located at 315 feet above MSL which indicates that the Site well is screened within a similar water bearing zone as the off-site wells #1, #2 and #3.

A pumping test was conducted at domestic well 2 (APN 020-130-039) on October 29, 2008, by Weeks Drilling and Pump, the test data is included in **Appendix D**. The well was pumped at 6.09 gallons per minute for 8 hours and the water levels stabilized with 1.5 feet of drawdown. From this data a Specific Capacity of 4.06 can be calculated. Using the specific capacity data, and general relationships discussed in Driscoll (1986)¹⁴, we estimated the wells lateral pumping influence.

To develop the slope of the drawdown curve from the pumping well, the value of Δs (drawdown over one log graph cycle) was calculated for a distance-drawdown relationship, where T = $528Q/\Delta s^{-15}$. Using this equation and applying it to the site, we calculated a radius of pumping influence (ROI) extending approximately 150 to 1,200 feet from domestic well 2 as shown on the distance drawdown plot for an unconfined aquifer **Appendix E - Radius of Pumping Influence**.

The closest offsite well to Site Well #1 is approximately 1,111 feet to the west (off-site well #1). If we subtract 170 feet from that distance to account for the end of the horizontal well, then the Site Well #1 terminus is approximately 941 feet from off-site well #1 and 1,130 feet from off-site well #2. This indicates that there is some potential for the influence, however, the drawdown observed from the well yield test on the off-site well #2 (1.5 feet) would be insignificant at that distance. This indicates the off-site wells #1, #2 and #3 would not likely to be affected by pumping at the Site Well #1.

However, Site Well #1 will be discharging continuously throughout the year and once the proposed 50,000-gallons in water storage is full the well will discharge directly to the onsite pond. This process could create a scenario where the relatively thin seam that the horizontal well taps is dewatered annually. But since the water captured by the horizontal well occurs entirely within the Site boundaries, and the ROI of the nearby well is 1,200 feet (maximum) the continuous discharge at Site Well #1 is not anticipated to significantly affect water levels in the nearby site wells.

¹⁵Groundwater and Wells, Second Edition, Fletcher G. Discoll, 1986, published by Johnson Division, St. Paul Minnesota, 1089p. (Equation 9.11)

¹⁴ Groundwater and Wells, Second Edition, Fletcher G. Discoll, 1986, published by Johnson Division, St. Paul Minnesota, 1089p.

If at some point in the future it is determined that the continuous discharge of the Site Well #1 is dewatering the site aquifer and limiting water availability onsite, the applicant can consider pumping the excess water back up the hill onsite and into a drainage swale or infiltration trench where the water can percolate back into the well over time. This practice would create an artificial groundwater recharge basin that could replace a significant portion of the water lost.

As discussed, the Site Well #1 will discharge directly to the onsite pond once the storage tanks are full. The pond will then overflow to the onsite drainage creek at a rate that will be equal to the sum of the wells production, minus the sites water usage. This system will help to sustain a flow of water downstream during the spring and will allow for the pond to remain full during the summer and fall. Since unused water from the continuously discharging well will be discharged to the pond, there will be no anticipated decrease in stream flow as a result of the proposed water use.

5.0 WATER BALANCE INFORMATION

The USGS and DWR studies that included the Petaluma area provided water balance information that HES used to assess groundwater sustainability within the Cumulative Impact Area.

5.1 GROUNDWATER STORAGE

HES used well log information from five wells to estimate the aquifer thickness beneath the Cumulative Impact Area. The average screened interval for 5 wells was estimated at 225 feet. A 2013 USGS study in the nearby Santa Rosa Plain estimated the average specific yield of the Santa Rosa region at 5 percent $(0.05)^{16}$. Therefore, using this data the Aquifer Storage can be estimated using the following equation

225 feet (Aquifer Thickness) x 0.05 (Specific Yield) x 300 acres (Cumulative Impact Area) = Estimated Aquifer Storage = 3,375 acre-feet

5.2 PRECIPITATION

Precipitation, primarily as rainfall is the major source of inflow to the Petaluma Valley Watershed. Mean seasonal precipitation maps from Sonoma County Water Agency 17 and various local studies referenced in this report indicate the mean annual rainfall in the site vicinity is about 30 inches per year (about 2.5 feet per year) (PLATE 5 - PRECIPITATION MAP). Precipitation over the Cumulative Impact Area is:

2.5 feet/year (Regional Precipitation) x 300 acres (Cumulative Impact Area) = Precipitation in Cumulative Impact Area = 750 acre-feet/year.

5.3 GROUNDWATER RECHARGE

Groundwater recharge is the replenishment of an aquifer with water from the land surface. It is usually expressed as an average rate of inches of water per year, similar to precipitation. Thus, the volume of recharge is the rate times the land area under consideration times the time period, and is usually expressed as acre-feet per year. In addition to precipitation, other sources of recharge to an aquifer are stream and lake or pond seepage, irrigation return flow (both from canals and fields), inter-aquifer flows, and urban recharge (from water mains, septic tanks, sewers, drainage ditches).

For our defined Cumulative Impact Area, the Franciscan rock aquifer is considered unconfined to semi-confined. The primary sources of groundwater recharge in the Cumulative Impact Area are infiltration of precipitation, infiltration from streams, and irrigation-return flow. Soil types and land cover within the watershed affect the extent and magnitude of storm water runoff

¹⁶ Hydrologic and Geochemical Characterization of the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed, Sonoma County, California, U.S. Geological Survey, Scientific Investigations Report 2013–5118.

¹⁷ Sonoma County Mean Seasonal Precipitation in Flood Control Design Criteria manual: Plate No. B-3, Sonoma County Water Agency, Revised January 2005.

(retention and infiltration). It is likely that a portion of the rain water falling directly on the site infiltrates the ground surface and migrates downward through the soil matrix and until it recharges the fractured rock aquifer.

To estimate the groundwater recharge within the Cumulative Impact Area HES first assumed that the recharge to the aquifer is primarily through rainfall and that all rainfall accumulated within the 300-acre Cumulative Impact Area drains to the creeks proximate to the site. However, this estimate does not account for surface run-off, stream underflow, and evapotranspiration. To estimate the percentage of rainfall that contributes to recharge of the aquifer, HES reviewed available groundwater studies including the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed Groundwater Management Plan, and the USGS Scientific Investigation Report 2006-51157, as well as other regional groundwater studies in Sonoma County. Estimates for recharge found in these documents are considered to be reliable for our site evaluation. Average recharge to the groundwater system for the entire Santa Rosa Plain, including mountainous zones, is derived from an estimated average of 531,000 acre-ft of precipitation falling within the entire watershed. After accounting for runoff (188,400 acre-feet/year) and evapotranspiration (262,000 acre-feet/year), the amount of water available for recharging the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed equates to 80,600 acre-ft/year or approximately 15.2% of the annual rainfall. However significant variations to this value can occur based on topography, soil infiltration rates, geology etc.; and according to these USGS and Sonoma County Water Agency Reports, the long-term average precipitation that recharges groundwater can be as low as 1.67%.

While these USGS studies are not specific to the site vicinity, the average long-term recharge to the aquifer within our defined Cumulative Impact Area likely falls within the ranges seen in the nearby watersheds. HES estimates that only 5% of rainfall likely contributes to groundwater recharge within the Cumulative Impact Area. Based on this recharge value we can re-calculate the groundwater recharge within the Cumulative Impact Area using the following data and equation.

750 acre-feet/year (annual precipitation in CIA) x 0.05 (estimated long term recharge average) = Annual Aquifer Recharge = 37.5 acre-feet/year

6.0 WATER QUALITY

A water quality assessment of the project well was not performed as part of this Hydrogeologic Assessment Report. However, a search for contaminated groundwater sites within 1,000 feet of the site was performed on the States Geotracker Database. No contaminated groundwater sites were identified within 1,000- feet of the site. Water quality assessment testing for bacteria, nitrates, arsenic and other common contaminants may be necessary prior to beginning site operations to ensure potable water is available for onsite farm workers.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Franciscan aquifer beneath the site is generally considered unconfined to semiconfined and recharge to the aquifer likely occurs primarily from rainfall and stream flow in the San Antonio Creek Watershed. The wells identified within the Cumulative Impact Area have an average screened thickness of 225 feet and if extended over the entire 300-acre area produces an estimated total aquifer storage value of 750 acre-feet. Based on annual precipitation and estimated aquifer recharge rates, the annual recharge to the aquifer is estimated to be 37.5-acre-feet. The current annual water demand within the Cumulative Impact Area (including the site), is conservatively estimated to be 16.67 acre-feet. The estimated annual water demand for the proposed Project is 1.77 acre-feet and the total annual site groundwater demand at the site is 2.28 acre-feet (without consideration of the Applicant's rainwater catchment offset plans). The site relies on groundwater captured from horizontal wells and it's likely that these wells intercept water that would typically contribute to recharge of the local aquifer. However, our assessment has determined that the total annual water demand proposed for the site is sustainable based on current and future development within the Cumulative Impact Area. In summary:

3,375.00 acre-feet	Aquifer Storage
37.50 acre-feet	Annual Recharge to Aquifer
16.67 acre-feet	Cumulative Impact Area Current Annual Water Demand
18.57 acre-feet	Cumulative Impact Area Future Potential Annual Water Demand
2.28 acre-feet	Site Total Annual Water Demand (Domestic, Livestock and Project)
1.77 acre-feet	Project Annual Water Demand
1.40 acre-feet	Reduction in Annual Water Use from Cattle
0.17 acre-feet	Rainwater Capture Potential
0.37 acre-feet	Net Increase in Annual Site Water Usage

Based on the conservative assumptions and estimates presented in this report, the quantity of groundwater to be used for the project and within the Cumulative Impact Area compared to the quantity of available groundwater indicates that the proposed water use for the Project is unlikely to result in significant declines in groundwater resources over time. Based on the findings of this report, groundwater extraction at the Project well will not significantly impact neighboring wells or stream flow conditions in nearby creeks. In addition, based on the relative distance to the coastal areas, the depth of the site well and the proposed water usage rates, salt water intrusion is not considered to be a concern to this Assessment.

Based on the assessments made in this report and the comments from the Mr. Robert Pennington at Permit Sonoma, our Project recommendations are presented below.

- Incorporate rainwater catchment into your Project plans as a water conservation practice.
- If necessary, an artificial groundwater recharge basin can be created onsite where excess rainwater and well discharge water can be directed. This practice may help to sustain the well discharge rates during summer and fall.

8.0 LIMITATIONS

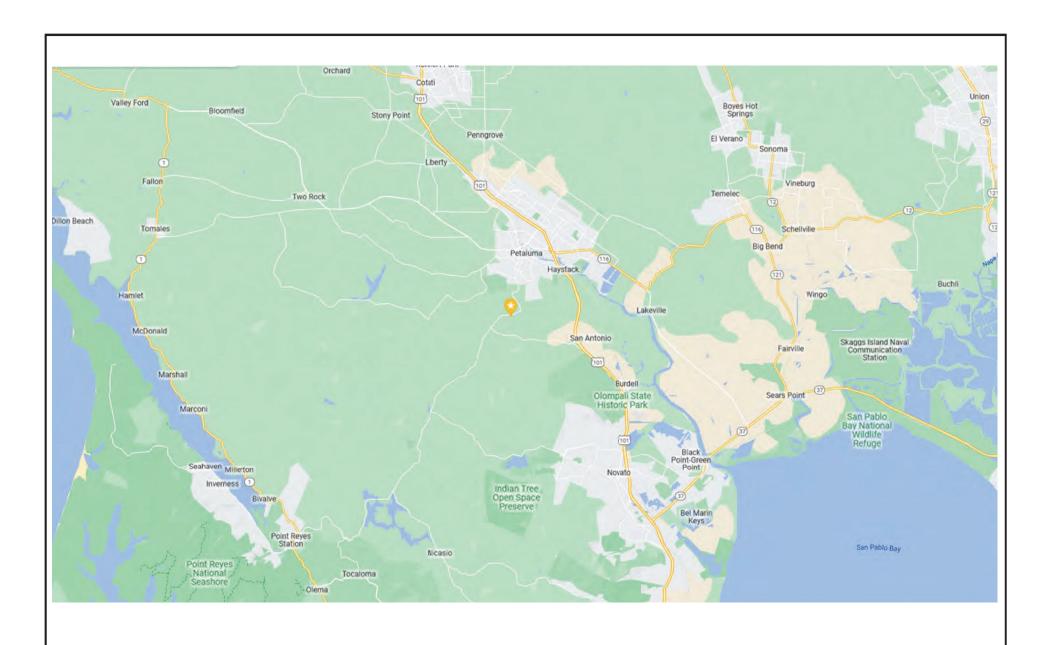
HES is not responsible for the independent conclusions, opinions or recommendations made by others based on the records review, site inspection, field exploration, laboratory test data and interpretations presented in this report.

Groundwater systems of Sonoma County are typically complex, and available data rarely allows for more than general assessment of groundwater conditions and delineation of aquifers. Hydrogeologic interpretations are based on the drillers' reports made available to us through the California Department of Water Resources, available geologic maps and hydrogeologic studies and professional judgment. This analysis is based on limited available data and relies significantly on interpretation of data from disparate sources of disparate quality.

It should be noted that hydro-geological assessments are inherently limited in the sense that conclusions are drawn and recommendations developed from information obtained from limited research and site evaluation. Additionally, the passage of time may result in a change in the environmental characteristics at this site and surrounding properties. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does this warrant operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.

This study is not intended to assess if any soil contamination, waste emplacement, or groundwater contamination exists by subsurface sampling through the completion of soil borings and the installation of monitoring wells. The scope of work, determined by the client, did not include these activities.

This Report is for the exclusive use of Villa Vanto Farm and Mr. and Mrs. Mario and Katherine Ghilotti, their affiliates, designates and assignees and no other party shall have any right to rely on any service provided by Hurvitz Environmental Services without prior written consent.





105 MORRIS ST, STE 188 SEBASTOPOL, CA 95472 PH: 707.824.1690 FX: 707.824.2675 HURVITZ.ENVIRONMENTAL@GMAIL.COM CA PG# 7573

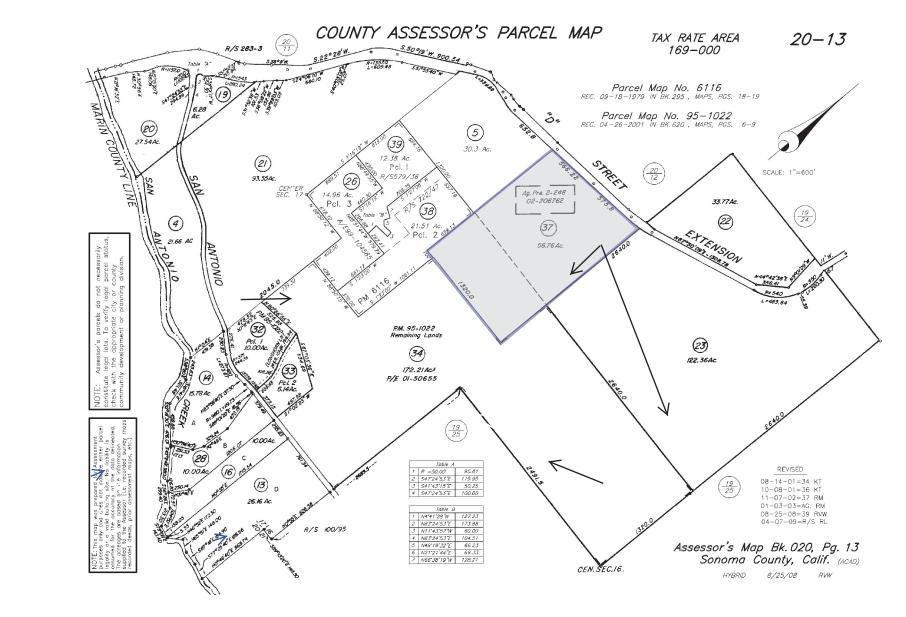
SITE LOCATION MAP

020-130-037

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA JOB NUMBER: 5170.01

DATE: 04/22/22

PLATE:





105 MORRIS ST, STE 188
SEBASTOPOL, CA 95472
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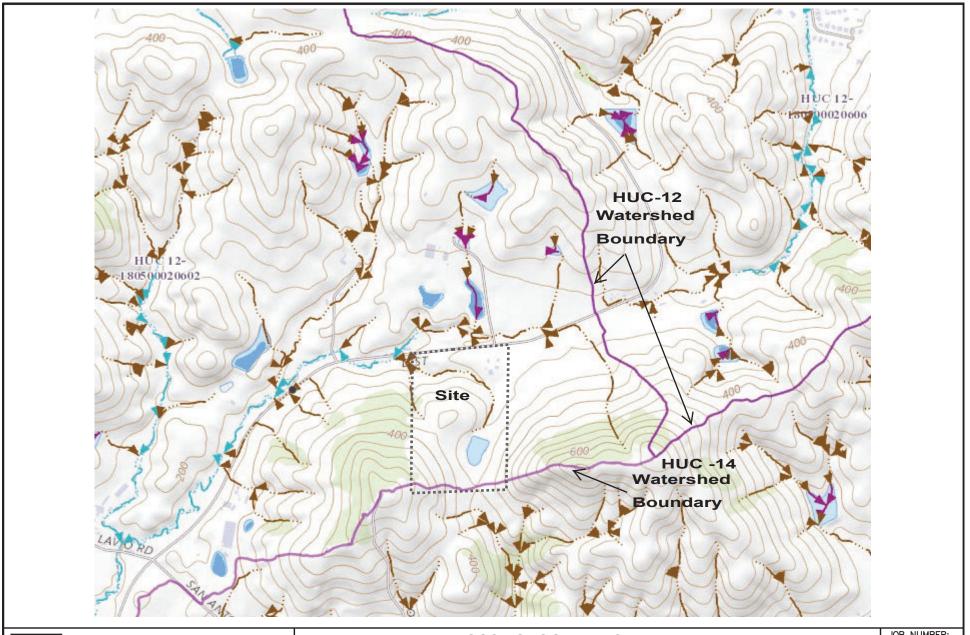
ASSESSORS PARCEL MAP

020-130-037 4485 D Street

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA JOB NUMBER: 5170.01

DATE: 04/22/22

PLATE:





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USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

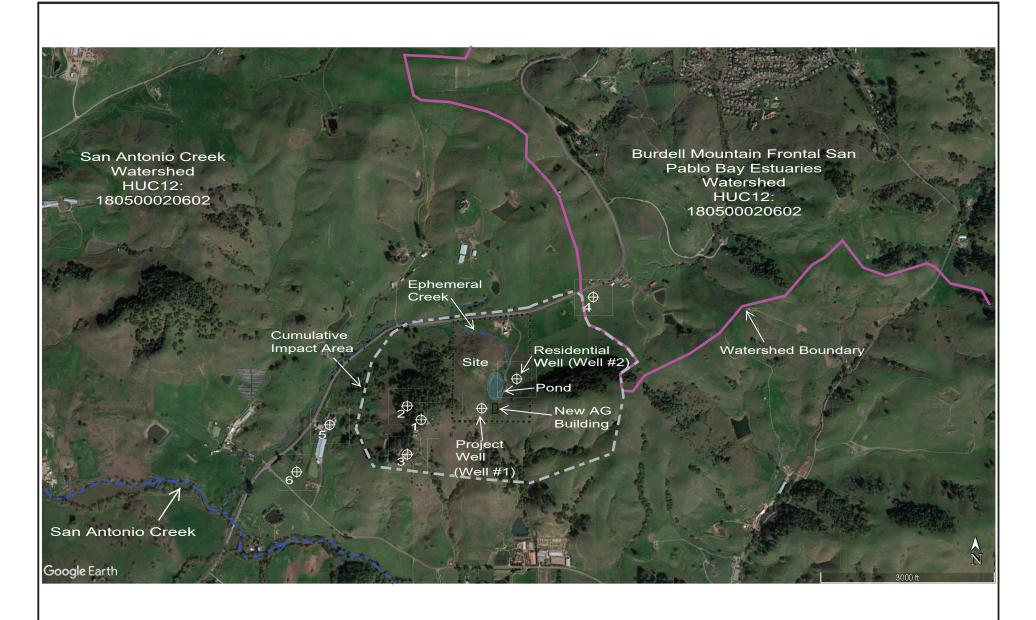
4485 D Street Petaluma, CA

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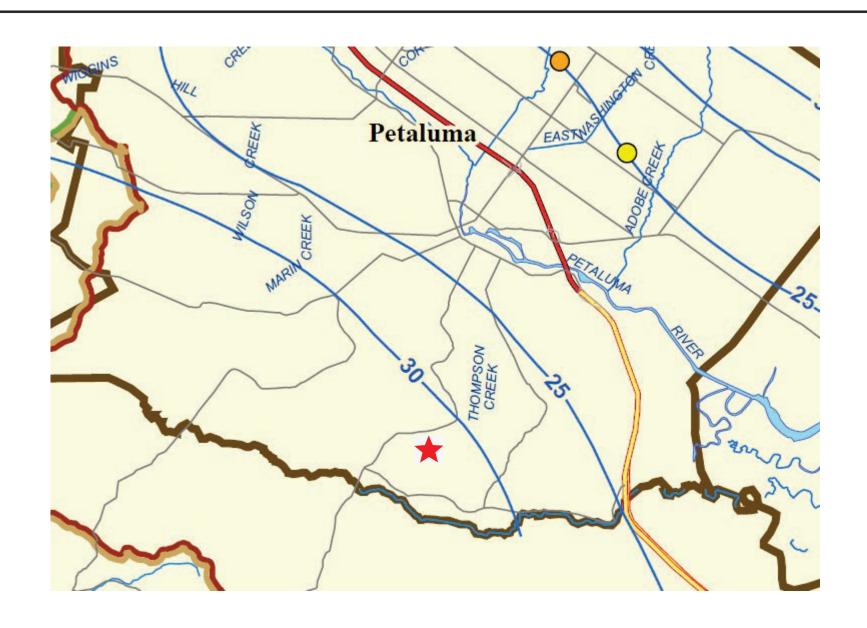
105 MORRIS ST, STE 188 SEBASTOPOL, CA 95472 PH: 707.824.1690 FX: 707.824.2675 HURVITZ.ENVIRONMENTAL@GMAIL.COM CA PG# 7573

SITE PLAN, CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA, & WELLS

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA APN: 020-130-037 JOB NUMBER: 5170.01

DATE: 06/01/22

PLATE:





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CA PG# 7573

RAINFALL MAP

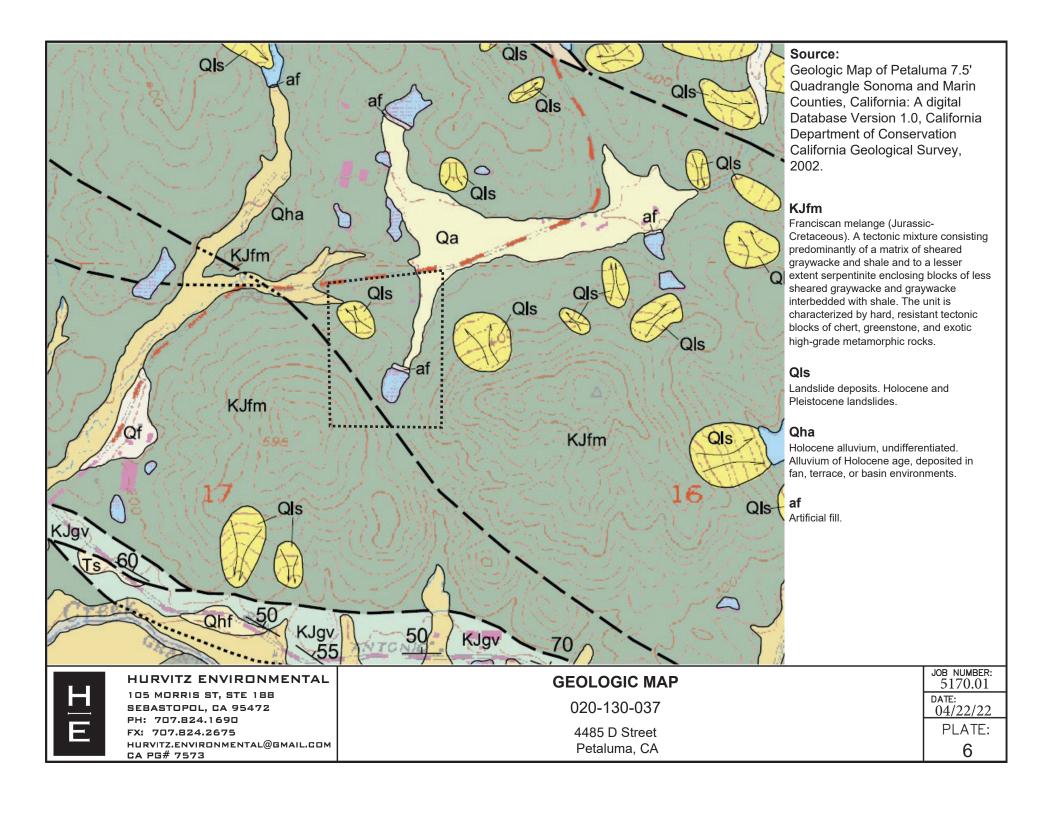
020-130-037

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA

IOR	NUM	RFR·	
=	170		

DATE: 04/22/22

PLATE:



APPENDIX A PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photo 1: View of residence onsite.



Photo 2: View of existing workshop/garage onsite.

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photo 3: View of Project Well (Well #1).



Photo 4: View of new Ag barn and ~1.6 acre pond from the Project Well (Well#1).

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photo 5: View of horizontal well for residence (Well #2).



Photo 6: View of ~1.6-acre pond from Well #2.

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photo 7: View of ephemeral stream with garage and residence in the background from Well #2.



Phot 8: View of ephemeral creek as it flows offsite to the northwest.

APPENDIX B LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION PLAN



Date: 3-7-2023 : Ghilotti 4485 D Street Petaluma, Ca. 94952

To Whom It May Concern:

After reviewing the landscape design and planting plan, as well as working on the property, I have the determined the below numbers to be accurate for daily and annual water use.

Turf area: 4,356sq'

Irrigation Sprinklers: Hunter MP Rotors = 38 MP 2000 @ 0.95GPM = 36.1GPM Irrigation Sprinklers: Hunter MP Rotors = 36 MP 800 @ 0.5GPM = 18GPM Combined Irrigation Sprinklers Total = 54.1GPM

Calculation For Turf = 54.1GPM x 20min/day = 1,082Gal x 3 days a week = 3,246gal/week x 52 weeks = 168,792 Gal/year

Planted area (Ornamental grasses, perennials and shrubs)

Irrigation Emitters = 433 Hunter Woodpeckers @ 2GPH = 866 Gal/Hr

Calculation For Planted Area = 866 Gal/Hr x .5 hrs. x 3 days a week = 1,299 Gal/week x 52 = 67,548 Gal/year.

Trees: Olives and Crape Myrtles

Irrigation Emitters = 128 Hunter Woodpeckers @ 2GPH = 256 Gal/hr

Calculation For Trees = 256 Gal/hr x .75hr x 1 day a week = 192 Gal/week x 52 = 9,984 Gal/year

PO Box 1712 Sonoma, CA 95476 (707) 637-6051 thomas@totemlandscapeservices.com
CA Lic# 1048291

Annual Use Irrigation Sprinklers = 168,792 Gallons Irrigation Emitters = 77,532 Gallons Total = 246,324 Gallons

Average Daily Use 246,324/ 182.5 = 1,349 Gal/day

Sincerely,
Thomas Bottari
Owner
Totem Landscape Services LLC : CA Lic# 1048291
707-637-6051
www.totemlandscapeservices.com

APPENDIX C WELL COMPLETION REPORTS

State of California

Well Completion Report Form DWR 188 Submitted 3/7/2023 WCR2023-003399

Owner's We	ell Numbe	er				Date Work	Began			Date W	ork Ended 06/19	0/2022
Local Permi	it Agency	Sonoma	County F	Permit & R	esource Ma	nagement [Departm	ent				
Secondary	Permit A	gency				Permit I	Number	wel22-0189		P	ermit Date 06/06	8/2022
Well Ov	wner (must rem	nain co	nfiden	tial purs	uant to	Wate	r Code 137	52)	Plani	ned Use and	Activity
Name M	1ario Ghil	otti								Activity Ne	w Well	
Mailing Add	dress	4485 D Stre	et						_	Planned Use	Water Supply Ir Landscape	rigation -
City Peta	aluma .					State		Zip 94952				
						Wel	I Loc	ation				
Address	4485 D	ST							APN	02013003	7	
City Pe	etaluma			Zip	94952	County	Sono	ma	Tow	nship 04 N		
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		Boreh	ole Inf	ormati	on			Wate	r Lev	el and Yield	d of Complete	ed Well
Orientation	n Horiz	ontal			Spec	ify		Depth to first w	ater	220 (Feet below surface)		
Drilling Me		irect Rotary		Drilling F		-	-11	Depth to Static				
-,,,,,,g,,,,,	_							Water Level		(Feet)	Date Measured	
Total Dept	th of Bori	ng 400			Feet			Estimated Yiel	d*	2.5 (GPM)		Pump
Total Dept	th of Com	pleted Well	400		Feet			Test Length (Hours) Total Drawdown *May not be representative of a well's long term yield.				n (feet)
							I	"May not be re	present	ative of a well's	long term yield.	
					G	eologic	Log	Free Form	1			
Depth for Surfa	ice							Description				
0	50	Soft rock										
50	150	Hard rock										
150	300	Dark green	rock (wat	er at 220f	i)				11-32-31,1-31,			
300	400	Soft white ro	ock									

Form DWR 188 rev. 12/19/2017

Casings										
Casing #		m Surface to Feet	Casing Type	Material	Casings Specifications	Wall Thickness (inches)	Outside Diameter (inches)	Screen Type	Slot Size if any (inches)	Description
1	0	20	Blank	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5			PVC SCH 80
1	20	400	Screen	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5	Milled Slots	0.5	pvc sch 80

			Annular Ma	Annular Material					
Sur	from face to Feet	Fill	Fill Type Details	Filter Pack Size	Description				
0	2	Bentonite	Other Bentonite						
2	20	Cement	Portland Cement/Neat Cement						
20	400	Other Fill	See description.	C	other				

Other Observations:

	E	Boreho	ole Specifications
Depth Surf	face		Borehole Diameter (inches)
0	20	3.75	
20	400	3.75	

	Certification	Statement		
I, the under	signed, certify that this report is complete and ac	curate to the best of my	knowledge a	nd belief
Name	CLEAR HEAF	RT DRILLING INC		
	Person, Firm or Corporation			
555	B W COLLEGE AVENUE	SANTA ROSA	CA	95401
	Address	City	State	Zip
Signed	electronic signature received	03/07/2023	78	30357
	C-57 Licensed Water Well Contractor	Date Signed	C-57 Lice	ense Number

		ים	WR U	se Only				
CSG#	State We	ll Number		Site Code	Local	Local Well Number		
			N			w		
Lat	itude Deg	/Min/Sec		Longitu	de Deg/	Min/Sec		
TRS:								
APN:								

State of California

Well Completion Report Form DWR 188 Submitted 3/7/2023 WCR2023-003391

Owner's Well Numbe	er	Date Work Bega	n	Date Work Ended 04/01/2022
Local Permit Agency	Department of Pu	ublic Health Services - Environmental H	ealth Department	
Secondary Permit A	gency	Permit Numb	er wel22-0063	Permit Date 03/16/2022
Well Owner (must remain co	onfidential pursuant to Wat	er Code 13752)	Planned Use and Activity
Name GHILOTTI	l, Mario Ghilotti			Activity New Well
Mailing Address	4485 D Street			Planned Use Water Supply Irrigation - Landscape
City Petaluma		State	Zip 94952	
		Well Lo	cation	
Address 4485 D	ST		AF	PN 020130037
City Petaluma		Zip 94952 County So	noma To	ownship 04 N
Dec. Lat. 38.1948 Vertical Datum Location Accuracy	11 41.371 Min. Sec. 3253251292	1 N Longitude -122 38 Deg. Min Dec. Long. -122.64745348 Horizontal Datum WGS84 Location Determination Method	Sec. Ba	ange 07 W ection 17 asseline Meridian Mount Diablo round Surface Elevation levation Accuracy levation Determination Method
	Borehole In	formation	Water Le	evel and Yield of Completed Well
Orientation Horiz	zontal Direct Rotary	Specify Drilling Fluid Water	Depth to first water Depth to Static Water Level	(Feet) Date Measured
Total Depth of Borin		Feet Feet	Estimated Yield* Test Length *May not be represe	2.5 (GPM) Test Type Pump (Hours) Total Drawdown (feet) entative of a well's long term yield.
		Geologic Log	j - Free Form	
Depth from Surface Feet to Feet			Description	
0 60	Silty brown clay			
60 120	Brown hard rock			
120 170	Light gray rock (water	er found at 120ft)		

Casings Casings										
Casing #		m Surface to Feet	Casing Type	Material	Casings Specifications	Wall Thickness (inches)	Outside Diameter (inches)	Screen Type	Slot Size if any (inches)	Description
1	0	20	Blank	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5	124-90		PVC SCH 80
1	20	170	Screen	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5	Milled Slots	0.5	pvc sch 40

			Annular Mat	terial	
	from face o Feet	Fill	Fill Type Details	Filter Pack Size	Description
0	2	Bentonite	Other Bentonite		
2	20	Cement	Portland Cement/Neat Cement		
20	170	Other Fill	See description.		other

Other Observations:

	E	Boreho	le Specifications
Depth Surf Feet to			Borehole Diameter (inches)
0	20	3.75	
20	170	3.75	

	Certification	Statement							
I, the under	signed, certify that this report is complete and a	accurate to the best of m	knowledge a	and belief					
Name CLEAR HEART DRILLING INC									
	Person, Firm or Corporation								
555	B W COLLEGE AVENUE	SANTA ROSA	CA	95401					
555	5 B W COLLEGE AVENUE Address	SANTA ROSA City	CA State	95401 Zip					
555 Signed			State						

		D	WR U	se Only			
CSG#	State We	ell Number		Site Code	Local Well Number		
1			N	Пі		w	
Lat	itude De	g/Min/Se	С	Longitu	de Deg/	/lin/Sec	
TRS:							
APN:							

DUPLICATE DWR USE ONLY - DO NOT FILL IN STATE OF CALIFORNIA Driller's Copy WELL COMPLETION REPORT Page _1 _ of _ 1 STATE WELL NO /STATION NO Refer to Instruction Pampblet No. 468271 Owner's Well No. _ Date Work Began 6-17-1996 , Ended 6-24-1996 Local Permit Agency Sonoma County Permit No. WEL96-0185 Permit Date ___6-10-1996 - GEOLOGIC LOG -WELL OWNER -ORIENTATION (\angle) X vertical horizontal angle (specify) DEPTH TO FIRST WATER 230 (FL) BELOW SURFACE Tom Gawronski Name ___ 2000 Longhorn Lane Mailing Address DEPTH FROM SURFACE Petaluma DESCRIPTION Ft. to Ft. Describe material, grain size, color, etc. WELL LOCATION -Address _ 0 180 clay with embedded gravel City ___ 180: 240 sandstone Sonoma County ___ APN Book 020 Page 130 Parcel 025 240 270 dark gray chert 270: 300 Township _____ shale _ Range _ __ Section _ 300: 340 1t. grav chert Latitude | NORTH Longitude | L - LOCATION SKETCH -- ACTIVITY (∠) X NEW WELL MODIFICATION/REPAIR _ Deepen _ Other (Specify) HOUSE DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG" PLANNED USE(S) (上) MONITORING WATER SUPPLY X_ Domestic Public _ Irrigation ___ Industrial "TEST WELL" CATHODIC PROTEC - SOUTH TION OTHER (Specify) Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Landmarks such as Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc.
PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. DRILLING Rotary Air WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH OF STATIC 182 (Ft.) & DATE MEASURED 6-24-96 ESTIMATED YIELD 45 (GPM) & TEST TYPE air lift TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING <u>340</u> TEST LENGTH 2 (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN N/A (Ft.) 328 (Feet) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL _ * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. ANNULAR MATERIAL CASING(S) DEPTH DEPTH BORE-TYPE (∠) FROM SURFACE FROM SURFACE HOLE GAUGE OR WALL THICKNESS SLOT SIZE IF ANY INTERNAL DIA. MATERIAL/ CE- BEN-MENT TONITE FILTER PACK (TYPE/SIZE) DIAMETER FILL (Inches) to Ft. Ft. to Ft. (Inches) (Inches) (\angle) (\angle) 0 23 10 concrete 22 23 340 3 grout 22! 328 pea gravel 208 SDR-21 0: plastic 208 plastic 5 SDR-21 032 - ATTACHMENTS (∠) - CERTIFICATION STATEMENT I, the undersigned, certify that this report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. Geologic Log HUCKFELDT WELL DRILLING NAME (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION) (TYPED OR PRINTED) Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s) 2110 Penny Lane Napa CA _ Soil/Water Chemical Analyses __ Other 6-25-96 439-746

DATE SIGNED

C-57 LICENSE NUMBER

ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. IF IT EXISTS.

File Original, Duplicate and Triplicate with the REGIONAL WATER POLLUTION

WATER WELL DRILLERS REI RT

, i . i .

Sections	7076,	7077,	7078,	Water	Code)
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RECEIVED

OK.	1
X	111/
11	1416

No 14978
Well No. 4N/2007

CONTROL BOARD No. REGIONAL WATEN AURUUGH (Intert appropriate number) CONTROL BOARD #2	CALIFORNIA Other Well No.
T. 291954	
A)	(11) WELL LOG:
Nan	Total depth 54 ft. Depth of completed well f
<u>Add</u>	Formation: Describe by color, obstracter, size of material, and structure.
×	5 20 vellow clay
(2) LOCATION OF WELL:	20 SU Graver & Cray
County Sonoma Owner's number, if any-	Dide Sand & graver
R. F. D. or Street No. 4915 D. St. Ext.	
Petaluma Calif	40 45 blue shale rock 45 54 " " "
	TO 07 " "
(3) TYPE OF WORK (check):	и е
New well Deepening □ Reconditioning □ Abandon □	п п
If abandonment, describe material and procedure in Item 11.	44 44
	ec ci
Domestic Industrial Municipal Rotary Cable Cable	9 0
Irrigation Test Well Other Dug Well	tr Nr.
	4 6
(6) CASING INSTALLED: If gravel packed	ti ti
SINGLE DOUBLE Gage Diameter from to	ec er
From ft. to 47 ft. 8 Diam. 10 Wall of Bore ft. ft.	
20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	11
7	
<i>ja</i>	. ,
	7
	41 41
Type and size of shoe or well ring 8 steel Size of gravel:	4 4
Describe joint butt weld	u u
(+) PERFORATIONS	**
(7) PERFORATIONS:	« 4
Type of perforator used Slots	44 14
Size of perforations 3/16 in., length, by 4 in. From 29 ft. to 49 ft. Perf. per row 4 Rows per ft.	46 10
From 5 ft. to 45 ft. Perf. per row 4 Rows per ft.	
11 17 11 14 17 17 11 11 11 11	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
t t t t « t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t	11
11 17 (4 2 4 2 1 4 11 11 11	11 11
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(8) CONSTRUCTION:	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Was a surface sanitary seal provided? Yes No To what depth ft.	
Were any strate sealed against pollution? Yes No If yes, note depth of strate	
Parama .	
From ft. to ft.	п п
Method of Sealing	" "
Method of Stating	Work started Sept 8-549 , Completed Sept 10-549
(9) WATER LEVELS:	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:
Mark 10 Mark Ma	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of
Depth at which water was first found 22 ft.	my knowledge and belief.
Standing level before perforating XXXXXX 11 ft. Inding level after perforating ft.	NAME Oberto's Plumbing & Well Drilling (Person, firm, or corporation) (Typed or brinted)
hding level after perforating 11 ft.	(Person, firm, or corporation) (Typed or printed) Address 421 Washington St
(10) WELL TESTS:	Petaluma, Calif.
Was a pump test made? Test No If yes, by whom? Yield: 32 gal./min. with 40 ft. draw down after 1 hrs.	[SIGNED] W.J. Obesto
	License No. 28 x 81877 Dated 12-8-54 19
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No	
Was electric log made of well? Yes No	95689 3-54 50M QUIN ® SPO DWR FORM NO. 246 (REV. 3-54)

ORIGINAL

File with DWR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Do not fill in

THE RESOURCES AGENCY

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES WATER WELL DRILLERS REPORT

No. 235121

The second secon	WELL DRILLERS REPORT	State Well No
Lood Permit No. or Date A.P. #02	0-130-21-7	Other Well No 04N07W17
(1)	(12) WELL LOG: Total	denth 41 ft Denth of completed well 4
Addre		depth ft. Depth of completed well ft. Describe by color, character, size or material)
City	0 _ 10	yellow sandstone
	10 _ 20	yellow clay/some
(2) LOCATION OF WELL (See instructions):		gravel
	20 _ 25	blue clay
The state of the s	25 35	7240 0143
TownshipRangeSection_	35 37	gravel
Distance from cities, roads, railroads, fences, etc.	37 - 41	blue shale
		Drue bhare
	- (V
	E OF WORK:	
New Well	Deepening 🗆	A
Reconstruc	tion 🗆 –	\(
Reconditio	ning 🗆 —	
Horizontal	Well -	3)
Destruction	Describe	
destruction procedures	materials and in Item 12	0-10
	POSED USE	
Domestic		
Irrigation		(2)
Industrial	1111 - 02-7	10
Tes Well		<u> </u>
	2 11 V-	
Stock		,
Municipal	> -6/3	um.
WELL LOCATION SKETCH Other		
(5) EQUIPMENT: (6) GRAVEL PACK:		
Rotary Reverse Yes X No Size		
Cable XX Air Daneter of bore	(M)-	
Other Bucket Packed from 20	100 41 100 100 -	
(7) CASING INSTALLED: (8) PERFORATIONS:	<u> </u>	- 120 - 1 - 1000 15 - 100
Steel XIX Plastic Concrete Type of perforation or size	of screen -	1
From To Dia. Cago of From To	C Slock	1 1W
ft. ft. Wall ft. ft.	- Size	
0 41 10 3/4 -0 41 6	-	201 (202
X .188	_	
	_	
(9) WELL SEAL:	=	
Was surface sanitary seal provided? Yes TX No [] If yes, to d	lepth 20 ft. –	
Were strata sealed against pollution? Yes \(\simega \) No \(\simega \) Interva	Marie and the second se	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Method of sealing Readymix	Work started 8/14/82 19	Completed 8/17/8219
(10) WATER LEVELS:	WELL DRILLER'S STATE	
Depth of first water, if known	ft. This well was drilled under my j	urisdiction and this report is true to the best of my
Standing level after well completion	the Knowledge and belief. Kenneth H	
(11) WELL TESTS: Was well test made? Yes XX No □ If yes, by whom?	SIGNED	(Well Driller)
	NAME LES PETERSE	N DRILLING & PUMP, INC.
5205	f test 41 ft (Person, firm, c	or corporation) (Typed or printed)
P arge 1 gal/min after 4 hours Water ter		dwood Highway
C. cal analysis made? Yes No If yes, by whom?	City_ Santa Rosa	
Was electric log made? Yes □ No □ If yes, attach copy to	this report License No. 261084	Date of this report 8/18/82

DWR USE ONLY - DO NOT FILL **ORIGINAL** STATE OF CALIFORNIA File with DWR 16 HINDIAM ICH WELL COMPLETION REPORT Refer to Instruction Pamphlet Page 1 of 1 No. 704187 Owner's Well No. Date Work Began 10-7-98 . Ended 10-9-98 LATITUDE LONGITUDE Sonoma County Public Health Dept Local Permit Agency Permit No. We198-0486 _ Permit Date ___9-30-98 - GEOLOGIC LOG X VERTICAL _ ORIENTATION (X) _ HORIZONTAL DHILLING RPTARY Air DEPTH FROM DESCRIPTION SURFACE Describe material, grain size, color, etc. to Ft. 1000 WELL LOCATION— Address ____ 0 90 clay with embedded gravel Petaluma City ___ 90 215 clay with embedded volcanic mix Sonoma County _ Parcel 024 215 260 sandstone APN Book 020 Page 130 260 290 dark gray chert Range. Township ____ Section Latitude DEG. MIN. 290 380 light gray chert Longitude. DEG. MIN SEC. ACTIVITY (=) LOCATION SKETCH NORTH MODIFICATION/REPAIR Deepen Other (Specify)

> DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG") PLANNED USES (∠)

_ Irrigation ____ Industrial MONITORING TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION . VAPOR EXTRACTION . SPARGING .

> REMEDIATION OTHER (SPECIFY) .

WATER SUPPLY

Domestic

TOTAL DE					:LL	1000	eet) 370	(Feet)			DEPTH TO FIRST V DEPTH OF STATIC WATER LEVEL ESTIMATED YIELD TEST LENGTH * May not be repr	174 · _50 2 (Hrs.) Ti	8 (FL) BI (FL) & DATE (GPM) & DTAL DRAW	ELOW S E MEASI TEST T	URFACE URED _ YPE 8. N/A	10-9 ir 1	9-98 .ift
DEPT FROM SU	TH RFACE	BORE- HOLE DIA.		YPI			100		ASING (S)	GAUGE	SLOT SIZE		PTH SURFACE	7715			
FL to	FL	(Inches)	BLANK	SOREE	PICTOR	PIL PIPE	MA G	TERIAL / IRADE	DIAMETER (Inches)	OR WALL THICKNESS	IF ANY (Inches)	Ft. i	o FL	2001 02000	BEN- TONITE (ニ)	FILL (土)	FILTER PACK (TYPE/SIZE)
0	25	10	60		100110							0	22	X			concrete
25	380	9	-	_								22	370			X	pea gravel
0:	170		X				PVC	F480	5	SDR-21							
170	370			X	4		PVC	F480	5	SDR-21	,032						
	ATTACT	HMENTS	10	1					al		- CERTIFICA	THOM STA	TIPRETENT		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

Other ADDRESS	d belief.
10 15 00 VO	559 ZIP
	9746 Cense number

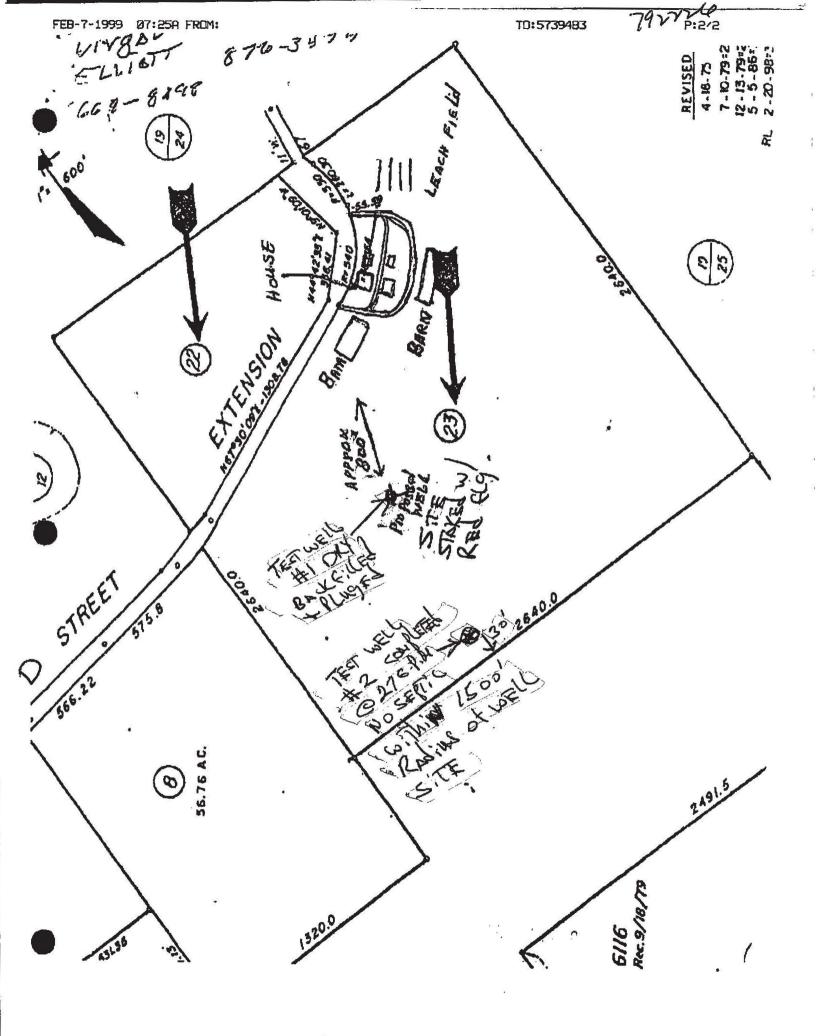
SOUTH

Blustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE.

Page	1	of	1	L COMF	PLETION No#	REPOR	T - STA 2226	TE OF	CALIFO			
Owner's Per Dai	ate:		06/13/02 9/24/02		Permit # Ended	WEL02-020				_09	State Well	W (T I No./Station No.
Permit A	ork Bega	14			enueu Source Man		-				ADM	/TRS/Other
Contract	gonoy	GEOL	OGIC LO		ource man	I			WE	LL OWNE		TROPOLIE
ORIENT	ATION.	OLOL	Vertical	G		Name:	-			LL OWNER		
DRILLIN		IOD:	Rotary			Mailing Add	drass:					
FLUID:			Alr									
Ft to	Ft	DESCRIPTI	ON	ereneses.					WEL	L LOCATIO	N	
0		Clay with ro				Address:	4001 D Str	eet		197		
4		Brown clay				City:	Petaluma		1000			
114	0.000	Greenstone	ACRES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	rock		County:	Sonoma					(A)
184		Greenstone				APN Book	020		130		023	-
360	440	Greenstone	with gray n	ock		Latitude					Longitude	
440		Mix rock wit	h clay				LOCA	TION SKI	ETCH		VV	ACTIVITY
450 484		Greenstone Fractured gr	constono			-					XX	New Well
404	555	riactuleu gi	eensione			-					Modification	/Renair
- 10 2						1					THOUTHORNOT	Deepen
-	100 mg				- Fra	1						Other (Specify)
						1					- um-	_ care (epocity)
					_	1						
						1						-
	_				-	1						DESTROY (Describe)
			1,000		7557	1						Procedures and Materials
			186446			1						Under *Geologic Log*)
	200					1					NO.00	
			D-07		and the	1					F	PLANNED USES:
			400000	5000		1						Monitoring
		Service Service				1					201	Test well
]						Cathodic Protection
		District Control										Heat Exchange
			77	2 22	Agost .]						Direct Push
/6			-			1						Injection
- 1			000000000				PLANNED		3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3	21.3/10		Vapor Extraction
	100			·			Water S	upply	A_0 000 0			Sparging
					(2)	XX	Domestic		Public			Remediation
							Irrigation		Industrial		1801	Other (specify)
2 200												
				,		Depth to Fir		VAIEK L		ELD OF CO OW SURFA	MPLETED	WELL
						Depth of St				Date Meas		09/30/02
		Service United			170	Water Leve		350			iurea: h/Test type;	
TOTAL	EPTH C	OF BORING	(FT):		535	Estimate Y		27	•	Total draw		528
				/ET):	535	-			•			
- NEWYOR		DF COMPLE Bore-hole	IED WELL	(L1):	200	Ividy HOLDS	e representa	MAG OL R /	20	oth		
Dep from cud	2000	diameter	7	20	Materiai			Slot		Surface ·		Annular Material
from surf		Inches	Ty Blank I	Screen	Grade	Diameter	Gauge	Size	Ft	-		Seal Material
01	235	8 3/4	XX	Golden	PVC	5	200	- 040	- 0		Bentonite	Seal Material
235	535	8 3/4		XX	PVC	5	200	0.032	25		1/4 x 1/8	
200	500	<i>Q-01-</i> 7		7.07				0.000		555		
				340								29.20
		31								77.77		
								100 de 1			y grown	
N		ATTA	CHMENTS					-	ERTIFICA	TION STAT	EMENT	
No	Geologia					I the o	ndersioned co					of my knowledge and belief
		nstruct Diagr	am			NAME:	LES PETE			All the state of t		ey moemouge and bellet
		sical Log(s)									A, CA:9540	3
		er Chemical	Analyses			SIGNED:	Ray Pete	rsen/ C	Outs	torn "	09/30/02	
-	Other	ene eer kook keeld.					Well Driller/A				P Date	C-57 License #
		Owner /	[neal]				THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	The second secon	- Paragonium II V	- (make)		5 T. W.C.100 W

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			WEL	L COMP	LETION	REPOR	T - STAT	E OF C	ALIFO	RNIA		
Page	1	of	1		No#	9372	228	,			01.010	711/17
Owner's			1						_		MVV	7001F
Permit D			07/13/06		Permit #	WEL06-026	8				State Well	No./Station No.
	rk Begar		08/02/06		Ended	08/15/06						
Permit A	gency				ource Mana	gement					APN/	TRS/Other
		GEOL	OGIC LO	G				4	WEI	L OWNER		
ORIENT	ATION:		Vertical			Name:	-					
	G METH		Rotary			Mailing Add	ress:					
FLUID:			Air/Mud									
Ft to		DESCRIPTION]			WELI	LOCATIO	N	
0		Top soil rock				Address:	4945 D Stre	et			100,5	
4		Fractured ro				Citý:	Petaluma					
25 35		Sandstone a Blue sandsto				County: APN Book	Sonoma 020		130		019	
44		Gray clay an	1012111	are		Latitude		· .	130	· • , ,	Longitude	- '
50		Shale and cl				Latitude	LOCAT	TION SKE	TCH		Longitude	ACTIVITY
65		Shale and gi		20110	6 8 904		LOOM	TON ONL	1011		XX	New Well
80		Black and gr		ix		1						_
100		Sandy black			nix	1					Modification	/Repair
130		Sandy rock v]						Deepen
135		Shale and g]			*			Other (Specify)
142		Sandy black				1						·
220		Shale and sa	The second secon			ļ				96		
270		Sandstone v				1						DESTRUCK (S
330 370		Sandstone / Fracture zor			adatana	ł				w.		DESTROY (Describe) Procedures and Materials
380		Greenstone			idstorie	-			*			Under "Geologic Log")
420		Sandstone a	Sold Confirmation and The American			1				1.		Orider Geologic Log)
480		Shale & san				1						PLANNED USES:
520		Gray clay ar				1				15.		Monitoring
535		Shale & gree		with hard le	daes	1				χ.		Test well
		Sandstone f				1				•		Cathodic Protection
- ()		Sandy clay				1						Heat Exchange
58	610	Shale and sa	andstone la	yers		1			3.5			Direct Push
610		Shale & clay				1						Injection
620	640	Clay and sha	ale				PLANNED					Vapor Extraction
				,			Water S	upply				Sparging
						XX	Domestic		Public			Remediation
							Irrigation		Industrial			Other (specify)
	:					ļ		MATERIO	EVEL 9 VII	ELD OF CO	MPLETED	MELL
	:					Depth to Fir	manage at	WAIER L		DW SURFA		AACTE .
				1		Depth of Sta			(IL.) DEEC	Date Meas		08/15/06
					-	Water Leve		60			h/Test type:	2 hour Air lift
TOTAL	DEPTH C	F BORING	(FT):		640		eld (GPM)*			Total draw		110/210/310/410/510-590
		F COMPLE		(FT):	600	1	representa		•	erm vield		
	pth	Bore-hole		(1 . //-		may not be	- I			pth ~		
from sur	•	diameter	Tv	rpe .	Material .			Slot		Surface	1.00.64	Annular Material
	o Ft	Inches	Blank	Screen	Grade	Diameter	Gauge	Size		to Ft .		Seal Material
0	35	8	XX		PVC	5	200		0		Bentonite	
35	600	-		XX	PVC	5	200	0.032	25	600	1/4 x 1/8	
	:									,		
			* 10									•.
	1											
	•		CHMENTS		,					TION STA		··· 1
No	Geologi	•		8					the section the settle account	•		of my knowledge and belief
No		nstruct Diagr	am			NAME:	LES PETER					
No		sical Log(s)	Anglin			1	5434 OLD I	KEDWOO	U HWY, ST	TA ROS	A, CA 95403	t in
No		ter Chemical	Analyses			SIGNED:	Matt Pete	ersen///	MER	cerson	08/15/06	261084

Driller Owner.

Local

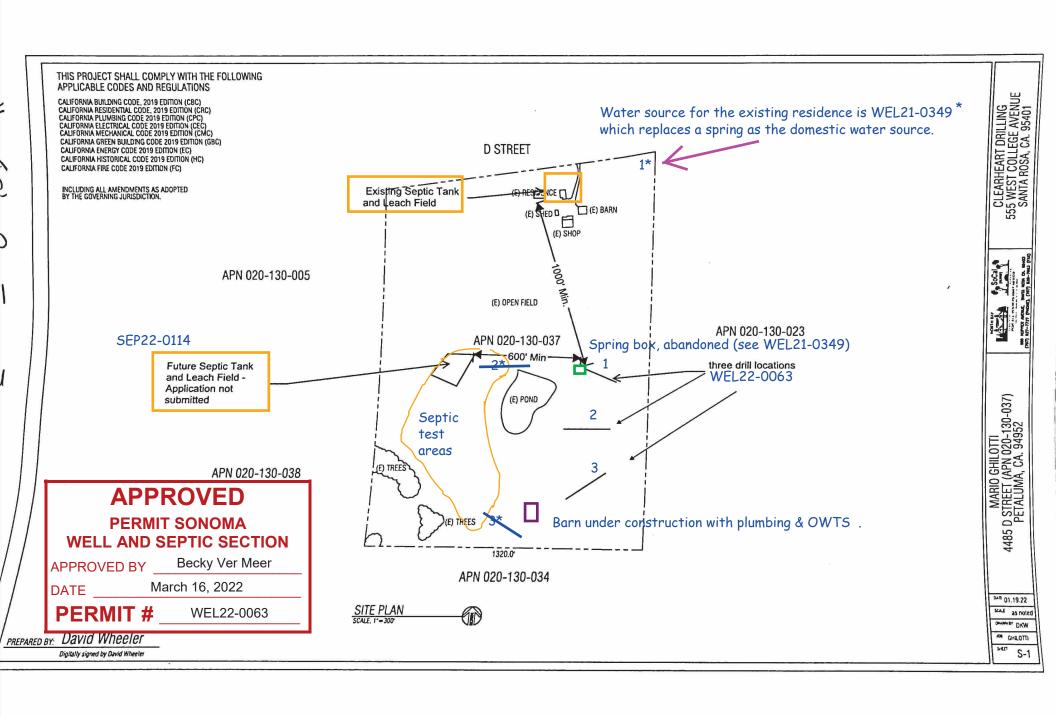
Well Permit Application 4485 D Street WLS-031 Site Address WEL22-0063 Petaluma City/Town **Permit Number** Mario Ghilotti 94952 020-130-037 Assessor's Parcel Number Owner Name State Zip CLEAR HEART DRILLING 4485 D Strret Well Driller Name Mailing Address 555 WEST COLLEGE AVE SUITE B Petaluma 95401 Mailing Address City/Town SANTA ROSA 415-760-1936 State City/Town Phone 80357 Mario Ghilotti GINA@CLEARHEARTDRILLING.COM License Number Contact Person 707-568-6095 Phone The validity of this permit depends upon the accuracy of the information provided by the applicant. A site plan must accompany this application. In addition to the information required will location. addition to the information required on the accuracy of the information provided by the applicant. A site plan must accompany this applicant, a site plan must accompany this applicant, a site plan must accompany this applicant, a site plan shall also include the proposed well location, existing well(s) location(s). GPS and the Minimum Standard Site Plan (Form CSS-019), the site plan shall also include the proposed well location, existing well(s) location(s). GPS and the Minimum Standard Site Plan (Form CSS-019), the site plan shall also include the proposed well location, existing well(s) location(s). existing well(s) location(s), GPS coordinates of proposed well, sewer mains and laterals, and other potential sources of contamination. If an inadequate site plan is provided and a second coordinate of proposed well, sewer mains and laterals, and other potential sources of contamination of the proposed site plan is provided and a second field visit is required, a charge at the current hourly rate will be assessed. The precise site location of the proposed well must be staked with the drillocation. well must be staked with the driller's name. INDICATE TYPE AND NUMBER OF PROPOSED WELLS/BORINGS: Indicate use: Residential

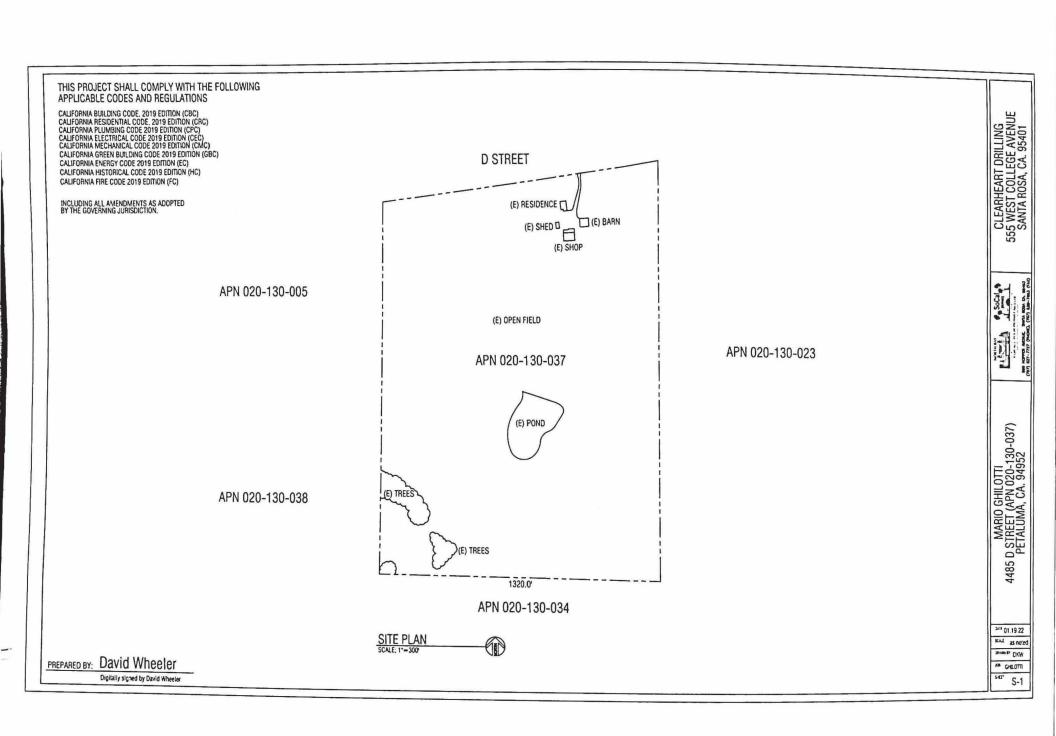
Community

Irrigation Reason for new vell; New property and needs a new horizontal well for personal use □ Industrial □ Destruct Class I Well ☐ Class II Well ☐ Reconstruction Reason for Class II: ____ Number of Cathodic: _____ Number of Geotechnical Bonngs: __ Number of monitoring: _____ Number of Geoexchange: Number of Performance Wells: 1 ____ Number of Piezometers: ____ Number of Other: _____ Number of Inclinometers: _____ _Number inactive: ______ Number abandoned:_____ Total number of wells on property: 1 Number in use: 1 Well located within an existing public water system boundary: Yes □ No ■ Name of System: __ CONSTRUCTION PROPOSED: Conductor: Yes □ No ■ Casing: Diameter: 4.0* Gravel Pack ____Gauge: SCH40 Material: PVC Sand Pack Seal Material: CEMENT GROUT Depth of Seal: 20 Annular Space: Size: 2°t Method of Sealing
Access Opening: SANITARY SEAL Type of Method of Disinfection: CHLORANATION Joint: FLUSH DESTRUCTION PROPOSED: Well Diameter: _____ Well Depth: ____ Well Casing: ___ Method of Destruction: I hereby agree to comply with all laws and regulations of the County of Sonoma WORKER'S COMPENSATION DECLARATION I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury one of the following declarations: and State of California pertaining to water well construction. I will notify Permit Sonoma Well & Septic Division 24 hours prior to commencing this work. I will I have and will maintain a certificate of consent to self-insure for worker's compensation, furnish Permit Sonoma and the owner a copy of the State Well Completion Report as provided for by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which Within thirty (30) days in order to obtain final approval on this well as required by SONOMA COUNTY CODE, CHAPTER 25B. I acknowledge that the application will I have and will maintain worker's compensation insurance, as required by Section 3700 of become a permit only after the site approval and payment of fee. the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued . My worker's compensation insurance carrier and policy number are: Carrier SERVICE AMERICAN INDEMENTRY COMPANY Lunders date of is Jance. Policy SAMTWC0049700 (This section need not be completed if the permit is for one hundred dollars (\$100) or less).

WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE WORKER'S COMPENSATION COVERAGE IS UNLAWFUL, AND SHALL SUBJECT AN EMPLOYER TO CRIMINAL MENALTIES AND CIVIL FINES UP TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE PROPERTY OF COMPENSATION, DAMAGES AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 3708 OF THE LABOR CODE, INTEREST, AND ATTORNEYS FEES, (\$100,000), IN ADDITION TO THE COST OF COMPENSATION, DAMAGES AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 3708 OF THE LABOR CODE, INTEREST, AND ATTORNEYS FEES,

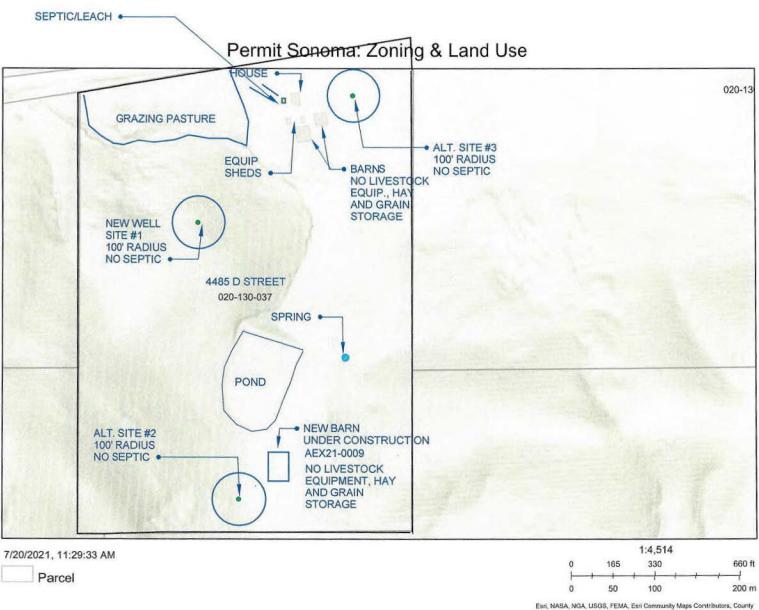
Becky Ver Meer Date: ______ Seal Inspection Date: _ Application Site Approved by: Date: ____ GW Zone: 1 🗆 2 🗆 3 🗆 4 🖼 Finaled by: _ WEL21-0349 and SEP22 0114 are applicable to the attached site plan

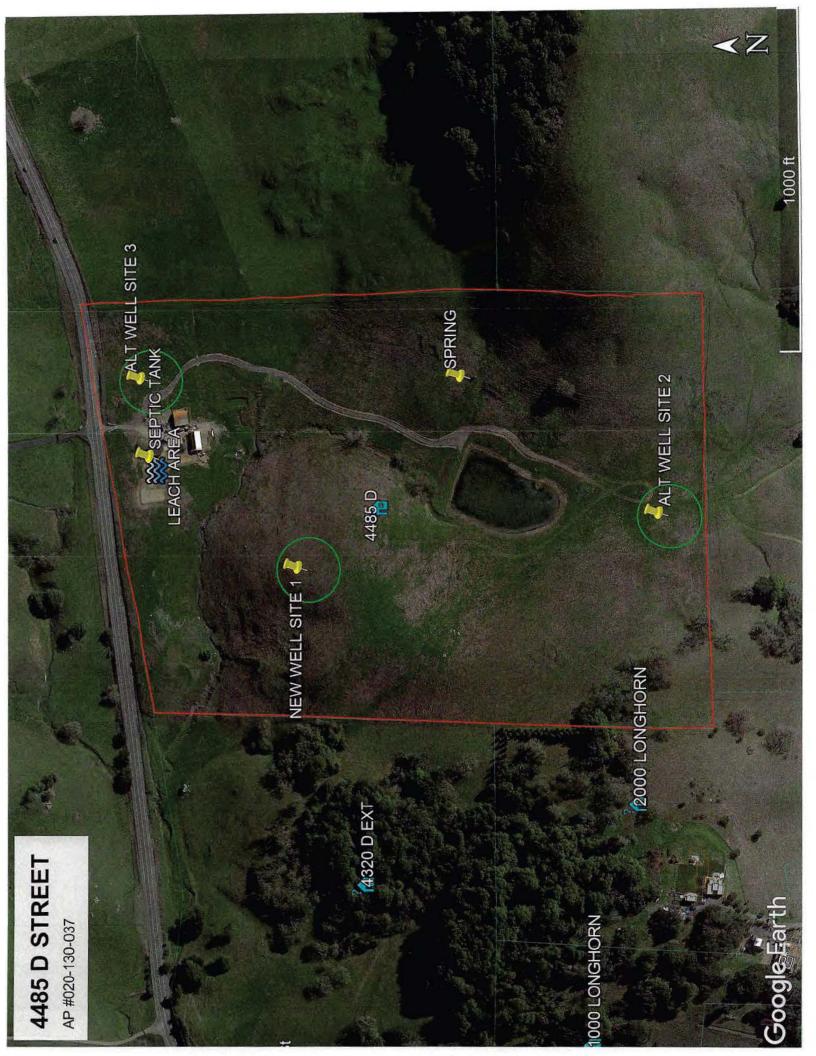


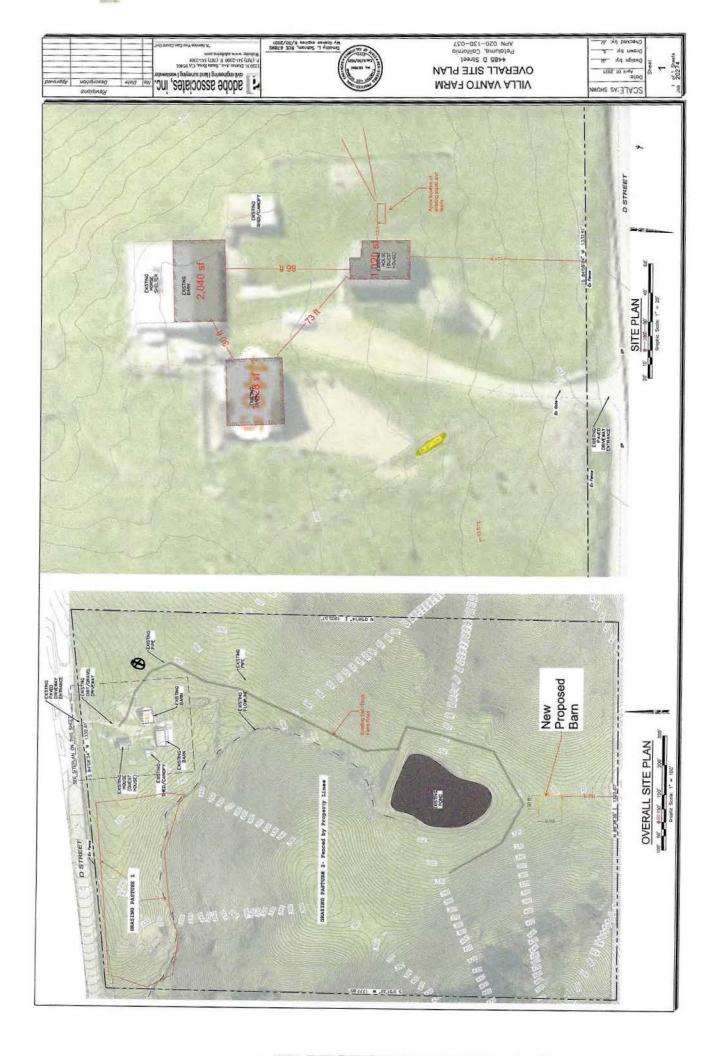


Well Permit Application WLS-031

4485 D STREET						
Site Address	CA		ermit Number 20-130-037			
PETALUMA City/Town	State	T 197 7 7 7 1	ssessor's Parcel Num	ber		
MARIO GHILOTTI	sement.		SCH BROS DRILLING INC	3.		
Owner Name		200	ell Driller Name	NORTH		
4485 D STREET			001 GRAVENSTEIN HWY. ailing Address	NORTH		
Mailing Address PETALUMA	CA		EBASTOPOL		CA	95472
City/Town	State		ity/Town		State	Zip
415-760-1936	Oluto		99226			
Phone			cense Number		1 44 4 4 4 4 4	
MARIO GHILOTTI Contact Person			07-823-3891 hone		INFO@FISCH Email	BROSDRILLING.COM
Contact Ferson			none		Lillaii	
addition to the information required existing well(s) location(s), GPS coo site plan is provided and a second fi well must be staked with the driller's INDICATE TYPE AND NUMBER OF Indicate use: Residential Reason for new well: SOURCE OF WATER	rdinates of proposed ield visit is required, in name. PROPOSED WELLS Community CR - CURRENTLY USING S	well, sewer mains at a charge at the current s/BORINGS: Irrigation SPRING	nd laterals, and other pent hourly rate will be a	ootential sources of assessed. The pred	f contamination. If a cise site location of t	n inadequate he proposed
☐ Destruct ☐ Class Well	☐ Class II Well	☐ Reconstruction	Reason for Class II	t		
Number of Geotechnical Borings:	Number of Ge	oexchange:	Number of monitori	ng:	Number of Cathodi	c:
Number of Performance Wells:	_ Number of Piezor	meters:	_ Number of Inclinom	eters:	Number of Other:	
Total number of wells on property:	0 Numbe	r in use: 0	Number inactive: _	0 N	lumber abandoned:_	0
Casing: Diameter: 5" G Annular Space: Size: 2"		Material:	5	Gravel Pack ■ Sand Pack ■ Seal Material: BENT	Conductor: Yes	I No ■
Method of Disinfection: HTH		od of Sealing ess Opening: CAP		Type of Joint: CERTALOCK		
DESTRUCTION PROPOSED: We	II Diameter:	Well Depth	: v	Vell Casing:		
Method of Destruction:						
WORKER'S COMPENSATION DECLARATION I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury one of the latest personal in the period of the latest personal in the latest persona	he following declarations: sent to self-insure for worke ode, for the performance of ation insurance, as required k for which this permit is iss	the work for which by Section 3700 of	and State of Californ Sonoma Well & Sep furnish Permit Sono Within thirty (30) day SONOMA COUNTY (become a permit only	ia pertaining to water we to Division 24 hours p ma and the owner a cop is in order to obtain fina CODE, CHAPTER 25B. I after the site approval an	ulations of the County of So ell construction. I will notify from the commencing this pry of the State Well Comp al approval on this well at acknowledge that the applied payment of fee.	fy Permit work. I will eletion Report is required by ication will
Policy 0222225 20			date of issuance.	District second by ED EISCH	r	
No. 9222825-20 (This section need not be completed if the perm	it is for one hundred dollars	(\$100) or less)	ED FISCH Signature of Well Dr	Digitally agred by ED FISCH Date: 2021.07.20 13:21:40-0	07/20/2021 Date	
WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE WORKER'S COMPLISHED. (\$100,000). IN ADDITION TO THE COST OF COMPENS	ENSATION COVERAGE IS UNL	AWFUL, AND SHALL SUBJECT	T AN EMPLOYER TO CRIMINAL	PENALTIES AND CIVIL FINE		OUSAND DOLLARS
由於宋安安 森	*** DO NOT WRITE	BELOW THIS LINE	- To Be Completed b	y Permit Sonoma	Staff ********	
Site Approved by:	Date:		Seal Insp	pection Date:	EHS _	
Finaled by:	Date:		GW Zone	e: 1 🗆 2 🗆 3 🗆 4		
Comments:						









CHARLES FARLEY JUDSON in the amount of \$12,500 with the bonding company NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Effective Date: 01/01/2007 BQI's Sonding History

This license has workers compensation insurance with the

ZENITH INSURANCE COMPANY

Welos -0533

Policy Number: Z068633803

Workera' Compensation:

Effective Date: 10/01/2008

Expire Date: 10/01/2009 >

Workers' Compensation History

Miscellaneous

DATE

DESCRIPTION

Information:

CLASS A & B CLASS REMOVED

Personnel listed on this license (current or disassociated) are listed on other licenses.

09/29/2000

Conditions of Use | Privacy Policy Copyright © 2008 State of California

APPENDIX D WELL/SPRING YIELD TESTS



COUNTY OF SONOMA PERMIT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

2550 Ventura Avenue, Santa Rosa, CA 95403-2829 (707) 565-1900 FAX (707) 565-1103

CERTIFICATION OF WATER YIELD FOR SPRINGS IN WATER SCARCE AREAS

(Section 7-12 & 25-17 Sonoma County Code) Tests shall be conducted from July 15 to October 1; The Permit and Resource Management Department shall be notified 24 hours in advance of this test

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 4485 D Street, Petaluma, CA 94952
ASSESSORS PARCEL #: 020-130-037
(IF APPLICABLE) SUBDIVISION#: NA LOT #: NA
OWNER: Mr. Mario Ghilotti
MAILING ADDRESS: 4485 D Street, Petaluma, CA 94952
TEST INFORMATION:
CERTIFICATION WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED UNLESS ALL APPLICABLE SPACES ARE FILLED IN
NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS: 1
ARE THERE ANY OTHER EXISTING OR PROPOSED CONNECTIONS TO THIS WATER SOURCE?
No
Coordinates 38.1933 / -123.6490 Elevation ~325 feet above sea level Spring
Start of Test 07/27/2022; 9:40 am
Completion of Test 07/27/2022; 11:00am
Total Hrs./Mins of 1hour 20 minutes
Sustained yield (in gallons per minute)* 1.5 gpm
Method of Testing 5-gallon bucket with 1-gallon increments
Spring is deemed perennial based on the following evidence: The spring is actually a horizontal well drilled approximately 300- feet into a hillside and developed with 1-inch slotted pvc pipe and a filter pack. the well/spring continuously discharges water without pumps.
I certify the above to be a true and accurate report of the yield test results. An accurate plot map has been attached, indicating both the tested water source as well as other existing wells or springs, septic systems, or other sources of contamination. Name of drilling/pumping contractor/RCE: Lee S. Hurvitz License #: PG #7573; CHG #1015 Phone #: 707-824-1690
(Print Name)
Approved Denied District Specialist Date
Comments:

Type	Docs	Plans
WELOR - 0533 Building Permit Number		
\000 Street Number		
Langham La Street Pame		
Community Code		
		• s

COUNTY OF SONOMA

PERMIT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

2550 VENTURA AVENUE, SANTA ROSA, CA 95403-2829 (707) 565-1900 FAX (707) 565-1103

Application Fees / Invoice for: WEL08-0533

Project Address:

1000 LONGHORN LN PET

Cross Street:

Printea:

Friday, November 07, 2008

Initialized by:

BDAVIS

PN:

020-130-039

Activity Typo:

B-WEL

PCAS #:

801

Description:

CERTIFICATION OF WATER YIELD IN WATER SCARCE AREAS

Owr er:

BROWN NANCIE

1 ELIZABETH CIR

GREENBRAE CA 94904

Applicant:

WEEKS DRILLING & PUMP CO INC

PO BOX 176

SEBASTOPOL CA

95473-0176 707 542 3272

Fees:

Description Item#

Account Code

Tot Fee Prev. Pmts Cur. Pmts

396

WELL YIELD REPORT

025015-1343

119.00

.00

.00

\$119.00 \$0.00

Total Fees:

\$119.00

Total Paid:

\$0.00

Balance Due:

\$119.00

Refunds will not be authorized unless circumstances comply with established PRMD refund policy provisions.

When validated below, this is your receipt.

NOT 0 7 2008 PERMIT AND REMOUNTS
MARAGEMENT DEPARTS AND
COLINY OF SONOWA



COUNTY OF SONOMA PERMIT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

2550 Ventura Avenue, Santa Rosa, CA 95403-2829 (707) 565-1900 FAX (707) 565-1103

CERTIFICATION OF WATER YIELD IN WATER SCARCE AREAS The Permit and Resource Management Department shall be notified 24 hours in advance of this test

Water Yield # WOLD8 - 0533

F:\WLS-D10 Carification of Water Yield in Water Scarce Areas,wpd

Well remit # WEL98-0486

I. Individual performing test: _Dave Lowman
II. Type of license/registration, number and expiration date; C-57 / 177681 / 9-30-2010
III. Location of well: Address: 1000 Longhorn Lane, Petaluma A.P. #: 02-130-024
IV. Type and model of test pump: 10LS10 1 Hp Sub
V. Test pump setting depth: 340'
VI. Maximum reported yield for this pump type at this setting: 15
VII. Type of discharge measurement method: Meter & Bucket
VIII. Type and model of flow meter (or provide an accurate description of weir or orifice plate):
3/4" Precision Meter & Measured 5 Gallon Bucket
Geographic coordinates (Plane Coordinate Method or distance from fixed landmarks): Lat: 38* 11,595N / Long: 122* 39,184W
IX. Estimated elevation of well head: GPS Elevation 573'
X. Initial static water level (include measuring points such as top of casing, surface seal, access port): 179' 5" from top of well
seal. 5" Pvc casing is 13" above ground level.
XI. Date & time of initial static water level measurement 10 /29/08 4:40am a.m./p.m.
A. Discharge Rate; 6.09
B. Dynamic Water Level: 181'
C. Specific Capacity: 4.06 D. Pump Test duration: 11 hours 5 minutes
XII. Immediately after the test take the following measurements:
A. Dynamic water level; N/A B. Final disch. he rate: 6.09
XIII. Post - Test Measurement:
A. Dynamic water level: N/A
B. Static water level: 179' 5" C. Percentage of recovery or final static level: 100%
Testing performed by (signature): Vaul Lowman.
Date: 10/29/08 Company: Weeks Drilling & Pump Co. Phone Number: (707) 542-3272
Approved Denied Specialist Date 11-17 28

Calculation of Well Recovery

(Worksheet example taken from PRMD No. 9-2-28)

- 1. Determine the water level draw down by subtracting the initial static water level measurement from the stabilized pumping level. Record this result as the well draw down.
- 2. Next determine the water level recovery by subtracting the post test (within 72 hours) static water level from the stabilized dynamic pumping level. Record this result as the well recovery.
- 3. Next determine the percent recovery of the well. Divide the water level recovery by the water level draw down and multiply by 100. Record this result as the percent well recovery.

Example:

a.	Iritial static water level:	179' 5"	(measured value)
ъ.	*Post test static water level:	179' 5"	(measured value)
b.1.	Time (hours) of measurement:	1Hr 20Min	(within 72 hours)
c.	**Stabilized pumping level:	181'	(measured value)
d.	Draw down!	1" 5"	(calculate by subtracting A from C)
e,	Recovery:	(* 5"	(calculate by subtracting B from C)
f.	Percent recovery:	100%	(calculate by dividing E by D and multiplying result by 100)

Well percent recovery (F) must be 90% or greater within a 72 hour period.

^{*} The static water level after 72 hours or less post pump test.

^{**} Kleinfelder refers to this as the dynamic pumping level.

c/o David Bugler Nancie Brown

Pull down & 3 Hour Stabilization
Well Pump Test Data Recordation

w/o 151596

Δ	Co	70		e	
	uu	11 6	J	J	

Date	Time	Interval	SWL	GPM	Comments	
10/29/2008	4:50	1 Min	179' 5"	14.8		
	4:51	1 Min	181'	14.8		
	4:52	1 Min	182'	14.8		
	4:53	1 Min	182' 3"	14.8		
	4:54	1 Min	182' 3"	14.8		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.07	. 1 37411	102 0	17.0		
Start 3 Hr	4.55	5 Min	181'	6.4		
Otalitain	5:00	5 Min	181'	6.4		
- ·	5:05	9 Min	181'	6.4	*	3
	5:10	5 Min	181'	6.4		•
	5:15	5 Min	181'	6.4		
	5:20	5 Min	181'	6.3		
The st	5:25	5 Min	181'	6.3		
	5:30	6 Min	181'	6.3		
	5:35	5 Min	181	6.3		
	5:40	5 Min	181'	6.3		15 G
	5:45	5 Min	181'	6.3		
, -	5;50	5 Min	181'	3.3		
						11 A . A . M.
1 Hr	5:55	20 Min	181'	6.3		
	6:15	20 Min	18/1'	6.3		
	6:35	20 Min	181'	6.3		
			- 1271			
2 Hr	6:50	30 Min	181'	6.3		
31	7:25	30 Min	121'	6.3		
3Hr	7:55	30 Min	181'	6.3		ه مسجودت
		30 Min	End 3 Hr	stabilization		
	1	30 Min				
		30 Min				200
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		30 Min				
T. C.		30 Min				
	s 51	30 Min				
		30 Min			N 9	700a - Serie 20 of 10 of 10 of 10
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		72 Hrs.				
		1 4 4 1 11 3 4		4 K K W	20 74 74 10 70 07 07 10 200074	

c/o David Burgler

8 Hour Certified Well Test

W/0 151506

Address:		Well Pump Test Data Recordation				
	rn Lane, Pe	talunia		¥	# 1 <u>0</u>	10
Date	'i'ime	Interval	SWL	GPM	Comments	
0/29/2008	7:55	1 Min	181'	6.3	la il il	
	7:56	1 Min	181'	6.3		
	7:57	1 Min	181'	6,3		1
1.	7;58	1 Min	181'	6.3		3
1. 1.	7;59	1 Min	181'	F 3		
					1	
	8:00	5 Min	181'	6.3	in the second se	
	8:05	£ Min	181'	6.3		7
	8:10	5 Min	181'	6.3		
	8:15	5 Min	181'	6.3		
	8:20	5 Min	181'	6.3		
	8:25	5 Min	1811	6.3		
	8:30	5 Min	181	6.3		
	8:35	5 Min	181'	6.3		
	8:40	5 M' 1	181'	6.3	a.5	
	8:45	5 Min	181'	6.0		
	8:50	5 Min	181'	6,3		7.2
1 Hr	8:55	5 Min	181'	6.3		
-	9:00	20 Min	181'	6.3		
	9:20	20 Min	181'	6.3		
	9:40	20 Min	181'	6.09		
2 Hr	10:00	30 Min	181'	6.09	بغديته الرحد للمشاسسية	
	10:30	30 Min	18.7	6.09		
3 Hr	11:00	30 Min	181	6.09		
	11:30	30 Min	181'	3.09		
4 Hir	12:00	30 Min	181'	6.09		
	12:30	30 Min	1811	6.09		
5 Hr	1:00	30 Min	181'	6.09		
	1:30	30 Min	181'	6.09		-
6 Hr	2:00	30 Min	181'	6.09		
1	2:30	30 Min	181'	6.09		
7 Hr	3:00	30 Min	181'	6.09		
,,,,,,,,	3:30	30 Min	181'	6.09		-
8 H.:s	3:55	30 Min	181'	6.09		
3		30 Min	End 8 Hr		Recovery	
		30 Min				
	5:15	30 Min	100%	Recovery in	1 Hour 20 minutes	
		30 Min	1	000 (01) 111	111001 20 11111111100	
		30 Min				
	** ***********************************	30 Min			<u> </u>	
		30 Min	• {			
	- مسمسسست سنت	00 191111	-			

72 L'rs.

PROPERTY INFORMATION

1) Property: 1000 LONGHORN LN, PETALUMA CA 94952 APN: 020-130-024 Card#: Lise: RURAL HOMESITE County: SONOMA, CA Prop Tax: Total Value: \$9,234.60 \$862,920 MapPg/Grid: 485-C6 Old Map: 190-E6 Tax Yuar: 2008 Deling: Land Value: \$510,000 Tract #: Census: 1507.02 Tax Area: 169000 Imprv Value: \$352,920 High School: **PETALUMA** Elem School: UNION Taxable Val: \$862,920 Comm Coll: Assd Year: 2008 SONOMA Exemptions: Subdivision: % Improved: 041% Owner: BROWN NANCIE Phone: Owner Vest: SW / 1 ELIZABETH CIR; GREENBRAE CA 94904-3033 C086 Mall: Owner Transfer = Price: Doc#: Rec Dt: . Type: Sale Dt: SALE & FINANCE INFORMATION **IMPROVEMENTS** LAST SALE PRIOR SALE BldgiLiv Area: 1,806 Recording/Sale Date: 05/23/2008 05/21/2008 09/28/2006 09/14/2006 Gross Area: Sale Price/Type: \$925,900 FULL \$846,000 FULL Ground Fir: 1,132 Bsmnt Area Document #: 48098 119576 \$/SqFt: Deed Type: **GRANT DEED** GRANT DEED YrblVEif: 1981 1st Mtg Ami/Type: \$555,000 CONV \$676,800 CONV 2.00 # Stories: 1st Mtg RUType/Trm: /30 6.25 ADJ Rooms: 5 1st Mtg Lander: Bedrooms: 2 Full/Half Bath: 2 2nd Mtg Amt/Type: 2.00 Ttl Baths/Fixt: 2nd Mlg Rt/Type/Trm: Fireplace: OLD REPUBLIC TITLE Title Company: Pool: Seller: ROSS MICHAEL L & MARYANN Porch Type: New Construction: Patio Type: Other Last Sale Info = # Parcels: Pend: Construct: WOOD FRAME/CB Type 2: Foundation: SITE INFORMATION Ext Wall: # Res. Units: 0051 County Use: Acres: 16.59 Roof Shape: # Comm Units: Zoning: LEA60 Lot Area: 722,660.4 Roof Type: Flood Panel: 0603750970B Lot Width: # Buildinas: 1 Roof Matl: Bldg Class: D070D Panel Date: 06/19/1997 Lot Depth: Floor Type: Flood Zone: Parking Soft: Usable Lot: Floor Cover: Heat Type: Park Spaces: Sewer Type: Heat Fuel: Garage Cap#: Water Type: Air Cond: BUILDING Park Type: Quality: GOOD Other Impvs: Condition! Site influence: Legal Blk/Bldg: Style: Legal Lol/Unit: Amenities: Equipment: Legal: MAP 295 PG 18 LOT 1 Other Rms: DEN;UTILITY ROOM

Weeks. 151596 10/29/08 Nancie Brown 1,000. Longhorn Lane Petaluma Ca Well Location 555 from edge of pavement on Longhorn Lane . G.PS. For 5 bucwell Latitude 38° 11.595 N 1,000 Longitude 122°39, 184W Elevation 573' gate Loughorn Lane SAN ANTONIO NO Petaluma

Department of Consumer Affairs Contractors State License Board

Contractor's License Detail - License # 177681

Welo8-0533

OISCLAIMER: A license status check provides information taken from the CSLB license database. Before relying on this information, you should be aware of the following limitations.

- CSLB complaint disclosure is restricted by law (BSP 7124.6). If this entity is subject to public complaint disclosure, a link for complaint disclosure will appear below. Click on the link or button to obtain complaint and/or legal action is formation.
- ** Per B&P 7071.17, only construction related civil judgments reported to the CSLB are disclosed.
- -> Arbitrations are not listed unless the contractor fails to comply with the terms of the arbitration.
- >> Due to workload, there may be relevant information that has not yet been entered onto the Board's license database.

	and the state of t	
License Number:	177681 Extract Date: 11/07/2008 WEEKS DRILLING AND FUMP CO	tes.
Business Information:	PO BOX 176 SEBASTOPOL, CA 94573-0176	
Entity: !ssue Date:	Business Phone Number: (707) 542-3272 Corporation 08/15/1958	
Expire Date:	09/30/2010	100
License Status:	This license is current and active. Alt information below should be reviewed.	
	CLASS DESCRIPTION	1.0
Classifications:	G21 MACHINERY AND PUMPS C57 WELL DRILLING (WATER)	
	C36 PLUMBING	
13	CONTRACTOR'S BOND	
	This license filed Contractor's Bond number BD7900531128 in the amount of \$12,500 with the bonding company NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.	
s "	Effective Date: 01/01/2007 Contractor's Bonding History	
Bonding:	BOND OF QUALIFYING INDIVIDUAL	
s 9	This license filed Bond of Qualifying Individual number BD7900601(80 for CHRIS ALAN THOMPSON in the amount of \$12,500 with the bonding company NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.	
	E(fective Date: 01/01/2007 BQl's Bonding History	
2	This license filed Bond of Qualifying Individual number BD7900569112 for	

CHARLES FARLEY JUDSON in the amount of \$12,500 with the bonding company NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Effective Date: 01/01/2007 **BQI's Sanding History**

This license has workers compensation insurance with the

ZENITH INSURANCE COMPANY

Policy Number: Z068633803

Workers' Compensation:

Effective Date: 10/01/2008

Expire Date: 10/01/2009 >

Workers' Compensation History

Miscellaneous

DATE

DESCRIPTION

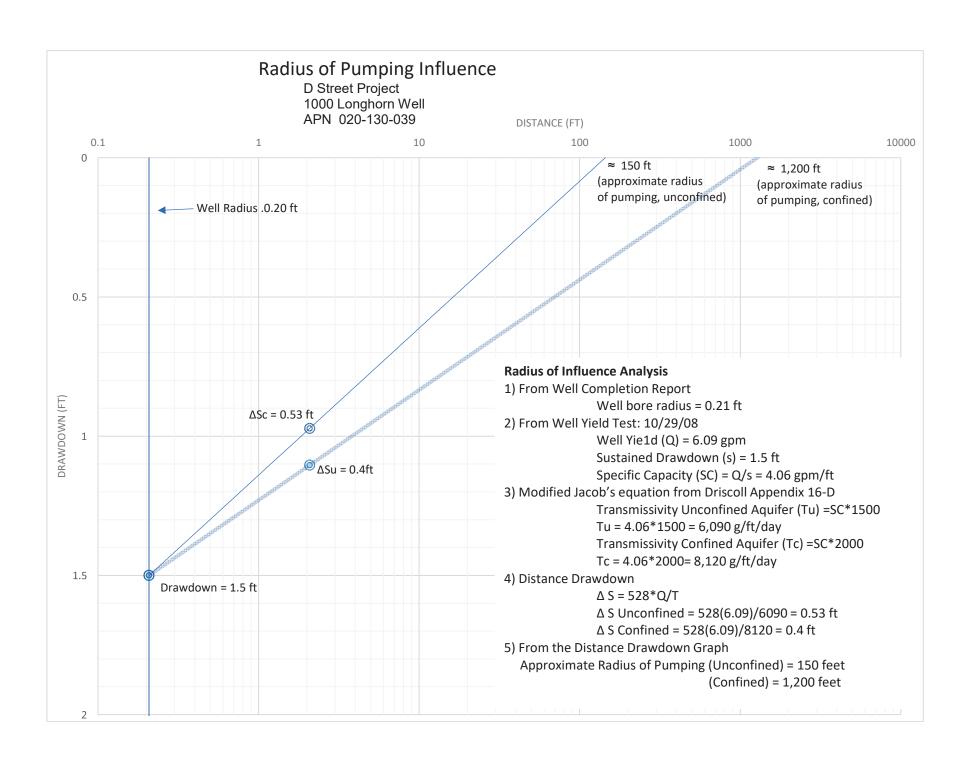
Information:

CLASS A & B CLASS REMOVED

09/29/2000 Personnel listed on this license (current or disassociated) are listed on other licenses

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APPENDIX E RADIUS OF PUMPING INFLUENCE



HYDROGEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT REPORT

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA 94952 APN 020-130-037

Prepared For:

Villa Vanto Farm 4485 D Street Petaluma, California 94952

July 28, 2022

Revised March 15, 2023

Prepared By:

HURVITZ ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INC.

105 Morris Street, Suite 188 Sebastopol, California 95472

Lee S. Hurvitz, PG #7573 CHG #1015 Certified Hydrogeologist





March 15, 2023

Villa Vanto Farm Mario and Katherine Ghilotti 4485 D Street Petaluma, California 94952

RE: Hydrogeologic Assessment Report - Revised

Villa Vanto Farm, 4485 D Street, Petaluma, CA 94952

APN: 020-130-037

Hurvitz Environmental Project No. 5170.01

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Ghilotti:

Hurvitz Environmental Services, Inc. (HES) is pleased to submit this Hydrogeologic Assessment Report (HAR) for the above referenced property. This report is a revision of HES July 28, 2022 HAR that was prepared to address comments made in a January 18, 2023 Letter from Mr. Robert Pennington, Natural Resources Geologist with Permit Sonoma.

This HAR report was prepared in accordance with the Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department (Permit Sonoma) Policy and Procedure Number 8-1-14 and General Plan Policy WR-2e. The purpose of this HAR was to evaluate the aquifer conditions at the site, which is located within a Zone 4 groundwater availability area, and to determine if the proposed groundwater usage will cause overdraft conditions, well interference or impact nearby streamflow.

The quantity of groundwater to be used for the project and within the Cumulative Impact Area compared to the quantity of available groundwater indicates that pumping for the Project is unlikely to result in significant declines in groundwater resources over time. Based on the findings of this report, pumping and groundwater extraction at the Project wells will not significantly impact neighboring wells or near-site stream flow conditions. In addition, based on the relative distance to the coastal areas, the depth of the site well and the proposed water usage rates, salt water intrusion is not considered to be a concern to this Assessment.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide you with these services. Please do not hesitate to contact us at your convenience, should have any questions or comments regarding this report or our recommendations.

Sincerely,

HURVITZ ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE

Lee S. Hurvitz, PG# 7573 CHG #1015 Certified Hydrogeologist



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1.0 INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF SERVICES

Villa Vanto Farm is applying to Sonoma County for approval to develop a small-scale lavender farm and processing facility at the property identified as 4485 D Street, Petaluma, California (the site). We understand the property will also host periodic events that support the agricultural business operations. The site is located within Sonoma County Groundwater Availability Class 4 (Areas with low or highly variable water yield¹). According to Sonoma County General Plan Policy WR-2e, development of property intending to use groundwater within Groundwater Availability Class 4 requires completion of a Hydrogeologic Assessment through the Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department (now referred to as Permit Sonoma).

On behalf of the property owner, Hurvitz Environmental Services (HES) conducted a Hydrogeologic Assessment for the site in accordance with the Permit Sonoma Procedures for Groundwater Analysis and Hydrogeologic Reports (Policy No. 8-1-14).

Policy WR-2e states that procedures for proving adequate groundwater should consider groundwater overdraft, land subsidence, saltwater intrusion, and potential impacts to neighboring wells and nearby creeks. Therefore, this groundwater report includes the following elements:

- Delineation of a Cumulative Impact Area.
- Estimates of existing and future potential water uses within the Cumulative Impact Area.
- Characterization of local hydrogeologic conditions within the site watershed and subbasin.
- Compilation and assessment of Well Completion Reports (drillers' logs) from the area.
- Review of recent Spring Yield Tests performed at one of the on-site horizontal wells.
- Estimates of annual groundwater storage and recharge relative to existing and proposed groundwater uses.
- Assess potential for the project to create salt water intrusion.
- Assess potential for well interference between the project well and neighboring wells and between the project well and nearby streams.

¹ Groundwater Availability Map, Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Division, April 1, 2004

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Site is located at 4485 D Street, in an unincorporated, rural agricultural area of Sonoma County, approximately 2.5 miles southwest of downtown Petaluma, California. (PLATE 1 – SITE LOCATION MAP). The Sonoma County Assessor's Office identified the site as Assessor's Parcel No. (APN) 020-130-037 (PLATE 2 – ASSESSORS PARCEL MAP). The 56.76-acre parcel is zoned as Land Extensive Agriculture (LEA-60). The property is also located in Sonoma County Groundwater Availability Class 4 - Areas with low or highly variable water yield, within the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board. The Site is located outside of the Petaluma Valley Groundwater Basin, a State defined Priority Groundwater Management Basin. The Site is located within the Sonoma County Petaluma Dairy Belt Area, where residential development is mostly associated with agricultural land use.²

The Site features a 950 square foot existing single-family residence, built in 1913, and an existing barn located proximate to D Street near the entrance to the Site as shown on **PLATE 3** – **SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA**. A new 5,020 square foot, 2 story agricultural building is located at the south portion of the Site and immediately south of an existing retention pond. A portion of the Site around the new building is proposed to be farmed for layender.

Most of the Site is pastureland with rolling hills and a northerly flowing creek originating from the pond's spillway. One horizontal domestic water well (Well #1) was recently drilled and completed under Well Permit #WEL22-0063 and a second horizontal well was also installed to replace a former spring onsite under Well Permit #WEL22-0141 (Well #2) as shown on PLATE 3 – SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA. Site photographs are presented in APPENDIX A.

2.1 USGS 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE MAP

HES reviewed the most recent United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute Quadrangle Map, Petaluma, 2018 (**PLATE 4 – TOPOGRAPHIC MAP**)³. The site is a roughly rectangular, 56.76-acre parcel elongated 2,640 feet north to south and approximately 1,320 feet east to west. The site has a high elevation of approximately 510 feet near the southeast corner and a low elevation of approximately 200 feet along the onsite ephemeral drainage as it leaves the site at its northwest corner.

Topography, the site generally slopes from the southeast to northwest however the pond is situated in a saddle between two peaks with runoff flowing to the pond from both the east and west.

_

² The Petaluma Dairy Belt Area Plan priorities are to 1) Preserve and enhance the agricultural resources and protect the agricultural industry in this area, 2) Preserve the area's scenic beauty, 3) Accommodate a variety of rural life styles, and 4) Encourage the development of an adequate transportation network which will accommodate proposed development and projected travel needs, and which will facilitate movement of agricultural products to the market place.

³ USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, National Elevation Dataset, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; U.S. Census Bureau | USGS The National Map: 3D Elevation Program. Data refreshed January 2018. | USGS TNM – National Hydrography Dataset. Data refreshed January 2018.

The \sim 1.6-acre pond onsite overflows on its northwest corner and into an ephemeral drainage that flows northerly across the Site before leaving the Site near the northwest corner. Water from the small creek crosses D Street before coalescing with an unnamed tributary to San Antonio Creek shortly thereafter. The unnamed tributary creek flows southwesterly for approximately 0.8 miles before merging with San Antonio Creek just south of the intersection of San Antonio Road and D Street. San Antonio Creek continues easterly before discharging into the Petaluma River just north of Burdell Island. Several properties near the Site utilize retention ponds for livestock and irrigation and roughly $\frac{1}{2}$ are connected to the San Antonio Creek tributary system.

2.2 HISTORICAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY

HES reviewed aerial photographs from years 1993-2021 depicting the site and vicinity to obtain information about historical development and other surficial features. In 1993, the Site appears to be developed with the same residence and associated outbuildings proximate to D Street, however the new Ag Barn was not constructed until 2021. The pond is present in all photos dating back to 1993. Most of the land in the immediate vicinity of the site is undeveloped grassland. Aside from the 2021 development, the site and site vicinity appear relatively unchanged since 1993.

2.3 NEIGHBORING PROPERTIES

The surrounding land uses are predominantly pasture land, dairy farms and rural residential developments. Tomales Bay and the Pacific Ocean are approximately 18 miles west and the mouth of the Petaluma River at San Pablo Bay is approximately 8.5 miles southeast of the Site. The developed properties are serviced by private septic systems and groundwater wells. The closest retention pond is located several hundred feet north of the Site. Access to neighboring properties is provided from D Street.

2.4 SITE DEVELOPMENT AND WATER USE

The Permit Sonoma records show a 2002 Agricultural Preserve establishment (Type II Williamson Act Contract) for the property. On February 25, 2022, the County issued a well permit (Well22-0063) to install a horizontal well onsite, and currently the Site is in plan check review for a small-scale lavender farm, processing facility and event center (UPE21-0064). An Ag exempt Horse Barn and Ag Barn were also developed in 2021 under permits AEX21-0046 and 0039.

Currently, Villa Vanto Farm is planning to develop the Site for use as a lavender farm, with a small-scale lavender processing facility, farm stand, and periodic event center. We understand that the barn will be used principally for small scale agricultural processing. The building houses processing equipment, a shipping and storage area, a small farm retail sales area, and a business office. The farm plans to begin cultivation of crop plants in the Spring/summer of 2023, with small scale processing of the harvest to occur in the Fall of 2023. The building and outdoor areas developed around the structure, are proposed to be used for periodic restricted non-agricultural promotional events. Up to 25 events annually are proposed.

An existing gravel road provides emergency vehicle access from a driveway at D Street to the project. Site parking, including 5 standard stalls and 1 accessible stall, is provided at the project

site. A new road, under separate Grading Permit, will provide paved access from a new driveway at D Street to the new agricultural building.

The Applicant currently obtains water for the residence from the new horizontal well (Well#2). Water for the proposed farming, processing, and events will come from the new horizontal well identified as Well #1 which was installed proximate to the processing barn as shown on PLATE 3 – SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA. The applicant also plans to install 50,000 gallons in water storage onsite to serve as the primary water storage and distribution system for the commercial operations proposed onsite.

2.4.1 Water Use for Lavender Farming

The Applicant plans to grow approximately 6.12-acres of lavender plants for the purpose of harvesting and processing oils. We understand that established lavender plants rarely need watering but that some irrigation is required during the first two years after planting. Water use for lavender farming varies based on soil types and climates and it is estimated that for the west Petaluma region the watering frequency will only be once a week during the summer months. The applicant plans to use drip irrigation to irrigate the lavender and irrigation water will come from the new horizontal well (Well#1) and proposed water storage tanks. Estimates for water use for the first two years of farm operation are presented below.

15,000 (estimated lavender plants on 6.12-acres) x 8 (weeks of summer irrigation) x 1/2-gallon/plant/week (irrigation rate) = 60,000 gallons/year = Annual Lavender Farming Water Use during First 2-years

In addition, the project may require an average of two farm workers for 6-months a year. The established Napa County Water Availability Analysis methods specify annual domestic water use for workers at 15 gallons per day per worker. So, for this assessment we used the Napa County water use criteria to estimate the annual domestic water use at the Site as follows:

2 (average employees) x 15 gallons/day (employee water usage) x 180 days/year = 5,400 gallons/year = Annual Onsite Farm Worker Water Use

So, 60,000-gallons/year (Irrigation Water Use) + 5,400 gallons/year (Worker Water Use) = 65,400 gallons/year = Annual Water Use for Lavender Farming and Farm Workers

The Applicant is also developing plans to implement water conservation methods including rainwater catchment. Details on the sites proposed water conservation practices are presented in **Section 2.4.8** of this HAR. Based on the relatively low quantity of groundwater usage anticipated for the Project, there is the potential to significantly offset the Projects groundwater usage with captured rainwater.

⁴ Water Availability Analysis (WAA) Guidance Document, Napa County, Adopted May 12, 2015.

2.4.2 Water Use for Lavender Processing

The applicant plans to harvest and process the lavender plants twice each year. According to the applicant, the lavender processing equipment will require 12,000 gallons/harvest. Therefore, based on these estimates we can calculate the annual water use associated with lavender processing onsite.

2 (lavender harvest/year) x 12,000 gallons (water use per lavender harvest) = **24,000 gallons year** = **Annual Lavender Processing Water Use**

2.4.3 Event Center Water Use

We understand that the applicant plans on periodically hosting events at the Site (25 events/year). The following types of promotional events are proposed annually:

- 15 Private Parties, Reunions, Weddings (80-200 attendees)
- 10 Customer, Educational, Marketing, Farm to Table Events (40 -120 attendees)
- 2 Charity Fundraising Events (50-150 attendees)
- 1 Industry related event (40-120 attendees)

Adobe and Associates Inc., of Santa Rosa, CA has been designing the site's septic system for the project Applicant and has therefore already calculated a water use rate for the events planned at the Site. We have reviewed the estimates which were based on the Sonoma County's Onsite Wastewater Treatment Manual and we found them to be reliable. Therefore, based on the Applicants' planned event schedule above, and the Adobe and Associates estimates, the following annual water use is anticipated for the proposed events onsite.

200 people (guests per event) x 7.05 gallons/guest + 2 (full-time employees) x 15 gallons/day + 8 (part-time employees) x 7.5 gallons/day = 1,500 Gallons per Event So.

1,500 gallons/event x 25 events/year = 37,500 gallons = Annual Water Use for Events

2.4.4 Landscaping

As part of the site development the Applicant will plant and irrigate grass on either aside of the proposed agricultural building totaling approximately 0.1 acres. In addition to the irrigated lawns, the Applicant will have other landscaping placed around the agricultural building including ornamental grasses, shrubs, olive trees and Crape myrtles. A landscape irrigation plan for the proposed project was prepared by Totem Landscaping Servies of Sonoma, Ca and it was determined that a total 246,324 gallons/year will be required for landscape irrigation (Appendix B). A general breakdown of the landscape irrigation is presented below.

So,

168,792 gallons/year (irrigated lawns) + 67,548 gallons/year (shrubs, ornamentals, etc.) + 9,984 gallons/year (trees) =

246,324 gallons/year or 0.76 acre-feet/year = Total Water Use for Landscaping

2.4.5 Livestock Water Use

Historically this property has been used to run beef and dairy cattle. Water for the cattle has historically come from either the pond onsite or the former residential spring which has since been converted into a horizontal well (Well #2). The farm has averaged 50 head of cattle, with water consumption of 1,300 gallons/day or 26 gallons/head of cattle. Beef and dairy products have been consistently phasing out of business in Sonoma County and California for the last 20 years. Villa Vanto is reducing the number of cattle to 10 head to offset water use needed to support the lavender operations. Therefore, based on the water estimates provided above the annual water use for cattle can be estimated as shown.

10 (proposed cattle onsite) x 26 gallons (average daily water use per cow) x 365 days = 94,900 gallons/year = Annual Water Use for Cattle

While the Applicant still plans to use 94,000-gallons/year for cattle operations, it should be noted that the reduction of 40-cows onsite will in turn reduce the Site's overall water usage by 379,600 gallons/year or 1,040-gallons/day. This water can now be allocated to other proposed Site operations without increasing the overall water usage.

2.4.6 On-site Domestic Water Use

Domestic water use at the site consists of one residential dwelling. According to the USGS, the average person within the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed uses 0.19 acre-feet/year for domestic purposes⁵. In addition, the United States Census Bureau reported in 2010 that the average household in Sonoma County has 2.55 residents⁶. Therefore, for this assessment we used a conservative number of three residents per household and assumed that each person uses 0.19 acrefeet of groundwater per year. With only one on-site dwelling, we estimate that three residents live. or will live on- site. With this data we calculated the following domestic water usage.

3 (residents at site) x 0.19 acre-feet/year (annual water use/resident) = 0.57 acre-feet/year or 185,735 gallons/year = Annual Residential Water Demand

All residential water is supplied from groundwater obtained from Sites horizontal Well #2.

2.4.7 Total Site Water Use

Therefore, the Annual Total Site Water Use is estimated by combining annual Site project water use from Well #1, with the livestock water use and the domestic water use from Well #2. In addition, we can apply the reduction in cattle water use to the overall project to further evaluate the potential impact.

65,400 gallons/year (Lavender Farming) + 24,000 gallons/year (Lavender Processing) + 37,500 gallons/year (Event Center) + 246,324 gallons/year (Landscaping) =

373,224 gallons or 1.15 acre-feet/year = Total Annual Project Water Use (Well #1)

⁵ Santa Rosa Plain Groundwater Management Plan, Sonoma County Water Agency and USGS, 2014.

⁶ http://www.bayareacensus.ca.gov/counties/SonomaCounty.html

373,224 (project water use) + 94,900 gallons/year (Cattle) + 185,735 gallons/year (Domestic Water Use) =

653,859 gallons/year or 2.01 acre-feet/year = Total Site Water Use (Well #1 & Well #2)

The anticipated monthly Site Water Use is summarized below in **TABLE 1**.

TABLE 1 – ESTIMATED ANNUAL SITE WATER USAGE

Source	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Source							-Gallons	S						acre- ft
Lavender Farming/ Employees	0	0	0	0	0	12,000	13,000	14,000	14,000	12,400	0	0	65,400	0.20
Lavender Processing	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,000	0	0	12,000	0	0	24,000	0.07
Event Center	1,500	1,500	3,500	3,500	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	2,000	1,500	37,500	0.12
Landscape Irrigation	0	0	0	0	38,000	42,000	44,000	44,000	42,000	36,324	0	0	246,324	0.76
Livestock	6,900	7,000	7,500	7,500	8,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	8,000	7,000	7,000	94,900	0.29
Residential	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	16,000	16,000	17,000	16,000	16,000	15,000	14,735	185,735	0.57
TOTAL USAGE	23,400	23,500	26,000	26,000	65,000	83,000	98,000	88,000	85,000	88,724	24,000	23,235	653,859	2.01

The peak water usage for the project including farming, processing, events, and landscaping is expected to occur in July each year with an estimated daily demand of 2,355 gallons/day. Average water use for the project during the entire year is expected to be 1,023 gallons/day.

The applicants plan to reduce the number of cattle onsite by 80% will result in a decrease in water usage of 379,600 gallons/year (1.16 acre-feet/year). Therefore, the estimated net increase to the sites overall water use is approximately 88,524 gallons/year or 0.27 acre-feet/year. Assuming the residential use is constant at 0.57 acre-feet/year the net increase in water use can be calculated as follows:

373,224 gallons/year (project water use) + 94,900 gallons/year (livestock water use) - 379,600 gallons/year (water use reduction from livestock) =

88,524 gallons/year = Net Increase in Groundwater Use Onsite

2.4.8 Water Conservation Methods

The applicant is designing the project facility to utilize a combination of rainwater and groundwater to meet project demands. When available, rainwater will be the primary irrigation water source and groundwater will only be used when rainwater resources are depleted. The proposed rainwater system will capture water from the 5,020 ft² Ag building. The captured

rainwater will be collected from the roof of the Ag building and transferred into onsite storage tanks designated for irrigation.

Mean seasonal precipitation maps from Sonoma County Water Agency⁷ indicate the mean annual rainfall in the Site vicinity is about 30 inches or 2.5-feet/year, (**PLATE 5- Precipitation Map**). Based on the average annual rainfall and the rainwater capture area we have estimated the rainwater capture potential at the site.

2.5 feet (rainfall average) x 0.115-acre (rainfall capture area) x 0.6 (efficiency factor) = 0.173 acre-feet/year or 56,209 gallons/year = Rainwater Capture Potential

⁷ Sonoma County Mean Seasonal Precipitation in Flood Control Design Criteria manual: Plate No. B-3, Sonoma County Water Agency, Revised January 2005.

3.0 CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA

HES reviewed available water well records obtained from Permit Sonoma and California Department of Water Resources (DWR) and assessed information obtained from peer-reviewed scientific publications as referenced in this report to determine an appropriate Cumulative Impact Area (CIA) for the site. HES delineated the Cumulative Impact Area based on known geologic, hydrologic and groundwater characteristics in consultation with Robert Pennington with Permit Sonoma. The total area of the CIA is approximately 300-acres.

HES identified 7 properties in the Cumulative Impact Area including the Site (**TABLE 2**). The CIA includes the entire Site and all or portions of the other 6 properties (**PLATE 4 - SITE PLAN AND CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA**). The property sizes in this CIA are large and range from 12.38 to 172.21 acres with an average size of approximately 61.5 acres. A total of 6 of the 7 CIA properties are developed with residences. There are 6 properties with single family residences, one property with a permitted accessory dwelling unit (ADU), one parcel is permitted for 2 or more residences and one parcel also contains a commercial dairy. One parcel is a large (30.30-acre) undeveloped pasture (APN 020-130-005).

All of the properties in the Cumulative Impact Area properties are zoned as Land Extensive Agriculture (LEA) with 60-acre density. Zoning in this area is unlikely to change significantly so future development is anticipated to be consistent with currently allowed conditions.

All of the 7 properties in the Cumulative Impact Area are listed as in the groundwater availability Class 4 (areas with low or highly variable water yield).

TABLE 2 CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA PROPERTIES

To-					
Item					
1	020-130-037	4485 D St, Petaluma	56.76	LEA 60	Pasture w/ Residence
2	020-130-005	No Address	30.30	LEA 60	Pasture
3	020-130-038	2000 Longhorn Ln, Petaluma	21.51	LEA 60	Rural Res/Single Residence
4	020-130-034	1250 San Antonio Rd, Petaluma	172.21	LEA 60	Rural Res/Single Residence
5	020-130-023	4001 and 4275 D St, Petaluma	122.36	LEA 60	Dairy w/Residence
6	020-130-039	1000 Longhorn Ln Petaluma,	12.38	LEA 60	
7	020-130-026	1500 and 1525 Longhorn Ln Petaluma	14.96	LEA 60	Rural Res/2 or More Residence

3.1 GROUNDWATER USAGE IN CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA

Based on available information including a Google Earth May 2021 aerial photograph⁸, HES estimated the land use acreage within the 300-acre Cumulative Impact Area as follows:

40 acres Oak and riparian woodlands

14 acres Residential use including houses and landscaping (~ 2 acres per residence)

246 acres Livestock grazing pasturelands

The woodlands within the Cumulative Impact Area are situated primarily along the ridges and associated drainages, providing limited but valued privacy between properties so further reduction of existing wooded land may not be feasible or pursued.

3.1.1 Current Domestic Water Demand

According to the USGS, the average person within the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed uses 0.19 acrefeet/year for domestic purposes. In addition, the United States Census Bureau reported in 2010 that the average household in Sonoma County has 2.55 residents⁹. Therefore, for this assessment we used a conservative number of three (3) people at each primary residence and two (2) people at each permitted accessory dwelling units (ADUs) within the CIA with each person using 0.19 acre-feet of water annually.

Therefore, we estimate that 23 residents currently live within the Cumulative Impact Area. With this data we calculated the following domestic water usage.

```
(7 residences x 3 people/residence) + (1 ADU x 2 people/ADU) = 23 people in CIA 23 people x 0.19 acre-feet/year =
```

4.37 acre-feet/year = Annual Residential Groundwater Demand in CIA

This estimate assumes that all residential dwelling water is supplied from groundwater; other sources of water (recycled water, reservoirs or surface water) were not included. This estimate does not include domestic water use for workers.

3.1.2 Future Domestic Water Demand

For future potential groundwater demand we first assume that all properties over 2 acres (5 parcels) that do not currently have ADU's will develop an ADU at some point. We assume that those ADU's will be occupied by two (2) residents each. Accordingly, future potential groundwater demand for domestic purposes is as follows;

5 (additional ADUs) x 2 (residents per dwelling) x 0.19 acre-feet/year = 1.9 acre-feet/year = Future Potential Annual Residential Groundwater Demand in CIA

So, 4.37 (Current Water Demand) + 1.9 (Future Potential Water Demand) =

⁸ Details derived from Google Earth aerial photograph, dated May 2018.

⁹ http://www.bayareacensus.ca.gov/counties/SonomaCounty.html

3.1.3 Current Pasture Land Livestock Water Use

In order to estimate the amount of land that is used for livestock we assumed that all pasture land is either currently used for grazing, or will be used be used for grazing in the future. With an estimated 246-acres of pasture/livestock grazing land within the CIA we can estimate grazing water use using Sonoma County established water usage rates. Sonoma County estimates that the livestock (sheep or cows) water usage rate is 0.05 acre-feet/year/acre¹⁰. Therefore, pasture land annual water usage can be calculated as follows:

246-acres (pastureland acres) x 0.05 acre-feet/acre/year (water usage) = 12.3 acre-feet/year = Current/Future Pasture Grazing Water Demand

Pasture land water use is not expected to change due to zoning as most parcels are part of the Petaluma Dairy Belt Area Plan and many have Williamson Act Contracts¹¹.

It is likely that some of the water for livestock is obtained from ponds on and near the Site. However, for the purpose of this assessment we will assume that all water for livestock is obtained from groundwater.

3.1.4 Total Water Demand in Cumulative Impact Area

Based on the conservative assumptions discussed above, HES estimated Current Annual Groundwater Demand (in acre-feet/year) for the Cumulative Impact Area (excluding the Project):

4.37 acre-feet/year (Current Domestic in CIA, including site) +12.3 acre-feet/year (Pasture Livestock) = **16.67 acre-feet/year = Current Groundwater Demand in CIA**

Based on the conservative assumptions discussed above, HES estimated Future Potential Annual Groundwater Demand for the Cumulative Impact Area as follows:

16.67 acre-feet/year_(existing domestic and pasture) + 1.9 acre-feet/year (Potential Increase in Domestic) = 18.57 acre-feet/year = Future Potential Groundwater Demand in Cumulative Impact Area

The Project's total groundwater demand is 1.15 acre-feet/year; however, it only increases the water demand for the property by 0.27 acre-feet/year_(discussed in Section 2.4.7) due to a decrease in cattle grazing. Therefore, the increased water demand of 0.27 acre-feet/year increases the current total water demand within the CIA (16.67 acre-ft/year) by 1.6% and increases the future potential groundwater demand (18.57 acre-ft/year) by 1.5%.

A breakdown of water usage within the Cumulative Impact Area is presented below on **TABLE 3**.

-

¹⁰ Permit Sonoma 8-2-1 Water Supply, Use and Conservation Assessment Guidelines version 1/7/2020

¹¹ Permit Sonoma GIS Online Service Map Gallery, Williamson Act Land Contracts Data 2017

TABLE 3 – ESTIMATED WATER USAGE IN CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA

Groundwater Uses	Number of uses	Rate of Use	Annual Water Use (acre-feet)/year
Current Water Use			
7 Residences	3 people/residence = 21 residents	0.19 acre-ft/ resident	3.99
1 ADU	2 people/ADU = 2 residents	0.19 acre-ft/ resident	0.38
Pasture/Livestock	246 acres of pastures	0.05 acre-ft/ acre	12.3
Total Estimated Curren	16.67		
Future Potential Water			
5 Potential New ADUs within CIA	2 people/ADU = 10 new residents	0.19 acre-ft/ resident	1.9
Additional Annual Project Water Usages	Irrigation, Processing, Events, landscaping Employees	0.27 acre-ft	0.27
Future Potential Water	Usage	Existing Without Project	18.57
		Future With Project	18.84

Note: Projected water usage for lavender farming provided by the property owner and estimates on household domestic water use are based on 2014 USGS study of the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed and 2020 Census Data for Sonoma County.

4.0 HYDROGEOLOGICAL CONDITIONS

The site is located outside and west of the Petaluma Valley and within the northwest trending structural province of the Coast Ranges of northern California. The regional structure consists primarily of northwest-trending folds and a few major faults, the most prominent of which is the San Andreas fault, a right-lateral fault, about 12 miles west of the site. The Petaluma Valley occupies a northwest-trending structural depression in the southern part of the Coast Ranges of northern California. This depression divides the Mendocino Range on the west from the Mayacamas and Sonoma Mountains on the east. West of the southern end of Petaluma Valley are the Marin Mountains, in which Burdell Mountain, immediately adjacent to the Valley, rises to an altitude of 1,560 feet.

The 2002 Geologic Map of the Petaluma 7.5 Quadrangle¹², shows the site underlain by the Franciscan Assemblage (Jurassic-Cretaceous), a tectonic mixture consisting predominantly of a matrix of sheared greywacke and shale and to a lesser extent serpentinite enclosing blocks of less sheared greywacke and greywacke interbedded with shale. The unit is characterized by hard, resistant tectonic blocks of chert, greenstone, and exotic high grade metamorphic rocks. Native sediment and rock underlying the site consist light brown sandstone, and dark serpentinite **PLATE 6 – GEOLOGIC MAP**

4.1 PROJECT WATERSHED

According to www.ecoatlas.com¹³ the project site is located within the San Pablo Bay Hydrologic Region Cataloging Unit (HUC-8), the Petaluma River-Frontal San Pablo Bay Estuaries Watershed Region (HUC-10), and the San Antonio Creek Sub-Watershed (HUC-12 180500020602). Most of the land in the area is open grass land with wooded areas primarily along the ridge tops and the surface water drainages. Drainage at the site moves from the uplands on the southwest and southeast sides of the site north toward unnamed tributaries to San Antonio Creek as shown on **PLATE 4 – TOPOGRAPHIC MAP**. San Antonio Creek is the primary drainage of the area, flowing east to the Petaluma River, which drains into the north end of San Pablo Bay.

4.2 DOMESTIC WELL INFORMATION

HES performed a domestic well search through the Department of Water Resources and Permit Sonoma to identify Well Completion Reports proximate the Site. Through this research, HES identified domestic well log information for six (6) properties within or near the Cumulative Impact Area, (TABLE 4). Available well logs are included in APPENDIX C.

¹² Geologic Map of Petaluma 7.5' Quadrangle Sonoma and Marin Counties, California: A digital Database Version 1.0, California Department of Conservation California Geological Survey, 2002.

¹³ www.ecoatlas.org, EcoAtlas has been developed through funding from the US Environmental Protection Agency and the California State Water Resources Control Board.

TABLE 4 WELL INVENTORY

APN or Address/ Well Number	Date Installed	Distance to Site Well (Feet)	Surface Elevation (Feet- MSL)	Total Well Depth (Feet)	Screen Interval (Feet)	Elevation of top of screen (Feet) MSL	Total Screen Thickness (Feet)	Well Yield (GPM)	Draw- down (Feet)	Specific Capacity	Map ID
020-130-037 / 003391	2022	0	315	170 horizontal	20-170	315	150	2.5	NA	NA	Site well#1
020-130-037 / 003399	2022	0	345	400 horizontal	20-400	345	380	2.5	NA	NA	Site well#2
020-130-038 (25)/ 468271	1996	1,111	580	340	208-328	372	120	45	NA	NA	1
020-130-039 (24)/ 704187	1998	1,300	530	380	130-330	400	200	6.09	1.5	4.06	2
020-130-026/ 815269	2002	1,517	500	420	160-420	340	260	2	380	0.005	3
020-130-023/ 79226	2002	2,000	265	535	235-535	30	300	27	178	0.15	4
020-130-021/ 235121	1982	2,700	180	41	0-41	180	41	1	40	0.025	5A
020-130-021/ 14978	1954	2,700	180	54	29-49	151	20	40	NA	NA	5B
020-130-019	2006	~3,000	165	640	130-435	35	565	4	530	0.007	6
Average Well TD = 344						ge Screen ess = 218	Average	Specific 0.84	Capacity =		

Feet-MSL = elevation in feet relative to mean sea level

Review of the Well Completion Reports for 7 wells near the Site indicates that water is either encountered very shallow (<50 feet below grade) or relatively deep (>460 feet below grade) depending on location. This type of setting is typical for Bedrock aquifers where both perched conditions and deep fracture zone aquifers exist. Rock types encountered in the boring logs consisted of greenstone, shale and chert which is consistent with the rock units in the Franciscan Formation. Well yields for the seven wells surrounding the site ranged from 1 to 45 gallons per minute (gpm).

4.2.1 Site Well Yield Test

HES performed a certified dry season spring yield test on the new horizontal well slated for use on the project (Site Well #1). The results of the well yield testing indicated that the sustained dry season yield from the project well is approximately 1.5 gpm. The results of the spring yield test were presented to Permit Sonoma's Well and Septic Department and are also attached to this Report in **Appendix D – Spring Yield Test.** The initial yield testing performed by HES in April of 2022 reported that the projects primary horizontal well (Well #1) produced ~5 gpm.

Based on the site water usage rates presented in Section 2.4 of this Assessment Report, the site will require approximately 2,355 gallons per day to meet peak demands. This water usage rate is equivalent to \sim 1.64 gpm, 24-hours/day. Based on initial yield test results from April 2022, and the dry season yield test results from July 2022, it is anticipated that Site Well #1, in conjunction

with captured rainwater and stored groundwater, will meet the minimum flow rate necessary to provide for the Projects anticipated peak water use. The Project applicant plans to install 50,000-gallons in groundwater storage as well as additional rainwater storage tanks at the Site which will be used as needed to supplement the dry season water demands, as necessary.

4.2.2 Potential Impacts to Streams and Neighboring Wells

Three (3) groundwater wells were identified within approximately 1,500 feet from the Site (identified as off-site wells #1, #2 and #3 on **Plate 3 and Table 4**). These wells are all located between approximately 500 to 580 feet above MSL and the top of the well screens range from 340 to 400 feet above MSL. Site Well #1 is located at 315 feet above MSL which indicates that site well is screened within a similar a water bearing zone as the off-site wells #1, #2 and #3.

A pumping test was conducted at domestic well 2 (APN 020-130-039) on October 29, 2008 by Weeks Drilling and Pump, the test data is included in **Appendix D**. The well was pumped at 6.09 gallons per minute for 8 hours and the water levels stabilized with 1.5 feet of drawdown. From this data a Specific Capacity of 4.06 can be calculated. Using the specific capacity data, and general relationships discussed in Driscoll (1986)¹⁴, we estimated the wells lateral pumping influence.

To develop the slope of the drawdown curve from the pumping well, the value of Δs (drawdown over one log graph cycle) was calculated for a distance-drawdown relationship, where $T = 528Q/\Delta s^{-15}$. Using this equation and applying it to the site, we calculated a radius of pumping influence (ROI) extending approximately 150 to 1,200 feet from domestic well 2 as shown on the distance drawdown plot for an unconfined aquifer **Appendix E - Radius of Pumping Influence**.

The closest offsite well to Site Well #1 is approximately 1,111 feet to the west (off-site well #1). If we subtract 170 feet from that distance to account for the end of the horizontal well, then the Site Well #1 terminus is approximately 941 feet from off-site well #1 and 1,130 feet from off-site well #2. This indicates that there is some potential for the overlap however the drawdown observed from the well yield test on the off-site well #2 (1.5 feet) would be insignificant at that distance. This indicates the off-site wells #1, #2 and #3 would not likely to be affected by pumping at the Site Well #1.

However, Site Well #1 will be discharging continuously throughout the year and once the proposed 50,000-gallons in water storage is full the well will discharge directly to the onsite pond. This process could create a scenario where the relatively thin seam that the horizontal well taps is dewatered annually. But since the water captured by the horizontal well occurs entirely within the Site boundaries, and the ROI of the nearby well is 1200 feet (maximum) the continuous discharge at Site Well #1 is not anticipated to significantly affect water levels in the nearby site wells.

¹⁵Groundwater and Wells, Second Edition, Fletcher G. Discoll, 1986, published by Johnson Division, St. Paul Minnesota, 1089p. (Equation 9.11)

¹⁴ Groundwater and Wells, Second Edition, Fletcher G. Discoll, 1986, published by Johnson Division, St. Paul Minnesota, 1089p.

If at some point in the future it is determined that the continuous discharge of the Site Well #1 is dewatering the site aquifer and limiting water availability onsite, the applicant can consider pumping the excess water back up the hill onsite and into a drainage swale or infiltration trench where the water can percolate back into the well over time. This practice would create an artificial groundwater recharge basin that could replace a significant portion of the water lost.

As discussed, the Site Well #1 will discharge directly to the onsite pond once the storage tanks are full. The pond will then overflow to the onsite drainage creek at a rate that will be equal to the sum of the wells production, minus the sites water usage. This system will help to sustain a flow of water downstream during the spring and will allow for the pond to remain full during the summer and fall. Since unused water from the continuously discharging well will be discharge to the pond, there will be no anticipated decrease in stream flow as a result of the proposed water use.

5.0 WATER BALANCE INFORMATION

The USGS and DWR studies that included the Petaluma area provided water balance information that HES used to assess groundwater sustainability within the Cumulative Impact Area.

5.1 GROUNDWATER STORAGE

HES used well log information from five wells to estimate the aquifer thickness beneath the Cumulative Impact Area. The average screened interval for 5 wells was estimated at 225 feet. A 2013 USGS study in the nearby Santa Rosa Plain estimated the average specific yield of the Santa Rosa region at 5 percent $(0.05)^{16}$. Therefore, using this data the Aquifer Storage can be estimated using the following equation

225 feet (Aquifer Thickness) x 0.05 (Specific Yield) x 300 acres (Cumulative Impact Area) = Estimated Aquifer Storage = 3,375 acre-feet

5.2 PRECIPITATION

Precipitation, primarily as rainfall is the major source of inflow to the Petaluma Valley Watershed. Mean seasonal precipitation maps from Sonoma County Water Agency 17 and various local studies referenced in this report indicate the mean annual rainfall in the site vicinity is about 30 inches per year (about 2.5 feet per year) (PLATE 5 - PRECIPITATION MAP). Precipitation over the Cumulative Impact Area is:

2.5 feet/year (Regional Precipitation) x 300 acres (Cumulative Impact Area) = Precipitation in Cumulative Impact Area = 750 acre-feet/year.

5.3 GROUNDWATER RECHARGE

Groundwater recharge is the replenishment of an aquifer with water from the land surface. It is usually expressed as an average rate of inches of water per year, similar to precipitation. Thus, the volume of recharge is the rate times the land area under consideration times the time period, and is usually expressed as acre-feet per year. In addition to precipitation, other sources of recharge to an aquifer are stream and lake or pond seepage, irrigation return flow (both from canals and fields), inter-aquifer flows, and urban recharge (from water mains, septic tanks, sewers, drainage ditches).

For our defined Cumulative Impact Area, the Franciscan rock aquifer is considered unconfined to semi-confined. The primary sources of groundwater recharge in the Cumulative Impact Area are infiltration of precipitation, infiltration from streams, and irrigation-return flow. Soil types and land cover within the watershed affect the extent and magnitude of storm water runoff

¹⁶ Hydrologic and Geochemical Characterization of the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed, Sonoma County, California, U.S. Geological Survey, Scientific Investigations Report 2013–5118.

¹⁷ Sonoma County Mean Seasonal Precipitation in Flood Control Design Criteria manual: Plate No. B-3, Sonoma County Water Agency, Revised January 2005.

(retention and infiltration). It is likely that a portion of the rain water falling directly on the site infiltrates the ground surface and migrates downward through the soil matrix and until it recharges the fractured rock aquifer.

To estimate the groundwater recharge within the Cumulative Impact Area HES first assumed that the recharge to the aquifer is primarily through rainfall and that all rainfall accumulated within the 300-acre Cumulative Impact Area drains to the creeks proximate to the site. However, this estimate does not account for surface run-off, stream underflow, and evapotranspiration. To estimate the percentage of rainfall that contributes to recharge of the aquifer, HES reviewed available groundwater studies including the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed Groundwater Management Plan, and the USGS Scientific Investigation Report 2006-51157, as well as other regional groundwater studies in Sonoma County. Estimates for recharge found in these documents are considered to be reliable for our site evaluation. Average recharge to the groundwater system for the entire Santa Rosa Plain, including mountainous zones, is derived from an estimated average of 531,000 acre-ft of precipitation falling within the entire watershed. After accounting for runoff (188,400 acre-feet/year) and evapotranspiration (262,000 acre-feet/year), the amount of water available for recharging the Santa Rosa Plain Watershed equates to 80,600 acre-ft/year or approximately 15.2% of the annual rainfall. However significant variations to this value can occur based on topography, soil infiltration rates, geology etc.; and according to these USGS and Sonoma County Water Agency Reports, the long-term average precipitation that recharges groundwater can be as low as 1.67%.

While these USGS studies are not specific to the site vicinity, the average long-term recharge to the aquifer within our defined Cumulative Impact Area likely falls within the ranges seen in the nearby watersheds. HES estimates that only 5% of rainfall likely contributes to groundwater recharge within the Cumulative Impact Area. Based on this recharge value we can re-calculate the groundwater recharge within the Cumulative Impact Area using the following data and equation.

750 acre-feet/year (annual precipitation in CIA) x 0.05 (estimated long term recharge average) = Annual Aquifer Recharge = 37.5 acre-feet/year

6.0 WATER QUALITY

A water quality assessment of the project well was not performed as part of this Hydrogeologic Assessment Report. However, a search for contaminated groundwater sites within 1,000 feet of the site was performed on the States Geotracker Database. No contaminated groundwater sites were identified within 1,000- feet of the site. Water quality assessment testing for bacteria, nitrates, arsenic and other common contaminants may be necessary prior to beginning site operations to ensure potable water is available for onsite farm workers.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Franciscan aquifer beneath the site is generally considered unconfined to semiconfined and recharge to the aquifer likely occurs primarily from rainfall and stream flow in the San Antonio Creek Watershed. The wells identified within the Cumulative Impact Area have an average screened thickness of 225 feet and if extended over the entire 300-acre area produces an estimated total aquifer storage value of 750 acre-feet. Based on annual precipitation and estimated aquifer recharge rates, the annual recharge to the aquifer is estimated to be 37.5-acre-feet. The current annual water demand within the Cumulative Impact Area (including the site), is conservatively estimated to be 16.67 acre-feet. The estimated annual water demand for the proposed Project is 1.15 acre-feet and the total annual site water demand at the site is 2.01 acre-feet (without consideration of the Applicant's livestock reduction and rainwater catchment offset plans). The site relies on ground water captured from horizontal wells and it's likely that these wells intercept water that would typically contribute to recharge of the local aquifer. However, our assessment has determined that the total annual water demand proposed for the site is sustainable based on current and future development within the Cumulative Impact Area. In summary:

3,375.00 acre-feet	Aquifer Storage
37.50 acre-feet	Annual Recharge to Aquifer
16.67 acre-feet	Cumulative Impact Area Current Annual Water Demand
18.57 acre-feet	Cumulative Impact Area Future Potential Annual Water Demand
2.01 acre-feet	Site Total Annual Water Demand (Domestic, Livestock and Project)
1.15 acre-feet	Project Annual Water Demand
1.16 acre-feet	Reduction in Annual Water Use from Cattle
0.17 acre-feet	Rainwater Capture Potential
0.27 acre-feet	Net Increase in Annual Site Water Usage

Based on the conservative assumptions and estimates presented in this report, the quantity of groundwater to be used for the project and within the Cumulative Impact Area compared to the quantity of available groundwater indicates that the proposed water use for the Project is unlikely to result in significant declines in groundwater resources over time. Based on the findings of this report, groundwater extraction at the Project well will not significantly impact neighboring wells or stream flow conditions in nearby creeks. In addition, based on the relative distance to the coastal areas, the depth of the site well and the proposed water usage rates, salt water intrusion is not considered to be a concern to this Assessment.

Based on the assessments made in this report and the comments from the Mr. Robert Pennington at Permit Sonoma, our Project recommendations are presented below.

- Perform a dry season well yield test on Site Well #2 for the purpose of verifying adequate water supply for onsite domestic and livestock purposes.
- Incorporate rainwater catchment into your Project plans as a water conservation practice.
- If necessary, an artificial groundwater recharge basin can be created onsite where excess rainwater and well discharge water can be directed. This practice may help to sustain the well discharge rates during summer and fall.

8.0 LIMITATIONS

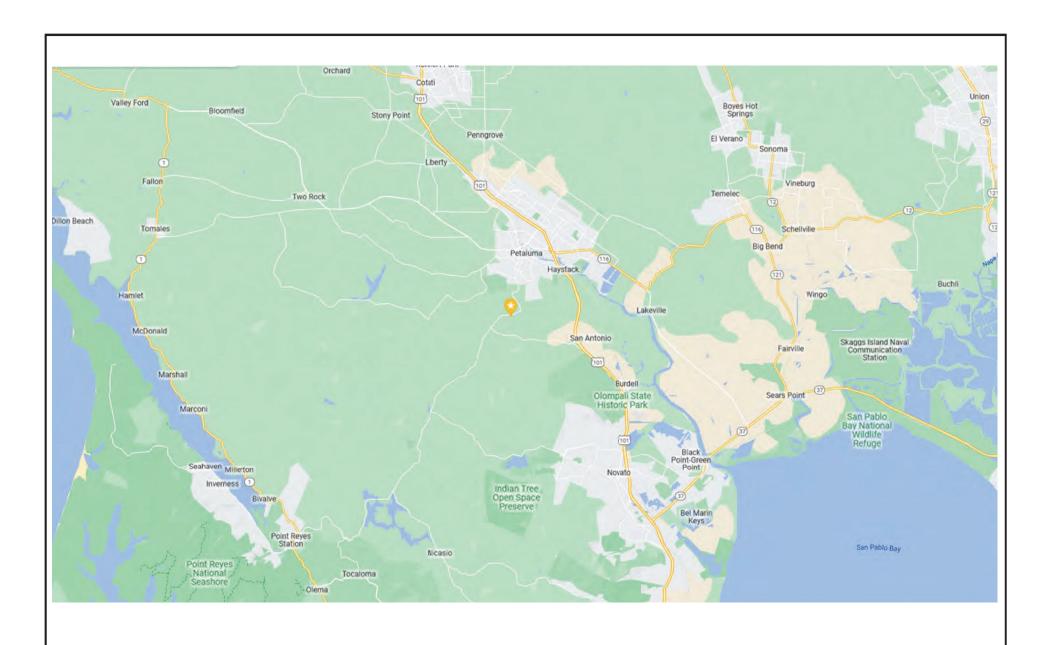
HES is not responsible for the independent conclusions, opinions or recommendations made by others based on the records review, site inspection, field exploration, laboratory test data and interpretations presented in this report.

Groundwater systems of Sonoma County are typically complex, and available data rarely allows for more than general assessment of groundwater conditions and delineation of aquifers. Hydrogeologic interpretations are based on the drillers' reports made available to us through the California Department of Water Resources, available geologic maps and hydrogeologic studies and professional judgment. This analysis is based on limited available data and relies significantly on interpretation of data from disparate sources of disparate quality.

It should be noted that hydro-geological assessments are inherently limited in the sense that conclusions are drawn and recommendations developed from information obtained from limited research and site evaluation. Additionally, the passage of time may result in a change in the environmental characteristics at this site and surrounding properties. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does this warrant operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.

This study is not intended to assess if any soil contamination, waste emplacement, or groundwater contamination exists by subsurface sampling through the completion of soil borings and the installation of monitoring wells. The scope of work, determined by the client, did not include these activities.

This Report is for the exclusive use of Villa Vanto Farm and Mr. and Mrs. Mario and Katherine Ghilotti, their affiliates, designates and assignees and no other party shall have any right to rely on any service provided by Hurvitz Environmental Services without prior written consent.





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FX: 707.824.2675
HURVITZ.ENVIRONMENTAL@GMAIL.COM
CA PG# 7573

SITE LOCATION MAP

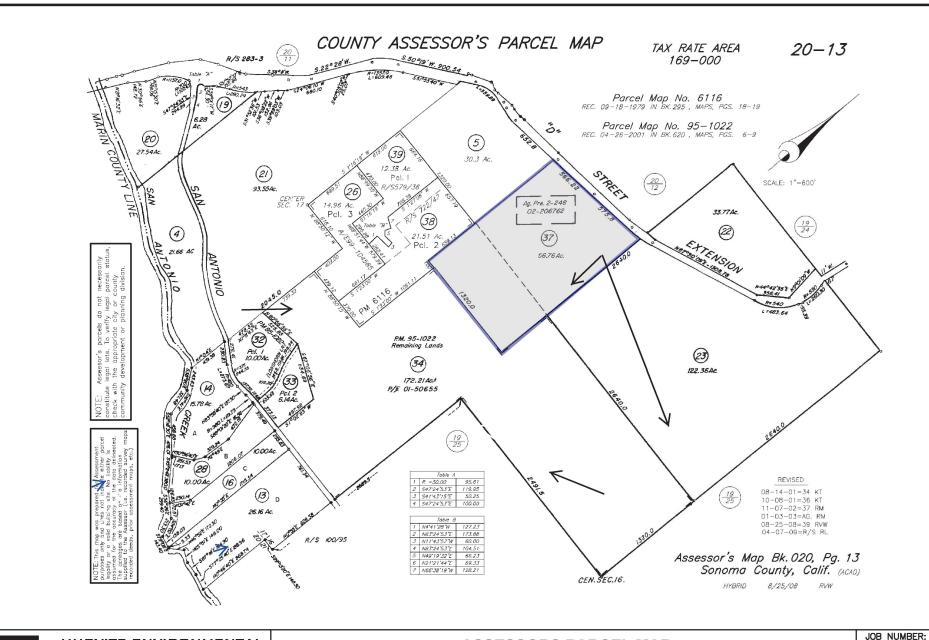
020-130-037

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA

JOB	NUM	BER:	
5	170	01	

DATE: 04/22/22

PLATE:





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ASSESSORS PARCEL MAP

020-130-037 4485 D Street Petaluma, CA

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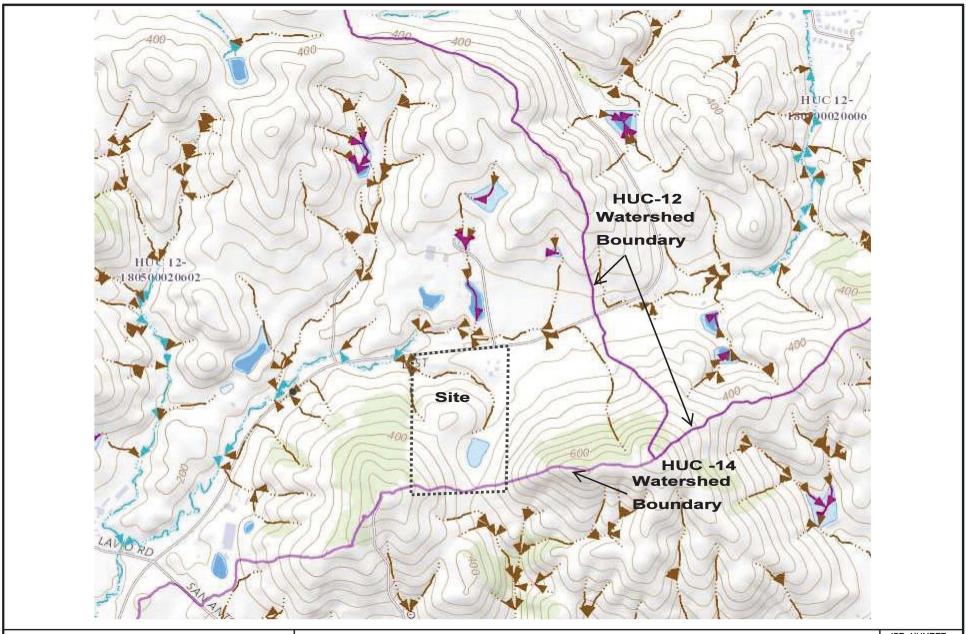
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04/22/22

DATE:





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USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

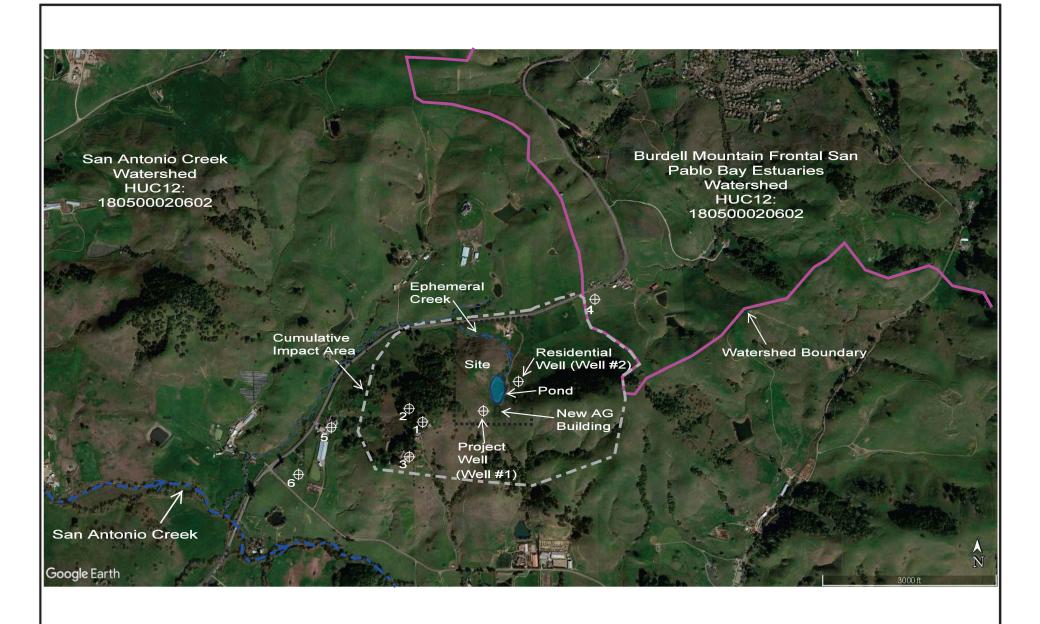
4485 D Street Petaluma, CA

APN: 020-130-037

JOB	NUMBER:	
5	170.01	

DATE: 04/22/22

PLATE:





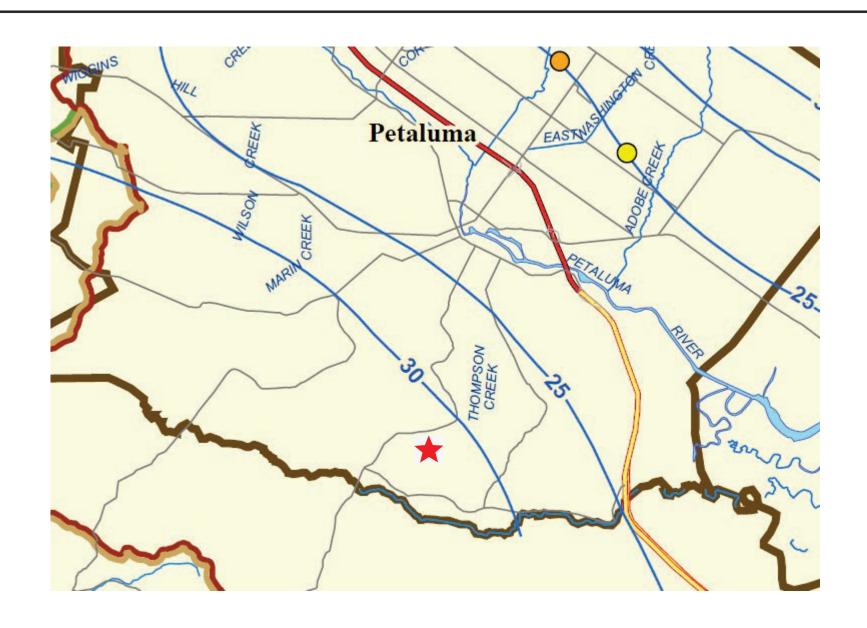
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CA PG# 7573

SITE PLAN, CUMULATIVE IMPACT AREA, & WELLS

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA APN: 020-130-037 JOB NUMBER: 5170.01

DATE: 06/01/22

PLATE:





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RAINFALL MAP

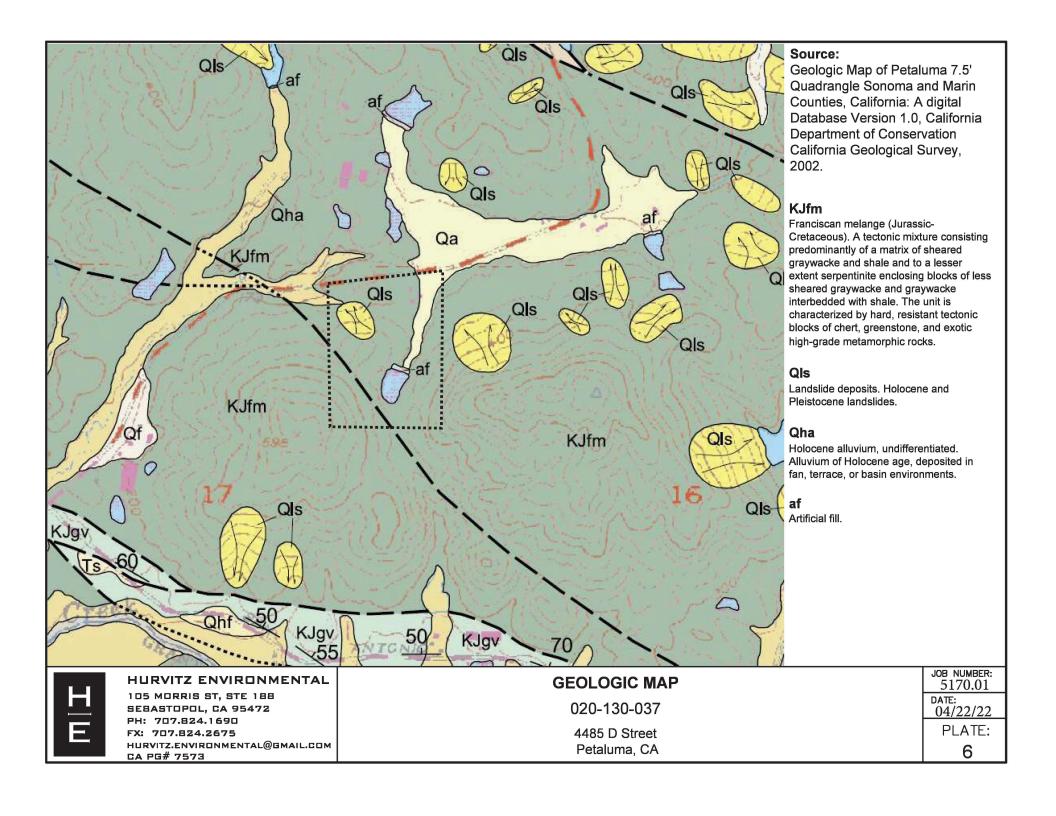
020-130-037

4485 D Street Petaluma, CA

JOB	NUMBER:	
5	170.01	

DATE: 04/22/22

PLATE:



APPENDIX A PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG



Photo 1: View of residence onsite.



Photo 2: View of existing workshop/garage onsite.



Photo 3: View of Project Well (Well #1).



Photo 4: View of new Ag barn and ~1.6 acre pond from the Project Well (Well#1).



Photo 5: View of horizontal well for residence (Well #2).



Photo 6: View of ~1.6-acre pond from Well #2.



Photo 7: View of ephemeral stream with garage and residence in the background from Well #2.



Phot 8: View of ephemeral creek as it flows offsite to the northwest.

APPENDIX B LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION PLAN



Date: 3-7-2023 : Ghilotti 4485 D Street Petaluma, Ca. 94952

To Whom It May Concern:

After reviewing the landscape design and planting plan, as well as working on the property, I have the determined the below numbers to be accurate for daily and annual water use.

Turf area: 4,356sq'

Irrigation Sprinklers: Hunter MP Rotors = 38 MP 2000 @ 0.95GPM = 36.1GPM Irrigation Sprinklers: Hunter MP Rotors = 36 MP 800 @ 0.5GPM = 18GPM Combined Irrigation Sprinklers Total = 54.1GPM

Calculation For Turf = 54.1GPM x 20min/day = 1,082Gal x 3 days a week = 3,246gal/week x 52 weeks = 168,792 Gal/year

Planted area (Ornamental grasses, perennials and shrubs)

Irrigation Emitters = 433 Hunter Woodpeckers @ 2GPH = 866 Gal/Hr

Calculation For Planted Area = 866 Gal/Hr x .5 hrs. x 3 days a week = 1,299 Gal/week x 52 = 67,548 Gal/year.

Trees: Olives and Crape Myrtles

Irrigation Emitters = 128 Hunter Woodpeckers @ 2GPH = 256 Gal/hr

Calculation For Trees = 256 Gal/hr x .75hr x 1 day a week = 192 Gal/week x 52 = 9,984 Gal/year

PO Box 1712 Sonoma, CA 95476 (707) 637-6051 thomas@totemlandscapeservices.com CA Lic# 1048291

Annual Use Irrigation Sprinklers = 168,792 Gallons Irrigation Emitters = 77,532 Gallons Total = 246,324 Gallons

Average Daily Use 246,324/ 182.5 = 1,349 Gal/day

Sincerely,
Thomas Bottari
Owner
Totem Landscape Services LLC : CA Lic# 1048291
707-637-6051
www.totemlandscapeservices.com

APPENDIX C WELL COMPLETION REPORTS

State of California

Well Completion Report Form DWR 188 Submitted 3/7/2023 WCR2023-003399

Owner's We	ell Numbe	er				Date Work	Began			Date W	ork Ended 06/19	0/2022
Local Permi	it Agency	Sonoma	County F	Permit & R	esource Ma	nagement [Departm	ent				
Secondary	Permit A	gency				Permit I	Number	wel22-0189		P	ermit Date 06/06	8/2022
Well Ov	wner (must rem	nain co	nfiden	tial purs	uant to	Wate	r Code 137	52)	Plani	ned Use and	Activity
Name M	1ario Ghil	otti								Activity Ne	w Well	
Mailing Add	dress	4485 D Stre	et						_	Planned Use	Water Supply Ir Landscape	rigation -
City Peta	aluma .					State		Zip 94952				
						Wel	I Loc	ation				
Address	4485 D	ST							APN	02013003	7	
City Pe	etaluma			Zip	94952	County	Sono	ma	Tow	nship 04 N		
Latitude	38	11	36.9185	5 N	Longitude	-122	38	59.8073 W		_		
-	Deg.	Min.	Sec.	_	-	Deg.	Min.	Sec.	Sect			and the second s
Dec. Lat.		884947845			Dec. Long.	-122.649				eline Meridian	Mount Diablo	
Vertical Da		700 10 11 0 10		Ho	rizontal Datu	_			_	und Surface Ele	vation	
	_				Determinati		J-4			ration Accuracy ration Determina	ation Method	
Location A	ccuracy			Method	Determinati				_	adon Betermine	audit iviculou	
		Boreh	ole Inf	ormati	on			Wate	r Lev	el and Yield	d of Complete	ed Well
Orientation	n Horiz	ontal			Spec	ify		Depth to first w	ater	220 (Feet below surface)		
Drilling Me		irect Rotary		Drilling F		-	-11	Depth to Static				
-,,,,,,g,,,,,	_							Water Level		(Feet)	Date Measured	
Total Dept	th of Bori	ng 400			Feet			Estimated Yiel	d*	2.5 (GPM)		Pump
Total Dept	th of Com	pleted Well	400		Feet			Test Length (Hours) Total Drawdown *May not be representative of a well's long term yield.				n (feet)
							I	"May not be re	present	ative of a well's	long term yield.	
					G	eologic	Log	Free Form	1			
Depth for Surfa	ice							Description				
0	50	Soft rock										
50	150	Hard rock										
150	300	Dark green	rock (wat	er at 220f	i)				11-32-31,1-31,			
300	400	Soft white ro	ock									

Form DWR 188 rev. 12/19/2017

Casings										
Casing #		m Surface to Feet	Casing Type	Material	Casings Specifications	Wall Thickness (inches)	Outside Diameter (inches)	Screen Type	Slot Size if any (inches)	Description
1	0	20	Blank	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5			PVC SCH 80
1	20	400	Screen	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5	Milled Slots	0.5	pvc sch 80

			Annular Ma	Annular Material					
Sur	from face to Feet	Fill	Fill Type Details	Filter Pack Size	Description				
0	2	Bentonite	Other Bentonite						
2	20	Cement	Portland Cement/Neat Cement						
20	400	Other Fill	See description.	C	other				

Other Observations:

	E	Boreho	ole Specifications
Depth Surf	face		Borehole Diameter (inches)
0	20	3.75	
20	400	3.75	

	Certification	Statement		
I, the under	signed, certify that this report is complete and ac	curate to the best of my	knowledge a	nd belief
Name	CLEAR HEAF	RT DRILLING INC		
	Person, Firm or Corporation			
555	B W COLLEGE AVENUE	SANTA ROSA	CA	95401
	Address	City	State	Zip
Signed	electronic signature received	03/07/2023	78	30357
	C-57 Licensed Water Well Contractor	Date Signed	C-57 Lice	ense Number

		ים	WR U	se Only				
CSG#	State We	ll Number		Site Code	Local	Local Well Number		
			N			w		
Lat	itude Deg	/Min/Sec		Longitu	de Deg/	Min/Sec		
TRS:								
APN:								

State of California

Well Completion Report Form DWR 188 Submitted 3/7/2023 WCR2023-003391

Owner's Well Numbe	er	Date Work Bega	n	Date Work Ended 04/01/2022
Local Permit Agency	Department of Pu	ublic Health Services - Environmental H	ealth Department	
Secondary Permit A	gency	Permit Numb	er wel22-0063	Permit Date 03/16/2022
Well Owner (must remain co	onfidential pursuant to Wat	er Code 13752)	Planned Use and Activity
Name GHILOTTI	l, Mario Ghilotti			Activity New Well
Mailing Address	4485 D Street			Planned Use Water Supply Irrigation - Landscape
City Petaluma		State	Zip 94952	
		Well Lo	cation	
Address 4485 D	ST		AF	PN 020130037
City Petaluma		Zip 94952 County So	noma To	ownship 04 N
Dec. Lat. 38.1948 Vertical Datum Location Accuracy	11 41.371 Min. Sec. 3253251292	1 N Longitude -122 38 Deg. Min Dec. Long. -122.64745348 Horizontal Datum WGS84 Location Determination Method	Sec. Ba	ange 07 W ection 17 asseline Meridian Mount Diablo round Surface Elevation levation Accuracy levation Determination Method
	Borehole In	formation	Water Le	evel and Yield of Completed Well
Orientation Horiz	zontal Direct Rotary	Specify Drilling Fluid Water	Depth to first water Depth to Static Water Level	(Feet) Date Measured
Total Depth of Borin		Feet Feet	Estimated Yield* Test Length *May not be represe	2.5 (GPM) Test Type Pump (Hours) Total Drawdown entative of a well's long term yield.
		Geologic Log	j - Free Form	
Depth from Surface Feet to Feet			Description	
0 60	Silty brown clay			
60 120	Brown hard rock			
120 170	Light gray rock (water	er found at 120ft)		

Casings Casings										
Casing #		m Surface to Feet	Casing Type	Material	Casings Specifications	Wall Thickness (inches)	Outside Diameter (inches)	Screen Type	Slot Size if any (inches)	Description
1	0	20	Blank	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5	124-90		PVC SCH 80
1	20	170	Screen	PVC	N/A	0.52	1.5	Milled Slots	0.5	pvc sch 40

			Annular Mat	terial	
	from face o Feet	Fill	Fill Type Details	Filter Pack Size	Description
0	2	Bentonite	Other Bentonite		
2	20	Cement	Portland Cement/Neat Cement		
20	170	Other Fill	See description.		other

Other Observations:

	E	Boreho	le Specifications
Depth Surf Feet to			Borehole Diameter (inches)
0	20	3.75	
20	170	3.75	

	Certification	Statement							
I, the under	signed, certify that this report is complete and a	accurate to the best of m	knowledge a	and belief					
Name CLEAR HEART DRILLING INC									
	Person, Firm or Corporation								
555	B W COLLEGE AVENUE	SANTA ROSA	CA	95401					
555	5 B W COLLEGE AVENUE Address	SANTA ROSA City	CA State	95401 Zip					
555 Signed			State						

		D	WR U	se Only			
CSG#	State We	ell Number		Site Code	Local Well Number		
1			N	П		w	
Lat	itude De	g/Min/Se	С	Longitu	de Deg/	/lin/Sec	
TRS:							
APN:							

DUPLICATE DWR USE ONLY - DO NOT FILL IN STATE OF CALIFORNIA Driller's Copy WELL COMPLETION REPORT Page _1 _ of _1 STATE WELL NO /STATION NO Refer to Instruction Pampblet No. 468271 Owner's Well No. _ Date Work Began 6-17-1996 , Ended 6-24-1996 Local Permit Agency Sonoma County Permit No. WEL96-0185 Permit Date ___6-10-1996 - GEOLOGIC LOG -WELL OWNER -ORIENTATION (\angle) X vertical horizontal angle (specify) DEPTH TO FIRST WATER 230 (FL) BELOW SURFACE Tom Gawronski Name ___ 2000 Longhorn Lane Mailing Address DEPTH FROM SURFACE Petaluma DESCRIPTION Ft. to Ft. Describe material, grain size, color, etc. WELL LOCATION -Address _ 0: 180 clay with embedded gravel City ___ 180: 240 sandstone Sonoma County ___ APN Book 020 Page 130 Parcel 025 240 270 dark gray chert 270: 300 Township _____ shale _ Range _ __ Section _ 300: 340 1t. grav chert Latitude | NORTH Longitude | L - LOCATION SKETCH -- ACTIVITY (∠) X NEW WELL MODIFICATION/REPAIR _ Deepen _ Other (Specify) HOUSE DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG" PLANNED USE(S) (上) MONITORING WATER SUPPLY X_ Domestic Public _ Irrigation ___ Industrial "TEST WELL" CATHODIC PROTEC - SOUTH TION OTHER (Specify) Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Landmarks such as Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc.
PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. DRILLING Rotary Air WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH OF STATIC 182 (Ft.) & DATE MEASURED 6-24-96 ESTIMATED YIELD 45 (GPM) & TEST TYPE air lift TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING <u>340</u> TEST LENGTH 2 (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN N/A (Ft.) 328 (Feet) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL _ * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. ANNULAR MATERIAL CASING(S) DEPTH DEPTH BORE-TYPE (∠) FROM SURFACE FROM SURFACE HOLE GAUGE OR WALL THICKNESS SLOT SIZE IF ANY INTERNAL DIA. MATERIAL/ CE- BEN-MENT TONITE FILTER PACK (TYPE/SIZE) DIAMETER FILL (Inches) to Ft. Ft. to Ft. (Inches) (Inches) (\angle) (\angle) 0 23 10 concrete 22 23 340 3 grout 22! 328 pea gravel 208 SDR-21 0: plastic 208 plastic 5 SDR-21 032 - ATTACHMENTS (∠) - CERTIFICATION STATEMENT I, the undersigned, certify that this report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. Geologic Log HUCKFELDT WELL DRILLING NAME (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION) (TYPED OR PRINTED) Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s) 2110 Penny Lane Napa CA _ Soil/Water Chemical Analyses _ Other 6-25-96 439-746

DATE SIGNED

C-57 LICENSE NUMBER

ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. IF IT EXISTS.

File Original, Duplicate and Triplicate with the REGIONAL WATER POLLUTION

WATER WELL DRILLERS REI RT

Sections	7076,	7077,	7078,	Water	Code)
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RECEIVED

OK.	1
X	111/
11	1416

No 14978
Well No. 4N/2007

CONTROL BOARD No. REGIONAL WATER ATTEUTION (Intert appropriate number) CONTROL BOARD #2	CALIFORNIA Other Well No.			
T. 29 1954				
A)	(11) WELL LOG:			
Nan	Total depth 54 ft. Depth of completed well f			
Add	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material, and structure.			
×	5 20 vellow clay			
(2) LOCATION OF WELL:	20 Stavel & Clay			
County SONOMA Owner's number, if any-	50 52 bide sand & graver			
R. F. D. or Street No. 4915 D. St. Ext.				
Petaluma Calif	40 45 blue shale rock 45 54 " " " "			
	TO 04 " " "			
	10. 11			
(3) TYPE OF WORK (check):				
New well Deepening Reconditioning Abandon	a a			
If abandonment, describe material and procedure in Item 11.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	tt ti			
(4) PROPOSED USE (check): (5) EQUIPMENT:	11 11			
Domestic Industrial Municipal Rotary	N 11			
Irrigation Test Well Other Cable Dug Well	** **			
Dug well	11			
(6) CASING INSTALLED: If gravel packed				
SINGLE DOUBLE Gage	и и			
From ft. to 47 ft. 8 Diam. 10 vall of Bore ft.				
A M M M M M				
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				
/4 / 1 / 1 / 1	41 (4			
., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., .	7 41 41			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	41 41			
Type and size of shoe or well ring 8 steel Size of gravel:	11			
Describe joint butt weld				
	44			
(7) PERFORATIONS:	** 41			
Type of perforator used Slots	£€ 1€			
Size of perforations 3/16 in., length, by 4 in.	40 10			
From 29 ft. to 49 ft. Perf. per row 4 Rows per ft.	u u			
- 1	" "			
	tt tt			
(A) 00310TH 110TION	" FOD ACTION			
(8) CONSTRUCTION:	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY			
Was a surface sanitary seal provided? Yes No To what depth ft.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Were any strate sealed against pollution? Yes No If yes, note depth of strate	κι (ι			
From ft. to ft.				
• • •	**			
Method of Sealing	Work started Sept 8-549 , Completed Sept 10-549			
(a) m4 mm * TTT* 0	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:			
(9) WATER LEVELS:	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of			
Depth at which water was first found 22 ft.	my knowledge and belief.			
Standing level before perforating X22XXX 11 ft.	NAME Oberto's Plumbing & Well Drilling			
hding level after perforating 11 ft.	(Person, firm, or corporation) (Typed or printed)			
(1-1) Turney & Principles	Address 421 Washington St			
(10) WELL TESTS:	Petaluma, Calif.			
Was a pump test made? Yes No If yes, by whom?	[SIGNED] Q. Q. Obesto			
Yield: 3출 gal./min. with 40 ft. draw down after 1 bre.	Well Driller			
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes X No	License No. 18xx 81877 Dated 12-8-54 , 19			
Was electric log made of well? Yes No	95689 3-54 50M QUIN ® SPO DWR FORM NO. 246 (REV. 3-54)			